

2,3-OXIDOSQUALENE-LANOSTEROL CYCLASE INHIBITORS

Field of the Invention

[0001] The present invention is concerned with novel aminocyclohexanol derivatives, their manufacture and their use as 2,3-oxidosqualene-lanosterol cyclase inhibiting medicaments.

Background of the Invention

[0002] Causal risk factors that directly promote the development of coronary and peripheral atherosclerosis include elevated low-density lipoprotein cholesterol (LDL-C), low high-density lipoprotein cholesterol (HDL-C), hypertension, cigarette smoking and diabetes mellitus. Other synergistic risk factors include elevated concentrations of triglyceride (TG)-rich lipoproteins, small, dense low-density lipoprotein particles, lipoprotein (a) (Lp(a)), and homocysteine. Predisposing risk factors modify the causal or conditional risk factors and thus affect atherogenesis indirectly. The predisposing risk factors are obesity, physical inactivity, family history of premature CVD, and male sex. The strong connection between coronary heart disease (CHD) and high LDL-C levels in plasma, and the therapeutic advantage of lowering elevated LDL-C levels are now well established (Gotto et al., Circulation 81, 1990, 1721-1733; Stein et al., Nutr. Metab. Cardiovasc. Dis. 2, 1992, 113-156; Illingworth, Med. Clin. North. Am. 84, 2000, 23-42). Cholesterol-rich, sometimes unstable, atherosclerotic plaques lead to the occlusion of blood vessels resulting in an ischemia or an infarct. Studies with respect to primary prophylaxis have shown that a lowering of plasma LDL-C levels in plasma reduces the frequency of non-fatal incidences of CHD, while the overall morbidity remains unchanged. The lowering of plasma LDL-C levels in patients with pre-established CHD (secondary intervention) reduces CHD mortality and morbidity; meta-analysis of different studies shows that this decrease is proportional to the reduction of the LDL-C (Ross et al., Arch. Intern. Med. 159, 1999, 1793-1802).

[0003] The clinical advantage of cholesterol lowering is greater for patients with pre-established CHD than for asymptomatic persons with hypercholesterolemia. According to current guidelines, cholesterol lowering treatment is recommended for patients who had survived a myocardial infarct or patients suffering from angina pectoris or another atherosclerotic disease, with a target LDL-C level of 100 mg/dl.

[0004] Preparations such as bile acid sequestrants, fibrates, nicotinic acid, probucol as well as statins, i.e. HMG-Co-A reductase inhibitors such as simvastatin and atorvastatin, are used for usual standard therapies. The best statins reduce plasma LDL-C effectively by at least 40%, and also plasma triglycerides, a synergistic risk factor, but less effectively. In contrast, fibrates reduce plasma triglycerides effectively, but not LDL-C. Combination of a statin and a fibrate proved to be very efficacious in lowering LDL-C and triglycerides (Ellen and McPherson, J. Cardiol. 81, 1998, 60B-65B), but safety of such a combination remains an issue (Shepherd, Eur. Heart J. 16, 1995, 5-13). A single drug with a mixed profile combining effective lowering of both LDL-C and triglycerides would provide additional clinical benefit to asymptomatic and symptomatic patients.

[0005] In humans, statins are well tolerated at standard dosage, but reductions in non-sterol intermediates in the cholesterol synthesis pathway, such as isoprenoids and coenzyme Q, may be associated with adverse clinical events at high doses (Davignon et al., Can. J. Cardiol. 8, 1992, 843-864; Pederson and Tobert, Drug Safety 14, 1996, 11-24).

[0006] This has stimulated the search for, and development of compounds that inhibit cholesterol biosynthesis, yet act distal to the synthesis of these important, non-sterol intermediates. 2,3-oxidosqualene:lanosterol cyclase (OSC), a microsomal enzyme, represents a unique target for a cholesterol-lowering drug (Morand et al., J. Lipid Res., 38, 1997, 373-390; Mark et al., J. Lipid Res. 37, 1996, 148-158). OSC is downstream of farnesyl-pyrophosphate, beyond the synthesis of isoprenoids and coenzyme Q. In hamsters, pharmacologically active doses of an OSC inhibitor showed no adverse side-effects, in contrast to a statin which reduced food-intake and body weight, and increased plasma bilirubin, liver weight and liver triglyceride content (Morand et al., J. Lipid Res., 38, 1997, 373-390). The compounds described in European Patent Application No. 636

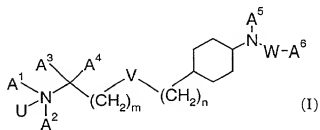
367, which inhibit OSC and which lower the total cholesterol in plasma, belong to these substances.

[0007] OSC inhibition does not trigger the overexpression of HMGR because of an indirect, negative feed-back regulatory mechanism involving the production of 24(S),25-epoxycholesterol (Peffley et al., Biochem. Pharmacol. 56, 1998, 439-449; Nelson et al., J. Biol. Chem. 256, 1981, 1067-1068; Spencer et al., J. Biol. Chem. 260, 1985, 13391-13394; Panini et al., J. Lipid Res. 27, 1986, 1190-1204; Ness et al., Arch. Biochem. Biophys. 308, 1994, 420-425). This negative feed-back regulatory mechanism is fundamental to the concept of OSC inhibition because (i) it potentiates synergistically the primary inhibitory effect with an indirect down-regulation of HMGR, and (ii) it prevents the massive accumulation of the precursor monooxidosqualene in the liver. In addition, 24(S),25-epoxycholesterol was found to be one of the most potent agonists of the nuclear receptor LXR (Janowski et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA, 96, 1999, 266-271). Considering that 24(S),25-epoxycholesterol is a by-product of inhibition of OSC it is hypothesized that the OSC inhibitors could also indirectly activate LXR-dependent pathways such as (i) cholesterol-7 α -hydroxylase to increase the consumption of cholesterol via the bile acid route, (ii) expression of ABC proteins with the potential to stimulate reverse cholesterol transport and increase plasma HDL-C levels (Venkateswaran et al., J. Biol. Chem. 275, 2000, 14700-14707; Costet et al., J. Biol. Chem. June 2000, in press; Ordovas, Nutr Rev 58, 2000, 76-79, Schmitz and Kaminsky, Front Biosci 6, 2001, D505-D514), and/or inhibit intestinal cholesterol absorption (Mangelsdorf, XIIth International Symposium on Atherosclerosis, Stockholm, June 2000). In addition, possible cross talks between fatty acid and cholesterol metabolism mediated by liver LXR have been hypothesized (Tobin et al., Mol. Endocrinol. 14, 2000, 741-752).

Summary of the Invention

[0008] The compounds of the present invention inhibit 2,3-oxidosqualene-lanosterol cyclase (EC 5.4.99.) which is required for the biosynthesis of cholesterol, ergosterol and other sterols.

[0009] In particular, the invention relates to compounds of the formula (I)



wherein

U is O or a lone pair,

V is O, S, -CH₂-, -CH=CH-, or -C≡C-,

W is CO, COO, CONR¹, CSO, CSNR¹, SO₂, or SO₂NR¹,

m and n independently from each other are 0 to 7 and m+n is 0 to 7, with the proviso that m is not 0 if V is O or S,

A¹ is H, lower-alkyl, hydroxy-lower-alkyl, or lower-alkenyl,

A² is lower-alkyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkyl-lower-alkyl, or lower-alkenyl, optionally substituted by R²,

A³ and A⁴ are hydrogen or lower-alkyl, or

A¹ and A² or A¹ and A³ are bonded to each other to form a ring

and -A¹-A²- or -A¹-A³- are lower-alkylene or lower-alkenylene, optionally substituted by R², in which one -CH₂- group of -A¹-A²- or -A¹-A³- can optionally be replaced by NR³, S, or O, or

A³ and A⁴ are bonded to each other to form a ring together with the carbon atom to which they are attached and -A³-A⁴- is -(CH₂)₂₋₅- which can optionally be mono- or multiply-substituted by lower-alkyl,

A⁵ is H, lower-alkyl, lower-alkenyl, or aryl-lower-alkyl,

A⁶ is lower-alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, aryl-lower-alkyl, heteroaryl, heteroaryl-lower-alkyl, lower-alkoxy-carbonyl-lower-alkyl,

R² is hydroxy, hydroxy-lower-alkyl, lower-alkoxy, lower-alkoxycarbonyl, N(R⁴,R⁵), or thio-lower-alkoxy,

R¹, R³, R⁴ and R⁵ independently from each other are hydrogen or lower-alkyl,

and pharmaceutically acceptable salts and/or pharmaceutically acceptable esters thereof.

[0010] The present compounds of formula I inhibit OSC and therefore also inhibit the biosynthesis of cholesterol, ergosterol and other sterols, and reduce the plasma cholesterol levels. They can therefore be used in the therapy and prophylaxis of hypercholesterolemia, hyperlipemia, arteriosclerosis and vascular diseases in general. Furthermore, they can be used in the therapy and/or prevention of mycoses, parasite infections, gallstones, cholestatic liver disorders, tumors and hyperproliferative disorders, e.g. hyperproliferative skin and vascular disorders. In addition, it has unexpectedly been found that the compounds of the present invention can also be of therapeutical use to improve glucose tolerance in order to treat and/or prevent related diseases such as diabetes. The compounds of the present invention further exhibit improved pharmacological properties compared to known compounds.

Detailed Description of the Invention

[0011] Unless otherwise indicated the following definitions are set forth to illustrate and define the meaning and scope of the various terms used to describe the invention herein.

[0012] In this specification the term "lower" is used to mean a group consisting of one to seven, preferably of one to four carbon atom(s).

[0013] The term "lone pair" refers to an unbound electron pair, in particular to the unbound electron pair of a nitrogen atom in e.g. an amine.

[0014] The term "halogen" refers to fluorine, chlorine, bromine and iodine, with chlorine and bromine being preferred.

[0015] The term "alkyl", alone or in combination with other groups, refers to a branched or straight-chain monovalent saturated aliphatic hydrocarbon radical of one to twenty carbon atoms, preferably one to sixteen carbon atoms. Alkyl groups can optionally be

substituted e.g. with halogen, CN, NO₂, carboxy, and/or phenyl. Other, more preferred substituents are hydroxy, lower-alkoxy, NH₂, N(lower-alkyl)₂, and/or lower-alkoxy-carbonyl.

[0016] The term "lower-alkyl", alone or in combination with other groups, refers to a branched or straight-chain monovalent alkyl radical of one to seven carbon atoms, preferably one to four carbon atoms. This term is further exemplified by such radicals as methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, isopropyl, n-butyl, s-butyl, t-butyl and the like. A lower-alkyl group may have a substitution pattern as described earlier in connection with the term "alkyl".

[0017] The term "cycloalkyl" refers to a monovalent carbocyclic radical of 3 to 10 carbon atom(s), preferably 3 to 6 carbon atoms. Cycloalkyl in which one or more -CH₂- group is replaced by O, S, NH or N(lower-alkyl) are referred to as "heterocycloalkyl".

[0018] The term "alkoxy" refers to the group R'-O-, wherein R' is an alkyl. The term "lower-alkoxy" refers to the group R'-O-, wherein R' is a lower-alkyl. The term "thio-alkoxy" refers to the group R'-S-, wherein R' is an alkyl. The term "thio-lower-alkoxy" refers to the group R'-S-, wherein R' is a lower-alkyl.

[0019] The term "alkenyl", alone or in combination with other groups, stands for a straight-chain or branched hydrocarbon residue comprising an olefinic bond and up to 20, preferably up to 16 carbon atoms. The term "lower-alkenyl" refers to a straight-chain or branched hydrocarbon residue comprising an olefinic bond and up to 7, preferably up to 4 carbon atoms, such as e.g. 2-propenyl. An alkenyl or lower-alkenyl group may have a substitution pattern as described earlier in connection with the term "alkyl".

[0020] The term "alkylene" refers to a straight chain or branched divalent saturated aliphatic hydrocarbon group of 1 to 20 carbon atoms, preferably 1 to 16 carbon atoms. The term "lower-alkylene" refers to a straight chain or branched divalent saturated aliphatic hydrocarbon group of 1 to 7, preferably 2 to 4 carbon atoms. An alkylene or lower-

alkylene group may have a substitution pattern as described earlier in connection with the term "alkyl".

[0021] The term "alkenylene" refers to a straight chain or branched divalent hydrocarbon group comprising an olefinic bond and up to 20 carbon atoms, preferably up to 16 carbon atoms. The term "lower-alkenylene" refers to a straight chain or branched divalent hydrocarbon group comprising an olefinic bond and up to 7, preferably up to 4 C-atoms. An alkenylene or lower-alkenylene group may have a substitution pattern as described earlier in connection with the term "alkyl".

[0022] The term "aryl" relates to the phenyl or naphthyl group which can optionally be mono- or multiply-substituted by lower-alkyl, lower-alkyl-di-oxo, halogen, hydroxy, cyano, CF₃, NH₂, N(lower-alkyl)₂, aminocarbonyl, carboxy, nitro, lower-alkoxy, lower-alkylcarbonyl, lower-alkylcarbonyloxy, aryl, aryloxy, or lower-alkylcarbonyl-amino, preferably by lower-alkyl, lower-alkyl-di-oxo, halogen, hydroxy, cyano, CF₃, NH₂, N(lower-alkyl)₂, aminocarbonyl, carboxy, nitro, lower-alkoxy, lower-alkylcarbonyl, lower-alkylcarbonyloxy, aryl, or aryloxy. Preferred substituents are lower-alkyl, lower alkoxy, lower-alkyl-carbonyl, lower-alkoxycarbonyl, fluorine, chlorine, bromine, CN, CF₃, NO₂, NH₂, and/or N(lower-alkyl)₂. More preferred substituents are fluorine, chlorine, bromine and CF₃.

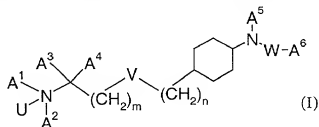
[0023] The term "heteroaryl" refers to an aromatic 5- or 6-membered ring which can contain 1, 2 or 3 atoms selected from nitrogen, oxygen and/or sulphur such as furyl, pyridyl, 1,2-, 1,3- and 1,4-diazinyl, thienyl, isoxazolyl, oxazolyl, imidazolyl, or pyrrolyl. The term "heteroaryl" further refers to bicyclic aromatic groups comprising two 5- or 6-membered rings, in which one or both rings can contain 1, 2 or 3 atoms selected from nitrogen, oxygen or sulphur such as e.g. indol or chinolin, or partially hydrogenated bicyclic aromatic groups such as e.g. indolinyl. A heteroaryl group may have a substitution pattern as described earlier in connection with the term "aryl".

[0024] The term "pharmaceutically acceptable salts" embraces salts of the compounds of

formula (I) with inorganic or organic acids such as hydrochloric acid, hydrobromic acid, nitric acid, sulphuric acid, phosphoric acid, citric acid, formic acid, maleic acid, acetic acid, fumaric acid, succinic acid, tartaric acid, methanesulphonic acid, p-toluenesulphonic acid and the like, which are non toxic to living organisms. Preferred salts are formates, hydrochlorides and hydrobromides.

[0025] The term "pharmaceutically acceptable esters" embraces esters of the compounds of formula (I), in which hydroxy groups have been converted to the corresponding esters with inorganic or organic acids such as, nitric acid, sulphuric acid, phosphoric acid, citric acid, formic acid, maleic acid, acetic acid, succinic acid, tartaric acid, methanesulphonic acid, p-toluenesulphonic acid and the like, which are non toxic to living organisms.

[0026] In detail, the present invention relates to compounds of formula (I)



wherein

U is O or a lone pair,

V is O, S, $-\text{CH}_2-$, $-\text{CH}=\text{CH}-$, or $-\text{C}\equiv\text{C}-$,

W is CO, COO, CONR^1 , CSO, CSNR^1 , SO_2 , or SO_2NR^1 ,

m and n independently from each other are 0 to 7 and $m+n$ is 0 to 7, with the proviso that m is not 0 if V is O or S,

A^1 is H, lower-alkyl, hydroxy-lower-alkyl, or lower-alkenyl,

A^2 is lower-alkyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkyl-lower-alkyl, or lower-alkenyl, optionally substituted by R^2 ,

A^3 and A^4 are hydrogen or lower-alkyl, or

A^1 and A^2 or A^1 and A^3 are bonded to each other to form a ring

and $-\text{A}^1-\text{A}^2-$ or $-\text{A}^1-\text{A}^3-$ are lower-alkylene or lower-alkenylene, optionally substituted by R^2 ,

in which one $-\text{CH}_2-$ group of $-\text{A}^1-$, $-\text{A}^2-$ or $-\text{A}^1-\text{A}^3-$ can optionally be replaced by NR^3 , S, or O,
or

A^3 and A^4 are bonded to each other to form a ring together with the carbon atom to which they are attached and $-\text{A}^3-\text{A}^4-$ is $-(\text{CH}_2)_{2-5}-$ which can optionally be mono- or multiply-substituted by lower-alkyl,

A^5 is H, lower-alkyl, lower-alkenyl, or aryl-lower-alkyl,

A^6 is lower-alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, aryl-lower-alkyl, heteroaryl, heteroaryl-lower-alkyl, lower-alkoxy-carbonyl-lower-alkyl,

R^2 is hydroxy, hydroxy-lower-alkyl, lower-alkoxy, lower-alkoxycarbonyl, $\text{N}(\text{R}^4, \text{R}^5)$, or thio-lower-alkoxy,

R^1 , R^3 , R^4 and R^5 independently from each other are hydrogen or lower-alkyl,

and pharmaceutically acceptable salts and/or pharmaceutically acceptable esters thereof.

[0027] Compounds of formula (I) as defined above, wherein A^3 and A^4 are not bonded to each other to form a ring together with the carbon atom to which they are attached, are preferred. In such compounds,

A^1 is H, lower-alkyl, hydroxy-lower-alkyl, or lower-alkenyl

A^2 is lower-alkyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkyl-lower-alkyl, or lower-alkenyl, optionally substituted by R^2 ,

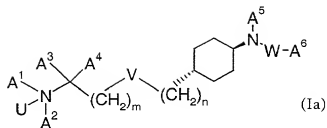
A^3 and A^4 are hydrogen or lower-alkyl, or

A^1 and A^2 or A^1 and A^3 are bonded to each other to form a ring

and $-\text{A}^1-$, $-\text{A}^2-$ or $-\text{A}^1-\text{A}^3-$ are lower-alkylene or lower-alkenylene, optionally substituted by R^2 , in which one $-\text{CH}_2-$ group of $-\text{A}^1-$, $-\text{A}^2-$ or $-\text{A}^1-\text{A}^3-$ can optionally be replaced by NR^3 , S, or O.

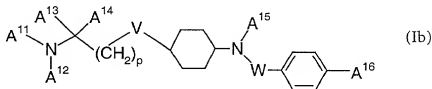
[0028] Preferred are compounds of formula (I) and/or pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof. Another preferred embodiment relates to compounds of formula (I) wherein U is a lone pair and a further preferred embodiment relates to compounds of formula (I) wherein U is O.

[0029] A further preferred embodiment of the present invention relates to the trans-form of the compounds as defined above characterized by formula (Ia)



wherein U, V, W, m, n, A¹, A², A³, A⁴, A⁵ and A⁶ have the significances given above.

[0030] A particularly preferred embodiment of the present invention relates to the compounds of formula (Ib)



wherein

V is O, S, -CH₂-, -CH=CH-, or -C≡C-;

W is COO or SO₂;

p is an integer from 0 to 7, with the proviso that p is not 0 when V is O or S;

A¹¹ is H, lower-alkyl, or hydroxy-lower-alkyl and

A¹² is lower-alkyl, hydroxy-lower alkyl, or lower-alkenyl, or

A¹¹ and A¹² bond together to form -A¹-A²-, wherein -A¹-A²- is lower-alkylene;

A¹³ and A¹⁴ are each hydrogen or bond together to form -A³-A⁴-, wherein -A³-A⁴- is -
(CH₂)₂₋₅-;

A¹⁵ is lower-alkyl; and

A¹⁶ is halogen or trifluoromethyl.

[0031] Also preferred are pharmaceutically acceptable salts and esters of the compounds of formula (Ib).

[0032] Compounds in which V represents O are particularly preferred, as are compounds wherein V is -CH₂-. Compounds in which V represents -C=C- are also preferred. Further,

compounds in which V represents $\text{-C}\equiv\text{C-}$ also relate to a preferred embodiment of the present invention.

[0033] Of the compounds of the present invention, those in which W represents CO , COO , CONR^1 , CSNR^1 , SO_2 or SO_2NR^1 and R^1 is hydrogen are preferred, with those wherein W represents COO or SO_2 being particularly and individually preferred.

[0034] Compounds of the present invention in which n is 0 are preferred, as are those in which n is 1. Another preferred embodiment relates to compounds as defined above, wherein m is 1 to 6. In addition, compounds as defined above, wherein m is 0 and V is $\text{-C}\equiv\text{C-}$ or $\text{-C}\equiv\text{C-}$, are also preferred.

[0035] In compounds wherein A^1 represents lower-alkyl, such a lower-alkyl group can optionally be substituted by fluorine. Other preferred compounds of the present invention are those in which A^1 represents H, methyl, ethyl, isopropyl, 2-hydroxy-ethyl or 2-propenyl. Another group of preferred compounds of the present invention are those in which A^2 represents lower-alkyl, cycloalkyl-lower-alkyl, or lower-alkenyl, optionally substituted with R^2 , wherein R^2 is hydroxy, methoxy, or ethoxycarbonyl, with those compounds wherein A^2 represents methyl, ethyl, 2-hydroxy-ethyl, 2-propenyl, propyl or isopropyl being especially preferred.

[0036] Compounds of formula (I), wherein A^1 and A^2 are bonded to each other to form a ring and $\text{-A}^1\text{-A}^2\text{-}$ is lower-alkylene or lower-alkenylene, optionally substituted by R^2 , in which one $\text{-CH}_2\text{-}$ group of $\text{-A}^1\text{-A}^2\text{-}$ can optionally be replaced by NR^3 , S, or O, wherein R^2 and R^3 are as defined above are also preferred, with compounds as defined above, wherein A^1 and A^2 are bonded to each other to form a ring and $\text{-A}^1\text{-A}^2\text{-}$ is lower-alkylene or lower-alkenylene, optionally substituted by R^2 , in which one $\text{-CH}_2\text{-}$ group of $\text{-A}^1\text{-A}^2\text{-}$ can optionally be replaced by O, wherein R^2 is hydroxy or 2-hydroxyethyl being particularly preferred. In compounds wherein A^1 and A^2 are bonded to each other to form a ring, said ring is preferably a 4-, 5-, or 6-membered ring such as e.g. piperidinyl or pyrrolidinyl. Preferred compounds as defined above are those wherein A^1 and A^2 are bonded to each

other to form a ring and $-A^1-A^2-$ is $-(CH_2)_5-$. Such compounds consequently comprise a piperidinyl group.

[0037] A further preferred embodiment of the present invention relates to compounds of formula (I), wherein A^3 and/or A^4 represent hydrogen. Compounds of formula (I) as defined above, wherein A^3 and A^4 are bonded to each other to form a cyclopropyl-ring together with the carbon atom to which they are attached and $-A^3-A^4-$ is $-(CH_2)_2-$ represent another preferred embodiment of the present invention. The term $-(CH_2)_{2-5}-$ denotes the groups $-(CH_2)_2-$, $-(CH_2)_3-$, $-(CH_2)_4-$ and $-(CH_2)_5-$.

[0038] Compounds of formula (I), in which A^5 is H, lower-alkyl, lower-alkenyl, or benzyl optionally substituted with halogen are also preferred, with those wherein A^5 represents methyl or ethyl being especially preferred.

[0039] Compounds of formula (I), wherein A^6 is lower-alkyl, cycloalkyl, phenyl, naphthyl, phenyl-lower-alkyl, pyridyl, indolyl, indolinyl, thienyl, thienyl-methylene, furyl-methylene, benzodioxyl, chinolyl, isoxazolyl, or imidazolyl, optionally substituted by one or more substituents selected from the group consisting of lower-alkyl, lower-alkoxy, lower-alkylcarbonyl, lower-alkoxycarbonyl, fluorine, chlorine, bromine, CN, CF_3 , NO_2 , or $N(R^6, R^7)$, wherein R^6 and R^7 independently from each other are hydrogen or lower-alkyl are another preferred embodiment of the present invention, with those compounds wherein A^6 is phenyl optionally substituted by one or more substituents selected from the group consisting of fluorine, chlorine, bromine and CF_3 , being more preferred, and with those compounds wherein A^6 is 4-chloro-phenyl, 4-bromo-phenyl or 4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl being particularly preferred.

[0040] Preferred compounds of general formula (I) are those selected from the group consisting of
trans-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-methyl-carbamic acid 4-nitro-phenyl ester,
trans-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-methyl-carbamic acid naphthalen-2-yl ester,

trans-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-methyl-carbamic acid
 pentafluorophenylmethyl ester,
 trans-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-methyl-carbamic acid benzyl
 ester,
 trans-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-methyl-carbamic acid phenyl
 ester,
 trans-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-methyl-carbamic acid p-tolyl
 ester,
 trans-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-methyl-carbamic acid 4-bromo-
 phenyl ester,
 trans-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-methyl-carbamic acid 4-fluoro-
 phenyl ester,
 trans-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-
 phenyl ester,
 trans-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-methyl-carbamic acid hexyl
 ester,
 trans-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-methyl-carbamic acid 4-
 methoxy-phenyl ester,
 trans-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-methyl-carbamic acid isobutyl
 ester,
 trans-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-methyl-carbamic acid 4-
 trifluoromethyl-phenyl ester,
 trans-{4-[7-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-heptyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-methyl-carbamic acid 4-bromo-
 phenyl ester,
 trans-{4-[5-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-pentyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-methyl-carbamic acid 4-bromo-
 phenyl ester,
 trans-{4-[4-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-butoxy]-cyclohexyl}-methyl-carbamic acid 4-bromo-
 phenyl ester,
 trans-{4-[7-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-heptyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-methyl-carbamic acid 4-fluoro-
 phenyl ester,
 trans-{4-[5-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-pentyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-methyl-carbamic acid 4-fluoro-
 phenyl ester,

trans-[4-[5-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-pentyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl ester,
trans-[4-[4-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-butoxy]-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl ester,
[4-trans-[4-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-butoxy]-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester,
[4-trans-[4-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-butoxy]-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid isobutyl ester,
[4-trans-[4-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-butoxy]-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid phenyl ester,
4-([4-trans-[4-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-butoxy]-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamoyloxy)-benzoic acid methyl ester,
[4-trans-[4-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-butoxy]-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 4-methoxy-phenyl ester,
[4-trans-[4-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-butoxy]-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid p-tolyl ester,
trans-[4-[4-[Ethyl-(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-amino]-butoxy]-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl ester,
trans-[4-(4-Diethylamino-butoxy)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl ester,
trans-[4-(4-Dimethylamino-butoxy)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl ester,
trans-[4-[4-[Bis-(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-amino]-butoxy]-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl ester,
[4-trans-[3-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-propoxy]-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 4-fluoro-phenyl ester,
[4-trans-[3-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-propoxy]-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 4-bromo-phenyl ester,
trans-[4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 2,4-difluoro-phenyl ester,
[4-[Trans-4-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-butoxy]-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 3,4-difluoro-phenyl ester,
[trans-4-(4-Dimethylamino-butoxy)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 3,4-difluoro-phenyl ester,

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ethyl-[trans-4-(4-piperidin-1-yl-butoxy)-cyclohexyl]-carbamic acid 3,4-difluoro-phenyl ester,

[trans-4-(4-Azetidin-1-yl-butoxy)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 3,4-difluoro-phenyl ester,

Methyl-[trans-4-(4-morpholin-4-yl-butoxy)-cyclohexyl]-carbamic acid 3,4-difluorophenyl ester,

Methyl-[trans-4-(4-pyrrolidin-1-yl-butoxy)-cyclohexyl]-carbamic acid 3,4-difluorophenyl ester,

(4-{trans-4-[Ethyl-(2-methoxy-ethyl)-amino]-butoxy}-cyclohexyl)-methyl-carbamic acid
3,4-difluoro-phenyl ester,

trans-5-Chloro-thiophene-2-sulfonic acid {4-[6-(allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-methyl-amide,

trans-N-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-4,N-dimethyl-benzenesulfonamide,

trans-Naphthalene-2-sulfonic acid {4-[6-(allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-methyl-amide,

trans-N-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-N-methyl-methanesulfonamide,

trans-Quinoline-8-sulfonic acid {4-[6-(allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-methyl-amide,

trans-N-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-N-methyl-C-phenyl-methanesulfonamide,

trans-3,5-Dimethyl-isoxazole-4-sulfonic acid {4-[6-(allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-methyl-amide,

trans-Naphthalene-1-sulfonic acid {4-[6-(allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-methyl-amide,

trans-N-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-4-methoxy-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide,

trans-N-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide,
trans-N-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-4-fluoro-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide,
trans-Thiophene-2-sulfonic acid {4-[6-(allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-methyl-amide,
trans-N-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-2-fluoro-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide,
trans-1-Methyl-1H-imidazole-4-sulfonic acid {4-[6-(allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-methyl-amide,
trans-N-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-4-tert-butyl-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide,
trans-N-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-4-butoxy-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide,
trans-N-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-4-chloro-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide,
trans-N-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide,
trans-N-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-4-bromo-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide,
trans-N-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-N-methyl-4-nitro-benzenesulfonamide,
trans-4-Bromo-N-(4-{6-[(2-methoxy-ethyl)-methyl-amino]-hexyloxy}-cyclohexyl)-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide,
trans-N-(4-{6-[(2-Methoxy-ethyl)-methyl-amino]-hexyloxy}-cyclohexyl)-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide,
trans-4-Bromo-N-methyl-N-[4-(6-morpholin-4-yl-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-benzenesulfonamide,
trans-N-[4-(6-Azetidin-1-yl-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-4-bromo-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide,
trans-4-Bromo-N-{4-[6-(butyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide,

trans-4-Bromo-N-methyl-N-[4-(6-piperidin-1-yl-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-benzenesulfonamide,

trans-4-Bromo-N-[4-[6-(3,6-dihydro-2H-pyridin-1-yl)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide,

trans-4-Bromo-N-(4-[6-[ethyl-(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-amino]-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl)-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide,

trans-4-Bromo-N-[4-[6-(3-hydroxy-pyrrolidin-1-yl)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide,

trans-4-Bromo-N-methyl-N-[4-[6-(methyl-propyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-benzenesulfonamide,

trans-4-Bromo-N-[4-(6-diallylamino-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide,

trans-4-Bromo-N-[4-[6-(4-hydroxymethyl-piperidin-1-yl)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide,

trans-4-Bromo-N-(4-[6-[(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-methyl-amino]-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl)-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide,

trans-4-Bromo-N-methyl-N-[4-[6-(4-methyl-piperidin-1-yl)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-benzenesulfonamide,

trans-4-Bromo-N-[4-[6-(4-hydroxy-piperidin-1-yl)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide,

trans-4-Bromo-N-[4-[6-(cyclopropylmethyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide,

trans-[(6-{4-[(4-Bromo-benzenesulfonyl)-methyl-amino]-cyclohexyloxy}-hexyl)-methyl-amino]-acetic acid ethyl ester,

trans-N-[4-(6-Allylamino-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-4-bromo-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide,

trans-4-Bromo-N-[4-[6-(2-hydroxy-ethylamino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide,

trans-4-Bromo-N-[4-(6-ethylamino-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide,

trans-N-Methyl-N-[4-(6-morpholin-4-yl-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide,

trans-N-[4-(6-Azetidin-1-yl-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide,
trans-N-[4-[6-(Butyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide,
trans-N-Methyl-N-[4-(6-piperidin-1-yl-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide,
trans-N-[4-[6-(3,6-Dihydro-2H-pyridin-1-yl)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide,
trans-N-[4-[6-[Ethyl-(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-amino]-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide,
trans-N-[4-[6-(3-Hydroxy-pyrrolidin-1-yl)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide,
trans-N-Methyl-N-[4-[6-(methyl-propyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide,
trans-N-[4-(6-Diallylamino-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide,
trans-N-[4-[6-(4-Hydroxymethyl-piperidin-1-yl)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide,
trans-N-[4-[6-[(2-Hydroxy-ethyl)-methyl-amino]-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide,
trans-N-[4-[6-(4-Hydroxy-piperidin-1-yl)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide,
trans-N-[4-[6-(Cyclopropylmethyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide,
trans-[Methyl-(6-[4-[methyl-(4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonyl)-amino]-cyclohexyloxy]-hexyl)-amino]-acetic acid ethyl ester,
trans-[Methyl-(6-[4-[methyl-(4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonyl)-amino]-cyclohexyloxy]-hexyl)-amino]-acetic acid,
trans-N-[4-(6-Allylamino-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide,
N-[4-trans-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-3-chloro-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide,

N-{4-trans-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-2,4-difluoro-N-methyl-
 benzenesulfonamide,
 N-{4-trans-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-2-bromo-N-methyl-
 benzenesulfonamide,
 N-{4-trans-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-3-bromo-N-methyl-
 benzenesulfonamide,
 N-{4-trans-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-2,4-dichloro-N-methyl-
 benzenesulfonamide,
 N-{4-trans-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-3-fluoro-N-methyl-
 benzenesulfonamide,
 N-{4-trans-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-3,4-dichloro-N-methyl-
 benzenesulfonamide,
 N-{4-trans-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-2-chloro-N-methyl-
 benzenesulfonamide,
 N-{4-trans-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-3,4-difluoro-N-methyl-
 benzenesulfonamide,
 trans-N-[4-(3-Allylamino-propoxy)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-
 benzenesulfonamide,
 trans-N-[4-[3-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-propoxy]-cyclohexyl]N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-
 benzenesulfonamide,
 trans-N-(4-[3-[Ethyl-(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-amino]-propoxy]-cyclohexyl) N-methyl-4-
 trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide,
 trans-N-[4-(3-Diethylamino-propoxy)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-
 benzenesulfonamide,
 trans-N-(4-[3-[(2-Hydroxy-ethyl)-methyl-amino]-propoxy]-cyclohexyl)-N-methyl-4-
 trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide,
 trans-N-(4-[3-[Bis-(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-amino]-propoxy]-cyclohexyl) N-methyl-4-
 trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide,
 trans-N-[4-[3-(Cyclopropylmethyl-methyl-amino)-propoxy]-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-
 trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide,
 trans-N-Methyl-N-[4-(3-pyrrolidin-1-yl-propoxy)-cyclohexyl]-4-trifluoromethyl-
 benzenesulfonamide,

trans-N-[4-(3-Ethylamino-propoxy)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-
benzenesulfonamide,
trans-N-Methyl-N-[4-(3-morpholin-4-yl-propoxy)-cyclohexyl]-4-trifluoromethyl-
benzenesulfonamide,
trans-N-{4-[3-(2-Hydroxy-ethylamino)-propoxy]-cyclohexyl}-N-methyl-4-
trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide,
trans-N-(4-{3-[Ethyl-(2-methoxy-ethyl)-amino]-propoxy}-cyclohexyl)-N-methyl-4-
trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide,
trans-N-{4-[3-(3,6-Dihydro-2H-pyridin-1-yl)-propoxy]-cyclohexyl}-N-methyl-4-
trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide,
trans-N-Methyl-N-{4-[3-(methyl-propyl-amino)-propoxy]-cyclohexyl}-4-
trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide,
trans-N-[4-(4-Allylamino-butoxy)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-
benzenesulfonamide,
N-{4-trans-[4-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-butoxy]-cyclohexyl}-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-
benzenesulfonamide,
trans-N-(4-{4-[Ethyl-(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-amino]-butoxy}-cyclohexyl)-N-methyl-4-
trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide,
trans-N-[4-(4-Diethylamino-butoxy)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-
benzenesulfonamide,
trans-N-[4-(4-Dimethylamino-butoxy)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-
benzenesulfonamide,
trans-N-(4-{4-[(2-Methoxy-ethyl)-methyl-amino]-butoxy}-cyclohexyl)-N-methyl-4-
trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide,
trans-N-(4-{4-[(2-Hydroxy-ethyl)-methyl-amino]-butoxy}-cyclohexyl)-N-methyl-4-
trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide,
trans-N-(4-{4-[Bis-(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-amino]-butoxy}-cyclohexyl)-N-methyl-4-
trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide,
trans-N-{4-[4-(Cyclopropylmethyl-methyl-amino)-butoxy]-cyclohexyl}-N-methyl-4-
trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide,
trans-N-[4-(4-Ethylamino-butoxy)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-
benzenesulfonamide,

Figure 1

DO NOT WRITE IN THESE SPACES

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methyl-urea,
 trans-1-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-1-methyl-3-(3,4,5-trimethoxy-phenyl)-urea,
 trans-1-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-3-(3,4-dimethyl-phenyl)-1-methyl-urea,
 trans-3-(4-Acetyl-phenyl)-1-{4-[6-(allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-1-methyl-urea,
 trans-1-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-3-(4-chloro-phenyl)-1-methyl-urea,
 trans-1-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-1-methyl-3-phenyl-urea,
 trans-1-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-1-methyl-3-(4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-urea,
 trans-1-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-3-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-1-methyl-urea,
 trans-1-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-3-(4-bromo-phenyl)-1-methyl-urea,
 trans-1-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-1-methyl-3-naphthalen-2-yl-urea,
 trans-1-{4-[6-(allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-1-methyl-3-(4-nitro-phenyl)-urea,
 trans-1-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-3-(4-dimethylamino-phenyl)-1-methyl-urea,
 trans-1-{4-[7-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-heptyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-1-methyl-3-p-tolyl-urea,
 trans-1-{4-[7-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-heptyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-3-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-1-methylurea,
 trans-1-{4-[7-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-heptyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-3-(4-bromo-phenyl)-1-methylurea,
 trans-1-{4-[7-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-heptyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-3-(4-butyl-phenyl)-1-methylurea,
 trans-1-{4-[5-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-pentyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-1-methyl-3-p-tolyl-urea,
 trans-1-{4-[5-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-pentyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-3-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-1-methylurea,

trans-1-[4-[5-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-pentyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-3-(4-bromo-phenyl)-1-methylurea,
trans-1-[4-[4-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-butoxy]-cyclohexyl]-1-methyl-3-p-tolyl-urea,
trans-1-[4-[4-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-butoxy]-cyclohexyl]-3-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-1-methyl-urea,
trans-1-[4-[4-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-butoxy]-cyclohexyl]-3-(4-bromo-phenyl)-1-methyl-urea,
trans-1-[4-[4-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-butoxy]-cyclohexyl]-3-(4-butyl-phenyl)-1-methyl-urea,
trans-Methyl-{4-[4-(methyl-propyl-amino)-butoxy]-cyclohexyl}-carbamic acid 4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl ester,
trans-N-(4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl)-4-bromo-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide,
trans-4-Bromo-N-[4-(6-dimethylamino-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide,
trans-4-Bromo-N-(4-{(2-methoxy-ethyl)-methyl-amino}-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide,
trans-N-(4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl)-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide,
trans-N-[4-(6-Dimethylamino-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide,
trans-N-(4-{(2-Methoxy-ethyl)-methyl-amino}-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide,
trans-4-Bromo-N-[4-(6-diethylamino-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide,
trans-4-Bromo-N-[4-[4-(isopropyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide,
trans-4-Bromo-N-methyl-N-[4-(6-pyrrolidin-1-yl-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-benzenesulfonamide,
trans-N-[4-(6-Diethylamino-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide,
trans-N-[4-[6-(Isopropyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-

trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide,
 trans-N-Methyl-N-[4-(6-pyrrolidin-1-yl-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-4-trifluoromethyl-
 benzenesulfonamide,
 trans-4-Chloro-N-(4-{6-[(2-methoxy-ethyl)-methyl-amino]-hexyloxy}-cyclohexyl)-N-
 methyl-benzenesulfonamide,
 trans-(4-{6-[(2-Methoxy-ethyl)-methyl-amino]-hexyloxy}-cyclohexyl)-methyl-carbamic
 acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester,
 trans-4-Chloro-N-(4-{6-[(2-methoxy-ethyl)-methyl-amino]-hexyloxy}-cyclohexyl)-
 benzenesulfonamide,
 trans-4-Bromo-N-(4-{6-[(2-methoxy-ethyl)-methyl-amino]-hexyloxy}-cyclohexyl)-
 benzenesulfonamide,
 trans-4-Chloro-N-(4-{6-[(2-methoxy-ethyl)-methyl-amino]-hexyloxy}-cyclohexyl)-N-
 propyl-benzenesulfonamide,
 trans-4-Bromo-N-(4-{6-[(2-methoxy-ethyl)-methyl-amino]-hexyloxy}-cyclohexyl)-N-
 propyl-benzenesulfonamide,
 trans-4-Chloro-N-(4-{6-[(2-methoxy-ethyl)-methyl-amino]-hexyloxy}-cyclohexyl)-N-
 (2,4,5-trifluoro-benzyl)-benzenesulfonamide,
 trans-4-Bromo-N-(4-{6-[(2-methoxy-ethyl)-methyl-amino]-hexyloxy}-cyclohexyl)-N-
 (2,4,5-trifluoro-benzyl)-benzenesulfonamide,
 trans-(4-{6-[(2-Methoxy-ethyl)-methyl-amino]-hexyloxy}-cyclohexyl)-carbamic acid 4-
 chloro-phenyl ester,
 trans-Ethyl-(4-{6-[(2-methoxy-ethyl)-methyl-amino]-hexyloxy}-cyclohexyl)-carbamic
 acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester,
 trans-(4-{6-[(2-Methoxy-ethyl)-methyl-amino]-hexyloxy}-cyclohexyl)-propyl-carbamic
 acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester,
 trans-(4-{6-[(2-Methoxy-ethyl)-methyl-amino]-hexyloxy}-cyclohexyl)-(2,4,5-trifluoro-
 benzyl)-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester,
 trans-Ethyl-(4-{6-[ethyl-(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-amino]-hexyloxy}-cyclohexyl)-carbamic acid
 benzyl ester,
 trans-Benzyl-(4-{6-[ethyl-(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-amino]-hexyloxy}-cyclohexyl)-carbamic acid
 benzyl ester,
 trans-(4-{6-[Ethyl-(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-amino]-hexyloxy}-cyclohexyl)-methyl-carbamic

FOR THE RECORD

trans-Ethyl-[4-(6-pyrrolidin-1-yl-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-carbamic acid benzyl ester,
trans-Benzyl-[4-(6-pyrrolidin-1-yl-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-carbamic acid benzyl ester,
trans-Methyl-[4-(6-pyrrolidin-1-yl-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-carbamic acid benzyl ester,
trans-Allyl-[4-(6-pyrrolidin-1-yl-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-carbamic acid benzyl ester,
trans-[4-(6-Pyrrolidin-1-yl-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-(2,4,5-trifluoro-benzyl)-carbamic acid
benzyl ester,
trans-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-methyl-carbamic acid benzyl
ester,
trans-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-ethyl-carbamic acid benzyl ester,
trans-Allyl-[4-[6-(allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-carbamic acid benzyl ester,
trans-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-benzyl-carbamic acid benzyl
ester,
trans-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-(2,4,5-trifluoro-benzyl)-
carbamic acid benzyl ester,
trans-[4-(6-Dimethylamino-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid benzyl ester,
trans-[4-(6-Dimethylamino-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-ethyl-carbamic acid benzyl ester,
trans-Allyl-[4-(6-dimethylamino-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-carbamic acid benzyl ester,
trans-Benzyl-[4-(6-dimethylamino-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-carbamic acid benzyl ester,
trans-[4-(6-Dimethylamino-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-(2,4,5-trifluoro-benzyl)-carbamic acid
benzyl ester,
trans-(4-[5-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-pentyloxy]-cyclohexyl)-methyl-carbamic acid tert-butyl
ester,
trans-(4-[3-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-propoxy]-cyclohexyl)-methyl-carbamic acid tert-butyl
ester,
trans-(4-[4-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-butoxy]-cyclohexyl)-methyl-carbamic acid tert-butyl
ester,
trans-(4-[7-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-heptyloxy]-cyclohexyl)-methyl-carbamic acid tert-butyl
ester,
trans-4-Chloro-N-ethyl-N-(4-[6-[(2-methoxy-ethyl)-methyl-amino]-hexyloxy]-
cyclohexyl)-benzenesulfonamide,
trans-4-Bromo-N-ethyl-N-(4-[6-[(2-methoxy-ethyl)-methyl-amino]-hexyloxy]-
cyclohexyl)-benzenesulfonamide,

trans-{4-[4-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-butoxy]-cyclohexyl}-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester,
trans-{4-[5-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-pentyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester,
trans-(4-{6-[Ethyl-(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-amino]-hexyloxy}-cyclohexyl)-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester,
trans-(4-{4-[Ethyl-(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-amino]-butoxy}-cyclohexyl)-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester,
trans-(4-{5-[Ethyl-(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-amino]-pentyloxy}-cyclohexyl)-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester,
trans-[4-(6-Dimethylamino-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester,
trans-[4-(4-Dimethylamino-butoxy)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester,
trans-[4-(5-Dimethylamino-pentyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester,
trans-(4-{6-[Ethyl-(2-methoxy-ethyl)-amino]-hexyloxy}-cyclohexyl)-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester,
trans-(4-{4-[Ethyl-(2-methoxy-ethyl)-amino]-butoxy}-cyclohexyl)-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester,
trans-[4-[3-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-propoxy]-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester,
trans-(4-{3-[Ethyl-(2-methoxy-ethyl)-amino]-propoxy}-cyclohexyl)-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester,
trans-(4-{5-[Ethyl-(2-methoxy-ethyl)-amino]-pentyloxy}-cyclohexyl)-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester,
trans-[4-(3-Dimethylamino-propoxy)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester,
trans-(4-{3-[Ethyl-(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-amino]-propoxy}-cyclohexyl)-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester,
trans-Methyl-[4-(3-piperidin-1-yl-propoxy)-cyclohexyl]-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester,

trans-Methyl-[4-(4-piperidin-1-yl-butoxy)-cyclohexyl]-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester,
trans-Methyl-[4-(6-piperidin-1-yl-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester,
trans-Methyl-[4-(5-piperidin-1-yl-pentyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester,
trans-[4-(3-Diethylamino-propoxy)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester,
trans-[4-(6-Diethylamino-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester,
trans-[4-(4-Diethylamino-butoxy)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester,
trans-[4-(5-Diethylamino-pentyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester,
trans-Methyl-[4-(3-pyrrolidin-1-yl-propoxy)-cyclohexyl]-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester,
trans-Methyl-[4-(6-pyrrolidin-1-yl-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester,
trans-(4-{6-[(2-Hydroxy-ethyl)-methyl-amino]-hexyloxy}-cyclohexyl)-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester,
trans-(4-{4-[(2-Hydroxy-ethyl)-methyl-amino]-butoxy}-cyclohexyl)-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester,
trans-(4-{5-[(2-Hydroxy-ethyl)-methyl-amino]-pentyloxy}-cyclohexyl)-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester,
trans-Methyl-[4-(4-pyrrolidin-1-yl-butoxy)-cyclohexyl]-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester,
trans-Methyl-[4-(5-pyrrolidin-1-yl-pentyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester,
trans-(4-{3-[(2-Hydroxy-ethyl)-methyl-amino]-propoxy}-cyclohexyl)-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester,
trans-[4-(5-Dimethylamino-pentyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester N-oxide,

trans-{4-[5-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-pentyl]-cyclohexyl}-methyl-carbamic acid 4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl ester,
trans-(4-[5-[Ethyl-(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-amino]-pentyl]-cyclohexyl)-methyl-carbamic acid 4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl ester,
trans-{4-[5-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-pentyl]-cyclohexyl}-methyl-carbamic acid 4-bromo-phenyl ester,
trans-(4-[5-[Ethyl-(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-amino]-pentyl]-cyclohexyl)-methyl-carbamic acid 4-bromo-phenyl ester,
trans-{4-[5-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-pentyl]-cyclohexyl}-methyl-carbamic acid 3,4-difluoro-phenyl ester,
trans-(4-[5-[Ethyl-(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-amino]-pentyl]-cyclohexyl)-methyl-carbamic acid 3,4-difluoro-phenyl ester,
trans-{4-[5-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-pentyl]-cyclohexyl}-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester,
trans-{4-[3-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-propoxymethyl]-cyclohexyl}-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester,
trans-(4-[3-[Ethyl-(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-amino]-propoxymethyl]-cyclohexyl)-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester,
trans-[4-(3-Azetidin-1-yl-propoxymethyl)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester,
trans-Methyl-[4-(3-piperidin-1-yl-propoxymethyl)-cyclohexyl]-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester,
trans-(4-[3-[Ethyl-(2-methoxy-ethyl)-amino]-propoxymethyl]-cyclohexyl)-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester,
trans-{4-[4-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-butoxymethyl]-cyclohexyl}-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester,
trans-{4-[2-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-ethoxymethyl]-cyclohexyl}-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester,
trans-N-{4-[3-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-propoxymethyl]-cyclohexyl}-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide,
(trans)-N-(4-[3-[Ethyl-(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-amino]-propoxymethyl]-cyclohexyl)-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide,

trans-N-[4-(3-Azetidin-1-yl-propoxymethyl)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide,
trans-N-Methyl-N-[4-(3-piperidin-1-yl-propoxymethyl)-cyclohexyl]-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide,
(trans)-N-[4-(2-Dimethylamino-ethylsulfanylmethyl)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide,
trans-N-[4-(2-Diethylamino-ethylsulfanylmethyl)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide,
trans-N-[4-[2-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-ethylsulfanylmethyl]-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide,
trans-[4-(2-Diethylamino-ethylsulfanylmethyl)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester,
trans-[4-[2-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-ethylsulfanylmethyl]-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester,
trans-[4-[3-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-propylsulfanylmethyl]-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester,
trans-[4-(2-Dimethylamino-ethylsulfanylmethyl)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester,
trans-(4-[2-[Ethyl-(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-amino]-ethylsulfanylmethyl]-cyclohexyl)-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester,
trans-Methyl-[4-[2-(methyl-propyl-amino)-ethylsulfanylmethyl]-cyclohexyl]-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester,
trans-[4-[3-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-prop-1-ynyl]-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester,
trans-(4-[3-[Ethyl-(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-amino]-prop-1-ynyl]-cyclohexyl)-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester,
trans-(4-[3-[Ethyl-(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-amino]-propyl]-cyclohexyl)-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester,
trans-Methyl-[4-[4-(methyl-propyl-amino)-butoxy]-cyclohexyl]-carbamic acid 3,4-difluoro-phenyl ester,
trans-[4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-methyl-sulfamic acid benzyl amide,

REPORT

DISCOUNTS

[illegible]

trans-{4-[7-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-heptyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-methyl-sulfamic acid benzyl amide,
trans-({4-[7-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-heptyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-methyl-sulfamoyloxy)-acetic acid ethyl amide,
trans-1-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-3-(2-bromo-4-fluoro-phenyl)-1-methyl-thiourea,
trans-1-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-3-(4-bromo-2-methyl-phenyl)-1-methyl-thiourea,
trans-1-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-1-methyl-3-(4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-thiourea,
trans-1-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-3-(4-chloro-phenyl)-1-methyl-thiourea,
trans-1-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-3-(4-methoxy-phenyl)-1-methyl-thiourea,
trans-1-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-3-(4-cyano-phenyl)-1-methyl-thiourea,
trans-1-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-1-methyl-3-(3-methyl-butyl)-thiourea,
trans-1-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-3-sec-butyl-1-methyl-thiourea,
trans-1-{4-[4-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-butoxy]-cyclohexyl}-1-methyl-3-(4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-thiourea,
trans-1-{4-[4-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-butoxy]-cyclohexyl}-3-(4-cyano-phenyl)-1-methyl-thiourea,
trans-1-{4-[4-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-butoxy]-cyclohexyl}-1-methyl-3-(3-methyl-butyl)-thiourea,
trans-1-{4-[7-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-heptyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-1-methyl-3-(4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-thiourea,
trans-1-{4-[7-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-heptyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-3-(4-cyano-phenyl)-1-methyl-thiourea,
trans-1-{4-[7-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-heptyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-1-methyl-3-(3-methyl-butyl)-thiourea,

trans-1-{4-[3-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-propoxy]-cyclohexyl}-1-methyl-3-(4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-thiourea,
trans-[4-(6-Dimethylamino-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-carbamic acid benzyl ester,
trans-[4-(5-Dimethylamino-pentyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-carbamic acid benzyl ester,
trans-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-carbamic acid benzyl ester,
trans-N-{4-[5-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-pentyl]-cyclohexyl}-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide,
trans-N-(4-{5-[Ethyl-(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-amino]-pentyl}-cyclohexyl)-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide, and
trans-{4-[4-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-butyl]-cyclohexyl}-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester,
and pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof.

[0041] Other preferred compounds of general formula (I) are those selected from the group consisting of

trans-N-[4-(3-Allylamino-propoxy)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide,
trans-N-{4-[4-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-butoxy]-cyclohexyl}-N-ethyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide,
trans-N-[4-(4-Dimethylamino-butoxy)-cyclohexyl]-N-ethyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide,
trans-N-Ethyl-N-(4-{4-[(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-methyl-amino]-butoxy}-cyclohexyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide,
trans-N-Ethyl-N-(4-{4-[(2-methoxy-ethyl)-methyl-amino]-butoxy}-cyclohexyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide,
trans-N-Ethyl-N-(4-{4-[ethyl-(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-amino]-butoxy}-cyclohexyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide,
trans-N-Ethyl-N-(4-{4-[ethyl-(2-methoxy-ethyl)-amino]-butoxy}-cyclohexyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide,
trans-N-(4-{4-[Bis-(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-amino]-butoxy}-cyclohexyl)-N-ethyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide,
trans-N-[4-(4-Diethylamino-butoxy)-cyclohexyl]-N-ethyl-4-trifluoromethyl-

benzenesulfonamide,
trans-N-[4-(4-Allylamino-butoxy)-cyclohexyl]-N-ethyl-4-trifluoromethyl-
benzenesulfonamide,
trans-N-Ethyl-N-[4-(4-piperidin-1-yl-butoxy)-cyclohexyl]-4-trifluoromethyl-
benzenesulfonamide,
trans-N-Ethyl-N-[4-(4-methyl-piperazin-1-yl)-butoxy]-cyclohexyl]-4-trifluoromethyl-
benzenesulfonamide,
trans-[4-(6-Dimethylamino-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-carbamic acid benzyl ester,
trans-[4-(5-Dimethylamino-pentyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-carbamic acid benzyl ester,
Trans-N-[4-[4-(2-Hydroxy-ethylamino)-butyl]-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-
benzenesulfonamide,
Trans-N-[4-(5-Ethylamino-pentyl)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-
benzenesulfonamide,
trans- N-(4-{5-[Ethyl-(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-amino]-pentyl}-cyclohexyl)-N-methyl-4-
trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide N-oxide,
trans-N-(4-{5-[Ethyl-(2-fluoro-ethyl)-amino]-pentyl}-cyclohexyl)-N-methyl-4-
trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide,
trans-4-Bromo-N-[4-(2-diisopropylamino-ethoxy)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-
benzenesulfonamide,
Trans-4-Bromo-N-methyl-N-[4-(2-piperidin-1-yl-ethoxy)-cyclohexyl]-
benzenesulfonamide,
Trans-4-Bromo-N-[4-(2-diethylamino-ethoxy)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-
benzenesulfonamide,
trans-4-Bromo-N-methyl-N-[4-(2-morpholin-4-yl-ethoxy)-cyclohexyl]-
benzenesulfonamide,
trans-4-Bromo-N-methyl-N-[4-(2-pyrrolidin-1-yl-ethoxy)-cyclohexyl]-
benzenesulfonamide,
Trans-N-[4-(3-Dimethylamino-3-methyl-butoxy)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-
trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide,
Trans-N-[4-(2-(1-Dimethylamino-cyclopropyl)-ethoxy)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-
trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide,
Trans-N-[4-(5-Diethylamino-5-methyl-hexyl)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-

benzenesulfonamide,
 Trans-N-[4-[4-(1-Diethylamino-cyclopropyl)-butyl]-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide,
 trans-N-[4-(4-Dimethylamino-pentyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide,
 trans-N-[4-(2-Diethylamino-ethoxy)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide,
 trans-N-Methyl-N-[4-(2-piperidin-1-yl-ethoxy)-cyclohexyl]-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide,
 trans-N-[4-(2-Diisopropylamino-ethoxy)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide,
 trans-N-Methyl-N-[4-(2-pyrrolidin-1-yl-ethoxy)-cyclohexyl]-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide,
 trans-N-Methyl-N-[4-(2-morpholin-4-yl-ethoxy)-cyclohexyl]-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide,
 trans-N-Methyl-N-[4-(4-piperidin-1-yl-pentyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide,
 Trans-[4-(3-Dimethylamino-3-methyl-but-1-ynyl)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid tert-butyl ester,
 cis- N-(4-{5-[Ethyl-(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-amino]-pentyl}-cyclohexyl)-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide,
 trans-(4-[4-[Ethyl-(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-amino]-butyl]-cyclohexyl)-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester,
 trans-{4-[4-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-butyl]-cyclohexyl}-methyl-carbamic acid 4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl ester,
 trans-(4-[4-[Ethyl-(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-amino]-butyl]-cyclohexyl)-methyl-carbamic acid 4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl ester,
 trans-{4-[4-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-butyl]-cyclohexyl}-methyl-carbamic acid 4-bromo-phenyl ester,
 trans-(4-[4-[Ethyl-(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-amino]-butyl]-cyclohexyl)-methyl-carbamic acid 4-bromo-phenyl ester,
 trans-Methyl-[4-[4-(methyl-propyl-amino)-butyl]-cyclohexyl]-carbamic acid 4-bromo-

phenyl ester,
trans-[4-(4-Diethylamino-butyl)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 4-bromo-phenyl ester,
trans-[4-(4-Dimethylamino-butyl)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 4-bromo-phenyl ester,
trans-Methyl-[4-(4-piperidin-1-yl-butyl)-cyclohexyl]-carbamic acid 4-bromo-phenyl ester,
trans-Methyl-{4-[4-(4-methyl-piperazin-1-yl)-butyl]-cyclohexyl}-carbamic acid 4-bromo-phenyl ester,
trans-Methyl-[4-(4-morpholin-4-yl-butyl)-cyclohexyl]-carbamic acid 4-bromo-phenyl ester,
trans-Methyl-[4-(4-thiomorpholin-4-yl-butyl)-cyclohexyl]-carbamic acid 4-bromo-phenyl ester,
trans-Methyl-[4-(4-piperidin-1-yl-butyl)-cyclohexyl]-carbamic acid 4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl ester,
trans-[4-(4-Dimethylamino-butyl)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl ester,
trans-Methyl-[4-(4-thiomorpholin-4-yl-butyl)-cyclohexyl]-carbamic acid 4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl ester,
trans-Methyl-{4-[4-(methyl-propyl-amino)-butyl]-cyclohexyl}-carbamic acid 4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl ester,
trans-N-{4-[4-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-butyl]-cyclohexyl}-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide,
trans-N-(4-[4-[Ethyl-(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-amino]-butyl]-cyclohexyl)-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide,
trans-N-Methyl-N-[4-(4-piperidin-1-yl-butyl)-cyclohexyl]-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide,
trans-N-[4-(4-Dimethylamino-butyl)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide,
trans-N-Methyl-N-{4-[4-(methyl-propyl-amino)-butyl]-cyclohexyl}-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide,
trans-N-(4-[4-[Bis-(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-amino]-butyl]-cyclohexyl)-N-methyl-4-

trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide,
 trans-{4-[5-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-pentyl]-cyclohexyl}-methyl-carbamic acid 2,4-difluoro-phenyl ester,
 trans-(4-[5-[Ethyl-(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-amino]-pentyl]-cyclohexyl)-methyl-carbamic acid 2,4-difluoro-phenyl ester,
 trans-(4-[5-[Ethyl-(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-amino]-pentyl]-cyclohexyl)-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester,
 trans-Methyl-{4-[5-(methyl-propyl-amino)-pentyl]-cyclohexyl}-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester,
 trans-[4-(5-Dimethylamino-pentyl)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester,
 trans-Methyl-[4-(5-piperidin-1-yl-pentyl)-cyclohexyl]-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester,
 trans-Methyl-{4-[5-(4-methyl-piperazin-1-yl)-pentyl]-cyclohexyl}-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester,
 trans-{4-[5-(Cyclopropyl-methyl-amino)-pentyl]-cyclohexyl}-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester,
 trans-N-[4-(5-Diethylamino-pentyl)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide,
 trans-N-(4-[5-[Bis-(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-amino]-pentyl]-cyclohexyl)-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide,
 (cis){4-[5-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-pentyl]-cyclohexyl}-methyl-carbamic acid 4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl ester,
 trans-[4-[5-(Allylamino)-pentyl]-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl ester,
 Trans-Methyl-[4-(5-methylamino-pentyl)-cyclohexyl]-carbamic acid 4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl ester,
 trans-N-[4-(5-Allylamino-pentyl)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide,
 trans-N-{4-[5-(2-Hydroxy-1,1-dimethyl-ethylamino)-pentyl]-cyclohexyl}-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide,
 trans-N-Methyl-N-[4-(5-methylamino-pentyl)-cyclohexyl]-4-trifluoromethyl-

benzenesulfonamide,
(trans)-[4-(5-Dimethylamino-pent-1-ynyl)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester,
Trans-Methyl-[4-[5-(methyl-propyl-amino)-pent-1-ynyl]-cyclohexyl]-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester,
Trans-(4-[5-[Ethyl-(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-amino]-pent-1-ynyl]-cyclohexyl)-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester,
Trans-N-(4-[3-[Bis-(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-amino]-prop-1-ynyl]-cyclohexyl)-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide,
Trans-N-(4-[3-[Ethyl-(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-amino]-prop-1-ynyl]-cyclohexyl)-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide,
trans-[4-(4-Dimethylamino-butoxy)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid isobutyl ester,
trans-(4-[4-[Ethyl-(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-amino]-butoxy]-cyclohexyl)-methyl-carbamic acid isobutyl ester,
trans-[4-(4-Diethylamino-butoxy)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid isobutyl ester,
trans-[4-(4-Azetidin-1-yl-butoxy)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid isobutyl ester,
trans-Methyl-[4-(4-morpholin-4-yl-butoxy)-cyclohexyl]-carbamic acid isobutyl ester,
trans-Methyl-[4-(4-pyrrolidin-1-yl-butoxy)-cyclohexyl]-carbamic acid isobutyl ester,
trans-(4-[4-[Ethyl-(2-methoxy-ethyl)-amino]-butoxy]-cyclohexyl)-methyl-carbamic acid isobutyl ester,
trans-Methyl-[4-[4-(methyl-propyl-amino)-butoxy]-cyclohexyl]-carbamic acid isobutyl ester,
trans-(4-[4-[Bis-(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-amino]-butoxy]-cyclohexyl)-methyl-carbamic acid isobutyl ester,
trans-[4-(4-(Cyclopropylmethyl-methyl-amino)-butoxy)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid isobutyl ester,
Trans-N-(4-[3-[Bis-(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-amino]-propyl]-cyclohexyl)-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide,
Trans-N-(4-[3-[Ethyl-(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-amino]-propyl]-cyclohexyl)-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide,
Trans-[4-(3-Dimethylamino-prop-1-ynyl)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester,

Trans-(4-{3-[Bis-(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-amino]-prop-1-ynyl}-cyclohexyl)-methyl-carbamic acid 4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl ester,

Trans-Methyl-[4-(3-piperidin-1-yl-prop-1-ynyl)-cyclohexyl]-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester,

Trans-[4-(3-Dimethylamino-prop-1-ynyl)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl ester,

Trans-Methyl-[4-{3-(methyl-propyl-amino)-prop-1-ynyl}-cyclohexyl]-carbamic acid 4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl ester,

Trans-Methyl-[4-(3-piperidin-1-yl-prop-1-ynyl)-cyclohexyl]-carbamic acid 4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl ester,

trans-{4-[4-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-butoxy]-cyclohexyl}-methyl-carbamic acid 2,4-difluoro-phenyl ester,

trans-[4-(4-Dimethylamino-butoxy)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 2,4-difluoro-phenyl ester,

trans-(4-{4-[Ethyl-(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-amino]-butoxy}-cyclohexyl)-methyl-carbamic acid 2,4-difluoro-phenyl ester,

trans-Methyl-[4-(4-morpholin-4-yl-butoxy)-cyclohexyl]-carbamic acid 2,4-difluoro-phenyl ester,

trans-(4-{4-[Ethyl-(2-methoxy-ethyl)-amino]-butoxy}-cyclohexyl)-methyl-carbamic acid 2,4-difluoro-phenyl ester,

trans-Methyl-[4-{4-(methyl-propyl-amino)-butoxy}-cyclohexyl]-carbamic acid 2,4-difluoro-phenyl ester,

trans-3,4-Difluoro-N-methyl-N-{4-[4-(methyl-propyl-amino)-butoxy]-cyclohexyl}-benzenesulfonamide,

trans-N-(4-{4-[Ethyl-(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-amino]-butoxy}-cyclohexyl)-3,4-difluoro-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide,

trans-2,4-Difluoro-N-methyl-N-{4-[4-(methyl-propyl-amino)-butoxy]-cyclohexyl}-benzenesulfonamide,

trans-N-(4-{4-[Ethyl-(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-amino]-butoxy}-cyclohexyl)-2,4-difluoro-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide,

Trans-4-Dimethylamino-N-[4-(4-dimethylamino-butoxy)-cyclohexyl]-3-fluoro-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide,

trans-[4-{5-(4-Allyl-methyl-amino)-pentyl}-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl ester N-oxide,
Trans-N-Methyl-N-[4-[3-(methyl-propyl-amino)-prop-1-ynyl]-cyclohexyl]-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide,
Trans-N-[4-(3-Dimethylamino-prop-1-ynyl)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide,
Trans-N-(4-{3-[Ethyl-(2-methoxy-ethyl)-amino]-prop-1-ynyl}-cyclohexyl)-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide,
Trans-Methyl-{4-[4-(methyl-propyl-amino)-but-1-ynyl]-cyclohexyl}-carbamic acid 4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl ester,
Trans-[4-(4-Dimethylamino-but-1-ynyl)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl ester,
Trans-{4-[4-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-but-1-ynyl]-cyclohexyl}-methyl-carbamic acid 4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl ester,
Trans-(4-[4-[Ethyl-(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-amino]-but-1-ynyl]-cyclohexyl)-methyl-carbamic acid 4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl ester,
Trans-Methyl-{4-[4-(methyl-propyl-amino)-but-1-ynyl]-cyclohexyl}-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester,
Trans-[4-(4-Dimethylamino-but-1-ynyl)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester,
Trans-{4-[4-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-but-1-ynyl]-cyclohexyl}-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester,
trans-(1E)-N-Methyl-N-[4-[3-(methyl-propyl-amino)-propenyl]-cyclohexyl]-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide,
trans-(1E)-N-[4-(3-Dimethylamino-propenyl)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide,
trans-(1E)-N-[4-[3-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-propenyl]-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide,
trans-(1E)-N-(4-{3-[Ethyl-(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-amino]-propenyl}-cyclohexyl)-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide,
trans-N-Methyl-4-nitro-N-[4-(4-piperidin-1-yl-butoxy)-cyclohexyl]-benzenesulfonamide,

trans-N-(4-{4-[Ethyl-(2-methoxy-ethyl)-amino]-butoxy}-cyclohexyl)-N-methyl-4-nitro-benzenesulfonamide,

trans-N-[4-(4-Dimethylamino-butoxy)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-nitro-benzenesulfonamide,

trans-N-[4-{4-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-butoxy}-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-nitro-benzenesulfonamide,

trans-N-(4-{4-[Ethyl-(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-amino]-butoxy}-cyclohexyl)-N-methyl-4-nitro-benzenesulfonamide,

trans-N-[4-{4-(4-Hydroxy-piperidin-1-yl)-butoxy}-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-nitro-benzenesulfonamide,

Trans-Methyl-[4-{3-(methyl-propyl-amino)-propyl}-cyclohexyl]-carbamic acid p-tolyl ester,

Trans-4-Amino-N-methyl-N-[4-{3-(methyl-propyl-amino)-prop-1-ynyl}-cyclohexyl]-benzenesulfonamide,

Trans-Methyl-[4-{3-(methyl-propyl-amino)-propenyl}-cyclohexyl]-carbamic acid 4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl ester,

Trans-Methyl-[4-{3-(methyl-propyl-amino)-propenyl}-cyclohexyl]-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester,

trans-(1E)-(4-{3-[Ethyl-(2-methoxy-ethyl)-amino]-propenyl}-cyclohexyl)-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester,

trans-(1E)-(4-{3-[Ethyl-(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-amino]-propenyl}-cyclohexyl)-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester,

Trans-4-Chloro-N-methyl-N-[4-{3-(methyl-propyl-amino)-prop-1-ynyl}-cyclohexyl]-benzamide,

Trans-3-(4-Chloro-phenyl)-1-methyl-1-[4-{3-(methyl-propyl-amino)-prop-1-ynyl}-cyclohexyl]-urea,

Trans-4-Chloro-N-(4-{3-[ethyl-(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-amino]-prop-1-ynyl}-cyclohexyl)-N-methyl-benzamide,

Trans-3-(4-Chloro-phenyl)-1-(4-{3-[ethyl-(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-amino]-prop-1-ynyl}-cyclohexyl)-1-methyl-urea,

trans-[4-(3-Dimethylamino-propenyl)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl ester,

trans-[4-(3-Dimethylamino-propenyl)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester,
trans-Methyl-[4-(3-piperidin-1-yl-propenyl)-cyclohexyl]-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester,
trans-4-Chloro-N-methyl-N-[4-(3-piperidin-1-yl-prop-1-ynyl)-cyclohexyl]-benzenesulfonamide,
trans-4-Chloro-N-methyl-N-[4-[3-(methyl-propyl-amino)-prop-1-ynyl]-cyclohexyl]-benzenesulfonamide,
Trans-4-Chloro-N-[4-(3-dimethylamino-prop-1-ynyl)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide,
Trans-N-(4-[5-[Ethyl-(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-amino]-pentyl]-cyclohexyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide,
Trans-N-[4-[5-(2-Hydroxy-ethylamino)-pentyl]-cyclohexyl]-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide, and
Trans-N-[4-(5-Ethylamino-pentyl)-cyclohexyl]-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide and pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof.

- [0042]** Particularly preferred compounds of general formula (I) are those selected from the group consisting of
- trans-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester,
 - trans-{4-[4-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-butoxy]-cyclohexyl}-methyl-carbamic acid 4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl ester,
 - trans-N-[4-(6-Diethylamino-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide,
 - trans-{4-[4-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-butoxy]-cyclohexyl}-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester,
 - trans-{4-[2-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-ethylsulfanylmethyl]-cyclohexyl}-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester,
 - trans-{4-[5-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-pentyl]-cyclohexyl}-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester,
 - trans-(4-[4-[Ethyl-(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-amino]-butoxy]-cyclohexyl)-methyl-carbamic acid

4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl ester,
trans-N-[4-(3-Allylamino-propoxy)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-
benzenesulfonamide,
trans-{4-[5-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-pentyl]-cyclohexyl}-methyl-carbamic acid 4-
trifluoromethyl-phenyl ester,
trans-(4-[5-[Ethyl-(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-amino]-pentyl]-cyclohexyl)-methyl-carbamic acid
4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl ester,
trans-(4-[5-[Ethyl-(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-amino]-pentyl]-cyclohexyl)-methyl-carbamic acid
4-bromo-phenyl ester,
trans-N-(4-[5-[Ethyl-(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-amino]-pentyl]-cyclohexyl)-N-methyl-4-
trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide,
trans-{4-(4-Dimethylamino-butoxy)-cyclohexyl}-methyl-carbamic acid 4-trifluoromethyl-
phenyl ester,
trans-{4-[5-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-pentyl]-cyclohexyl}-methyl-carbamic acid 4-bromo-
phenyl ester,
trans-{4-[3-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-prop-1-ynyl]-cyclohexyl}-methyl-carbamic acid 4-
chloro-phenyl ester,
trans-N-{4-[5-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-pentyl]-cyclohexyl}-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-
benzenesulfonamide,
trans-(4-[3-[Ethyl-(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-amino]-propyl]-cyclohexyl)-methyl-carbamic acid
4-chloro-phenyl ester, and
trans-{4-[4-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-butyl]-cyclohexyl}-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-
phenyl ester,
and pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof.

[0043] Other particularly preferred compounds of general formula (I) are those selected from
the group consisting of

Trans-N-[4-(4-Dimethylamino-but-1-ynyl)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-
benzenesulfonamide,
trans-Methyl-[4-(5-piperidin-1-yl-pentyl)-cyclohexyl]-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl
ester,
Trans-Methyl-[4-(5-methylamino-pentyl)-cyclohexyl]-carbamic acid 4-trifluoromethyl-

phenyl ester,

Trans-(4-{5-[Ethyl-(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-amino]-pent-1-ynyl}-cyclohexyl)-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester,

trans-N-Ethyl-N-(4-{4-[(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-methyl-amino]-butoxy}-cyclohexyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide,

trans-(1E)-N-(4-{3-[Ethyl-(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-amino]-propenyl}-cyclohexyl)-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide,

Trans-4-Bromo-N-[4-(2-diisopropylamino-ethoxy)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide,

trans-Methyl-[4-(4-piperidin-1-yl-butyl)-cyclohexyl]-carbamic acid 4-bromo-phenyl ester,

trans-N-Methyl-N-[4-(4-piperidin-1-yl-butyl)-cyclohexyl]-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide,

trans-N-(4-{4-[Bis-(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-amino]-butoxy}-cyclohexyl)-N-ethyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide,

Trans-4-Bromo-N-methyl-N-[4-(2-piperidin-1-yl-ethoxy)-cyclohexyl]-benzenesulfonamide,

trans-N-[4-(4-Dimethylamino-butoxy)-cyclohexyl]-N-ethyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide,

Trans-Methyl-{4-[3-(methyl-propyl-amino)-prop-1-ynyl]-cyclohexyl}-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester,

trans-(1E)-N-Methyl-N-{4-[3-(methyl-propyl-amino)-propenyl]-cyclohexyl}-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide,

Trans-N-(4-{4-[Ethyl-(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-amino]-but-1-ynyl}-cyclohexyl)-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide,

Trans-N-Methyl-N-{4-[4-(methyl-propyl-amino)-but-1-ynyl]-cyclohexyl}-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide, and

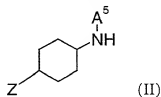
Trans-N-{4-[2-(1-Dimethylamino-cyclopropyl)-ethoxy]-cyclohexyl}-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide,

and pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof.

[0044] Compounds of formula (I) can have one or more asymmetric carbon atoms and can exist in the form of optically pure enantiomers or as racemates. The invention embraces all of these forms.

[0045] It will be appreciated, that the compounds of general formula (I) in this invention may be derivatised at functional groups to provide derivatives which are capable of conversion back to the parent compound in vivo.

[0046] The present invention also relates to a process for the manufacture of compounds as described above, which process comprises reacting a compound of formula (II)



wherein

A^5 has the significance given above,

Z is a group $(A^1, A^2)_n N-C(A^3, A^4)-(CH_2)_m V-(CH_2)_n$ or $HO-(CH_2)_n$, wherein $A^1, A^2,$

A^3, A^4, V, m and n have the significances given above,

with $ClSO_2-A^6, ClCOO-A^6, ClCSO-A^6, OCN-A^6, SCN-A^6, HOOC-A^6$, or $ClSO_2NR^1-A^6$,

wherein A^6 has the significance given above.

[0047] The invention further relates to compounds of formula (I) as defined above, when manufactured according to a process as defined above.

[0048] As described above, the compounds of formula (I) of the present invention can be used for the treatment and/or prophylaxis of diseases which are associated with OSC such as hypercholesterolemia, hyperlipemia, arteriosclerosis, vascular diseases, mycoses, parasite infections and gallstones, and/or treatment and/or prophylaxis of impaired glucose tolerance, diabetes, tumors and/or hyperproliferative disorders, preferably for the treatment and/or prophylaxis of hypercholesterolemia and/or hyperlipemia.

Hyperproliferative skin and vascular disorders particularly come into consideration as hyperproliferative disorders.

[0049] The invention therefore also relates to pharmaceutical compositions comprising a compound as defined above and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier and/or adjuvant.

[0050] Further, the invention relates to compounds as defined above for use as therapeutic active substances, particularly as therapeutic active substances for the treatment and/or prophylaxis of diseases which are associated with OSC such as hypercholesterolemia, hyperlipemia, arteriosclerosis, vascular diseases, mycoses, parasite infections, gallstones, tumors and/or hyperproliferative disorders, and/or treatment and/or prophylaxis of impaired glucose tolerance and diabetes, preferably for the treatment and/or prophylaxis of hypercholesterolemia and/or hyperlipemia.

[0051] In another embodiment, the invention relates to a method for the treatment and/or prophylaxis of diseases which are associated with OSC such as hypercholesterolemia, hyperlipemia, arteriosclerosis, vascular diseases, mycoses, parasite infections, gallstones, tumors and/or hyperproliferative disorders, and/or treatment and/or prophylaxis of impaired glucose tolerance and diabetes, preferably for the treatment and/or prophylaxis of hypercholesterolemia and/or hyperlipemia, which method comprises administering a compound as defined above to a human being or animal.

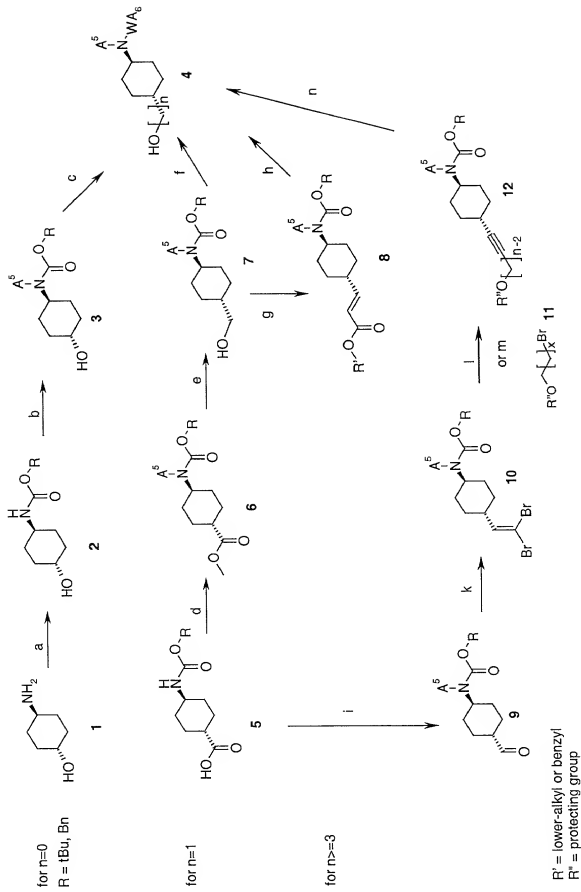
[0052] The invention further relates to the use of compounds as defined above for the treatment and/or prophylaxis of diseases which are associated with OSC such as hypercholesterolemia, hyperlipemia, arteriosclerosis, vascular diseases, mycoses, parasite infections, gallstones, tumors and/or hyperproliferative disorders, and/or treatment and/or prophylaxis of impaired glucose tolerance and diabetes, preferably for the treatment and/or prophylaxis of hypercholesterolemia and/or hyperlipemia.

[0053] In addition, the invention relates to the use of compounds as defined above for the preparation of medicaments for the treatment and/or prophylaxis of diseases which are

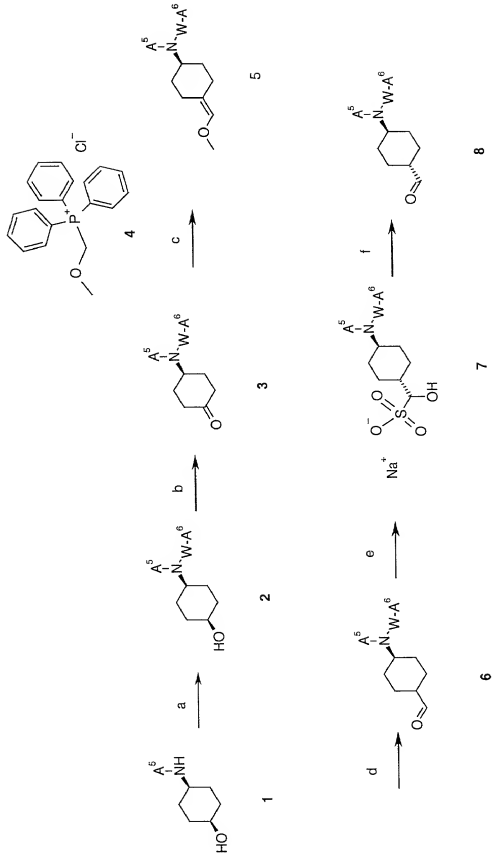
associated with OSC such as hypercholesterolemia, hyperlipemia, arteriosclerosis, vascular diseases, mycoses, parasite infections, gallstones, tumors and/or hyperproliferative disorders, and/or treatment and/or prophylaxis of impaired glucose tolerance and diabetes, preferably for the treatment and/or prophylaxis of hypercholesterolemia and/or hyperlipemia. Such medicaments comprise a compound as defined above.

[0054] The compounds of formula (I) can be manufactured by the methods given below, by the methods given in the examples or by analogous methods. Appropriate reaction conditions for the individual reaction steps are known to the person skilled in the art. Starting materials are either commercially available or can be prepared by methods analogous to the methods given in the examples or by methods known in the art.

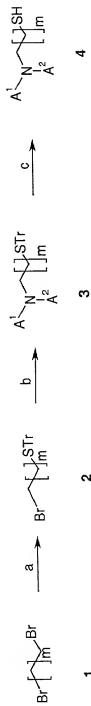
Scheme 1a



Scheme 1b

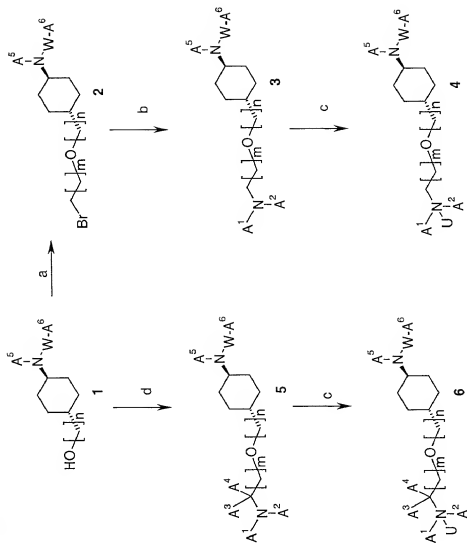


Scheme 2

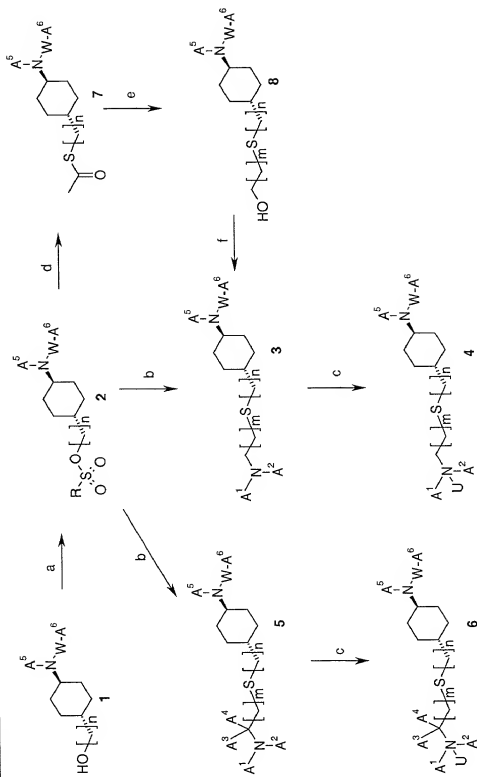


Tr= trityl

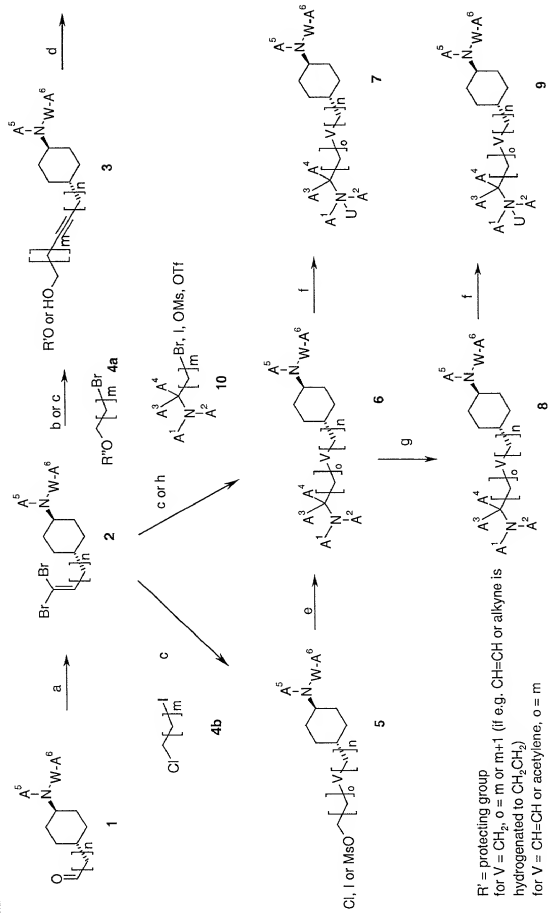
Scheme 3



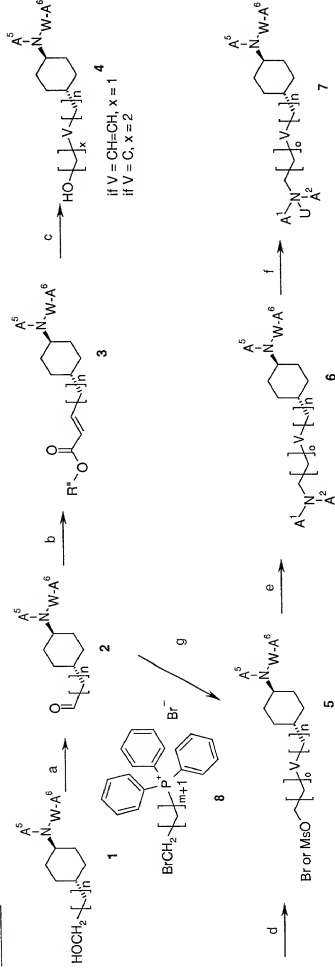
Scheme 4



Scheme 5

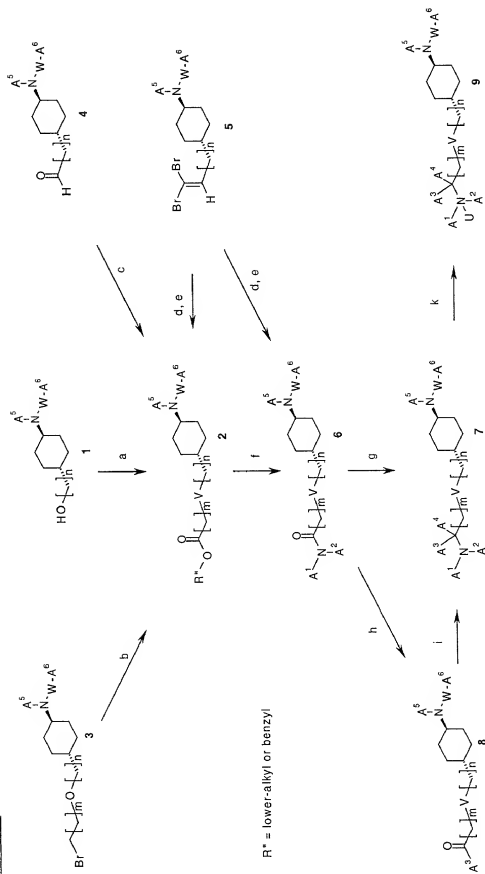


Scheme 6



R'' = lower-alkyl or benzyl
for $V = \text{CH}_2$, $o = m$ or $m+1$ (if e.g. $\text{CH}=\text{CH}$ is
hydrogenated to CH_2CH_2)
for $V = \text{CH}=\text{CH}$, $o = m$

Scheme 7



Scheme 1a:

[0055] The preparation of the starting materials for aminocyclohexyl derivatives of formula (I) in which V is O or S is depicted in scheme 1a.

[0056] For compounds with $n=0$, the synthesis starts from trans-4-aminocyclohexanol 1 which is converted to the Z-derivative or the BOC derivative 2 e.g. ZCl, Na_2CO_3 , THF, H_2O or $(\text{BOC})_2\text{O}$, iPrOH, CH_2Cl_2 , respectively (step a). Lithium aluminum hydride reduction yields trans-4-methylaminocyclohexanol which is either BOC-protected to yield compound 3 or is directly transferred into the desired A^6W -derivative 4 using one of the methods described later for compound 3 or 5 in scheme 3. If needed, the aminocyclohexanol derivative can be treated with hexamethyldisilazane at reflux, prior to the introduction of the A^6W -moiety. Alternatively, the residue A^5 can be introduced via alkylation using sodium hydride and a reactive alkyl or arylalkyl derivative (step b). BOC-deprotection (TFA, CH_2Cl_2) or Z-deprotection (hydrogenation) followed by treatment with A^6W -derivatives gives compounds of the formula 4.

[0057] For $n=1$, the starting material is (trans)- 4-tert-butoxycarbonyl amino-cyclohexanecarboxylic acid 5. This is converted to the derivative 6 by ester formation (e.g. carbonyldiimidazole, methanol in THF) and direct alkylation using sodium hydride and a reactive alkyl or arylalkyl derivative (step d). Reduction with lithium aluminum hydride yields the protected alcohol 7.

[0058] For $n=2$, the starting material is trans-4-aminocyclohexyl acetic acid (can be derived from 4-nitrophenylacetic acid according to Karpavichyus, K. I.; Palaima, A. I.; Knunyants, I. L.; BACCAT; Bull.Acad.Sci.USSR Div.Chem.Sci. (Engl.Transl.); EN; 29; 1980; 1689-1694; IASKA6; Izv.Akad.Nauk SSSR Ser.Khim.; RU; 10; 1980; 2374-2379 or T.P. Johnston et al. Journal of Medicinal Chemistry, 1977, Vol. No.2, 279-290.) which can be converted to the corresponding alcohol following the protocol for the compounds 5 to 7.

[0059] For $n \geq 3$, the starting material is (trans)- 4-tert-butoxycarbonyl amino-cyclohexane-carboxylic acid 5. Chain elongation can be achieved using methods known in the art or as described below:

[0060] For C_2 -elongation: Swern oxidation of the alcohol 7 to the corresponding aldehyde followed by Horner-Emmons reaction with triethyl phosphono acetate, sodium methanolate in ethanol gave the unsaturated ester 8. This was subjected to hydrogenation with 10% palladium on carbon in methanol and reduction with lithium aluminum hydride in THF to yield the chain-elongated alcohol 4. This sequence can be repeated to get the C_4 -elongated alcohol 4.

[0061] For C_2 up to $C_{(n-1)}$ -elongation Corey-Fuchs methodology may be used: Therefore, acid 5 is converted to the Weinreb derivative by treatment with N,O-dimethyl-hydroxylamine-hydrochloride with EDCI and HOBt in CH_2Cl_2 at room temperature which is reduced by lithium aluminum hydride to the corresponding aldehyde 9 (step i). This aldehyde 9 can be treated with triphenylphosphine, tetrabromomethane and triethylamine in CH_2Cl_2 at 0 °C to RT to yield 2,2-Dibromo-vinyl derivative 10. Rearrangement with *n*-BuLi (ca 1.6 M in hexane) in THF at -78 °C, followed by reaction with formaldehyde (-78 °C to RT) gives the propargyl alcohol [step l, following conditions described in: Marshall, James A.; Bartley, Gary S.; Wallace, Eli M. Total Synthesis of the Pseudopterane (-)-Kallolide B, the Enantiomer of Natural (+)-Kallolide B. J. Org. Chem. (1996), 61(17), 5729-5735; and Baker, Raymond; Boyes, Alastair L.; Swain, Christopher J. Synthesis of talaromycins A, B, C, and E. J. Chem. Soc., Perkin Trans. 1 (1990), (5), 1415-21.], from which the propanol derivative 4 can be obtained by hydrogenation with 10%Pd/C.

[0062] For longer side chains, the rearrangement is performed with *n*-BuLi (ca 1.6 M in hexane) in THF at -78 °C as above, followed by addition of a cosolvents such as DMPU and reaction with O-protected 1-bromo-alcohols 11 (step m; e.g. 1-bromo-*n*-tetrahydropyran-*o*-alkane) to give the O-protected compounds 12. 12 can be converted to the alkanol derivatives by hydrogenation with 10%Pd/C followed by deprotection to yield the derivatives 4.

[0063] If WA^6 is a protective group, this may be cleaved as described for derivative 3 and the final moieties WA^6 may be introduced as described for the compounds in scheme 3.

Scheme 1b:

[0064] Scheme 1b describes the synthesis of pure trans-aldehyde building block 8. A^5 substituted 4-aminocyclohexanol 1 is converted to the Z-derivative or to the $W-A^6$ derivative 2 (e.g. ZCl , Na_2CO_3 , THF, H_2O or $W-A^6$ -introduction see scheme 3) (step a). Oxidation with TEMPO (2,2,6,6-Tetramethylpiperidine 1-oxyl, radical) and sodium hypochlorite gives ketone 3 (step b). Wittig reaction with (methoxymethyl)triphenylphosphonium chloride 4 in THF and potassium t-butoxide as base gives enoether 5 (step c), which is hydrolysed with 1 N HCl in THF at reflux (step d). The crude aldehyde 6 (as a cis/trans mixture) can be isomerised via bisulfite-adduct 7 (with disodium pyrosulfite in water/TBME, step e). Bisulfite adduct 7 can then be converted to the pure trans-aldehyde 8 with aqueous Na_2CO_3 in water/TBME (step f).

Scheme 2:

[0065] Scheme 2 shows the synthesis of aminothiols 4 that are used for the synthesis of compounds with thioether spacers. Triphenylmethanethiol is deprotonated with NaH in DMA and reacted with α,ω -dihaloalkane in DMA (step a). Treatment with the amine A^1A^2NH yields the S-protected amine 3 (step b). Deprotection of the thiol moiety may be achieved by treatment with TFA/triisopropylsilane in CH_2Cl_2 at 0 °C to RT to give the aminethiol 4 (step c).

Scheme 3:

[0066] The synthesis of ether derivatives of formula (I) is depicted in scheme 3. For the preparation of derivatives with $n=0$, the aminocyclohexanol derivative 1 can be treated under phase transfer conditions e.g. α,ω -dihaloalkanes, NaOH, nBu_4NHSO_4 to yield bromide 2. For $n>0$, alcohol derivative 1 may be treated with α,ω -dihaloalkane (for C_4 or longer alkanes) in the presence of NaH in DMF 0 °C to RT to yield bromide 2. For shorter alkanes the method of choice is the in situ generation of the haloalkane-triflate (from the corresponding haloalkanol with trifluoromethanesulfonic anhydride/2,6-di-

tert-butylpyridine in CH_2Cl_2 at 0 °C). This haloalkane-triflate is then reacted with alcohol 1 with 2,6-di-tert-butylpyridine as base in nitromethane at 60 °C to yield bromide 2 [following a procedure of Belostotskii, Anatoly M.; Hassner, Alfred. *Synthetic methods*. 41. Etherification of hydroxysteroids via triflates. *Tetrahedron Lett.* (1994), 35(28), 5075-6].

[0067] Amination of bromide 2 with amine $\text{A}^1\text{A}^2\text{NH}$ in DMA or DMF, at RT or in MeOH at RT to reflux yields the final amine 3, optionally DBU may be added. Amine 3 may be converted to a salt or to the N-oxide 4 using a mixture of hydrogen peroxide urea adduct and phthalic anhydride in CH_2Cl_2 at RT.

[0068] If A^6W in 2 is a protecting moiety this can be cleaved using TFA in CH_2Cl_2 for BOC-groups or by hydrogenation in methanol/HCl with Pd/C for Z-groups. The resulting ammonium salt (not shown) may be treated according to one of the procedures described later to derive the appropriate A^6W derivative which is then reacted with an excess of the amine $\text{A}^1\text{A}^2\text{NH}$ in DMA or DMF, at RT optionally with DBU or in MeOH at RT to reflux to yield the final amine 3.

[0069] Alternatively, the alcohol 1 can be converted to the amine 5 by attaching the pre-assembled fragment $\text{A}^1\text{A}^2\text{NC}(\text{A}^3\text{A}^4)(\text{CH}_2)_m\text{-OH}$, which can be synthesized by known methods, to the mesylate/halogenide of derivative 1 using alkylating conditions (step d). The amine 5 can be converted to its salt or the N-oxide 6 as described above (step c).

[0070] Finally, the substitution pattern for A^6 in product 5 can be manipulated: e.g. hydrolysis of an acetyl group to an NH_2 . Furthermore the substitution pattern of A^1 or A^2 may be modified, e.g. treatment of hydroxyethylamine with DAST.

[0071] If A^6W in 3 or 5 is a protecting moiety this can be cleaved prior to salt or N-oxide formation using TFA in CH_2Cl_2 for BOC-groups or by hydrogenation in methanol with Pd/C for Z-groups. The resulting amine (not shown) may be treated according to one of the following procedures to derive the appropriate A^6W derivative 3 or 5.

[0072] Sulfonamides: Sulfonylation of the amines is done in dioxane or CH_2Cl_2 with Huenig's base and a sulfonyl chloride over night at RT to yield the sulfonamide 3 or 5.

[0073] Carbamates: The amines may be reacted with A^6OCOCI /Huenig's base in dioxane or CH_2Cl_2 . Alternatively, the chloroformates may be prepared in situ by treatment of A^6OH with Cl_3COCl in the presence of quinoline followed by reaction with the amines in the presence of Huenig's base.

[0074] Thiocarbamates: The amines may be reacted with A^6OCSCI in dioxane.

[0075] Ureas: The amines may be reacted with isocyanate in dioxane at room temperature.

[0076] Thioureas: The amines may be reacted with isothiocyanate in dioxane at room temperature.

[0077] Amides: The amines may be reacted with A^6COCl /Huenigsbase in CH_2Cl_2 , A^6COOH /EDCI/DMAP (via formation of the symmetrical anhydride, and subsequent addition of the starting amine at - 10 °C to room temperature) or alternatively with A^6COOH /EDCI/DMAP or A^6COOH /Huenig's base or NMM/EDCI/HOBT in DMF, dioxane or CH_2Cl_2 at room temperature.

[0078] Sulfamides: The amines may be reacted with sulfamoyl chlorides in dioxane in the presence of an excess of triethylamine to yield sulfamide 3 or 5. The sulfamoyl chlorides can be prepared from A^6NH_2 and chlorosulfonic acid in CH_2Cl_2 at 0 °C to room temperature followed by reaction with PCl_5 in toluene at 75 °C. Alternatively, the sulfamoyl chlorides can be synthesized in acetonitrile with A^6NH_2 and sulfonyl chloride at 0 °C to 65 °C.

Scheme 4:

[0079] Scheme 4 shows the synthesis of thio ether derivatives of formula I in which V is S. For compounds in which n is 0, mesylation is performed under inversion (Mitsunobu conditions, step a). For compounds with $n > 0$, the alcohol 1 can be mesylated with

methanesulfonyl chloride in pyridine in the presence of DMAP at 0 °C to RT to yield sulfonate 2 (step a). Sulfonate 2 is then thiolated with the corresponding A¹A²aminoalkanethiol (in analogy to the methods described in context with scheme 2) with NaH as base in DMF at 0 °C to RT to give the final compound 3 or 5, respectively (step b).

[0080] Another approach for the synthesis of thioether 3, which opens up the possibility to vary the A¹A²amine terminus at the end, is depicted in steps d - f. Sulfonate 2 is treated with potassium thioacetate in DMF at 100 °C to yield thioacetate 7. Deprotection with 1N LiOH in ethanol and alkylation with haloalkanol gives alcohol 8. The alcohol 8 is treated with methanesulfonyl chloride in pyridine in the presence of DMAP at 0 °C to RT to yield the mesylate/chloride which can be aminated with the corresponding A¹A²amine in the presence of NaI in DMA to yield the final amine 3. If WA⁶ is a protecting group this can be cleaved and the resulting amine can be converted to the desired WA⁶ derivative by employing one of the methods described for compounds 3 and 5 in scheme 3.

[0081] Finally, the substitution pattern for A⁶ can be manipulated: e.g. hydrolysis of an acetyl group to an NH₂. Furthermore the substitution pattern of A¹ or A² may be modified, e.g. treatment of hydroxyethylamine with DAST.

[0082] The amines 3 or 5 can optionally be converted to a salt or to the N-oxide 4 or 6 (step c, with e.g. hydrogen peroxide urea adduct and phthalic anhydride in CH₂Cl₂ at RT).

Scheme 5:

[0083] In scheme 5 the synthesis of C-analogues aminocyclohexanes of the general structure I in which V is -CH₂-, -CH=CH- or -C≡C- is described. The synthesis starts from aldehyde 1 which can be derived from (trans)- 4-tert-butoxycarbonyl amino-cyclohexane-carboxylic acid (see scheme 1a, compound 9) or from the corresponding alcohol (compound 4, scheme 1a) by Swern oxidation. Side chain extension is effected through application of the Corey-Fuchs method. The aldehyde 1 is treated with triphenylphosphine, tetra-bromo-methane and triethylamine in CH₂Cl₂ at 0 °C to RT to yield 2,2-Dibromo-vinyl derivative 2. Rearrangement with n-BuLi (ca 1.6 M in hexane)

in THF at -78 °C, followed by reaction with formaldehyde (-78 °C to RT; step b) leads to the propargyl alcohol 3 [following conditions described in: Marshall, James A.; Bartley, Gary S.; Wallace, Eli M. Total Synthesis of the Pseudopterane (-)-Kallolide B, the Enantiomer of Natural (+)-Kallolide B. J. Org. Chem. (1996), 61(17), 5729-5735; and Baker, Raymond; Boyes, Alastair L.; Swain, Christopher J. Synthesis of talaromycins A, B, C, and E. J. Chem. Soc., Perkin Trans. 1 (1990), (5), 1415-21.].

[0084] For longer side chains, the rearrangement of dibromoalkene 2 is performed with n-BuLi (ca 1.6 M in hexane) in THF at -78 °C as above, followed by addition of a cosolvent such as DMPU and reaction with O-protected 1-bromo-alcohols 4a (e.g. 1-bromo-n-tetrahydro-pyran-yloxyalkane) to yield the O-protected compounds 3 which can be deprotected to the corresponding alkinol 3 derivative in MeOH at 50-60 °C in the presence of catalytic amount of pyridinium toluene-4-sulfonate (step c). Alternatively, the side chain elongation of dibromoalkene 2 can also be performed with chloroalkane iodide 4b (m>1) under the same conditions as described above to give directly chloride 5. Chloride 5 is then converted via iodide 5 (Finkelstein reaction) to the amine 6 as described later.

[0085] Mesylation of alcohol 3 with methanesulfonylchloride, pyridine and DMAP in CH₂Cl₂ at 0 °C to RT yields mesylate 5 which can be converted to the amine 6 in DMA or MeOH at RT or at 50-70 °C with an excess of the corresponding amine NHA¹A² (step e).

[0086] If A⁶W is a protecting moiety this can be cleaved prior to salt or n-oxide formation using TFA in CH₂Cl₂ for BOC-groups or by hydrogenation in methanol with Pd/C for Z-groups. The resulting amine (not shown) may be treated according to one of the procedures described for scheme 3 to yield the appropriate A⁶W derivative 6.

[0087] Optionally the introduction of the desired A⁶W moiety can be performed at an earlier stage, e.g. derivative 2 or O-protected derivative 3 or mesylate, chloride or iodide 5 to enable an optimization of the NA¹A² terminus at the final step e.

[0088] To obtain compounds 6 in which A³ and/or A⁴ is not H and m>0, compounds 2 can be reacted with compounds 10 under the same condition as described for step c. The building blocks 10 can be prepared by known methods. For the introduction of the group (A¹,A²)N-C(A³,A⁴)- wherein A³ and/or A⁴ is not H and m=0, a two step procedure has to be followed: first the rearrangement with n-BuLi (ca 1.6 M in hexane) in THF at -78 °C, followed by reaction with the corresponding aldehyde (A³ or A⁴-COH) or ketone (A³COA⁴, at -78 °C to RT) leading to the A³,A⁴ substituted propargyl alcohol which can be transformed to a phosphorester or a chloride (not shown) and reacted with the desired (A¹,A²)-amine in the presence of Tetrakis(triphenylphosphine)palladium (for the phosphorester) or Cu(I)Cl/Cu bronze and Huenig's base for the chloride to yield the desired A³,A⁴-substituted compound 6 (step h). (see: Bartlett, Paul A.; McQuaid, Loretta A.. Total synthesis of (I)-methyle shikimate and (II)-3-phosphoshikimic acid. J. Am. Chem. Soc. (1984), 106(25), 7854-60 and Cooper, Matthew A.; Lucas, Mathew A.; Taylor, Joanne M.; Ward, A. David; Williamson, Natalie M. A convenient method for the aromatic amino-Claisen rearrangement of N-(1,1-disubstituted-allyl)anilines. Synthesis (2001), (4), 621-625.)

[0089] Compounds in which V is -CH₂- or -CH=CH- can be obtained by hydrogenation of compound 6 with Pt/C (yields the saturated analogue 8) or by hydrogenation with other known methods (yields the double bond analogue 8). Alternatively, the alkyne group can already be reduced at an earlier stage e.g. alcohol 3 (e.g. LAH-reduction for m = 0, gives V = trans-CH=CH- or hydrogenation with Pt/C or PtO₂.H₂O yields V = CH₂CH₂-), and the resulting compound can be transformed further to the final compounds 8 and/or 9.

[0090] Finally, the substitution pattern for A⁶ can be manipulated on amine 6 or 8: e.g. hydrolysis of an acetyl group to an NH₂. Furthermore the substitution pattern of A¹ or A² may be modified, e.g. treatment of hydroxyethylamine with DAST.

[0091] The amines 6 and 8 can be converted to a salt or as described in step f to the N-oxide 7 and 9, respectively, using a mixture of hydrogen peroxide urea adduct and phthalic anhydride in CH₂Cl₂ at RT.

Scheme 6:

[0092] The synthesis of C-analogues in which V is $-\text{CH}_2-$ or $-\text{CH}=\text{CH}-$ is depicted in scheme

6. Alcohol 1 (see synthesis of alcohol 4 in Scheme 1a) can be transformed to the aldehyde 2 via Swern-oxidation. Alternatively, alcohol 1 can be tosylated (tosylchloride in pyridine) followed by treatment with NaCN (in DMF at 100 °C) and reduction with DIBALH (-78 °C to RT in THF) to give the C1-elongated aldehyde 2. Horner-Emmons reaction with triethyl phosphono acetate, sodium methanolate in ethanol yields the unsaturated ester 3 (step b). Ester 3 can either be reduced directly to the unsaturated alcohol 4 (V is $-\text{CH}=\text{CH}-$, $x=1$) or can be hydrogenated with 10% Pd/C in methanol and reduced with lithium aluminum hydride in THF to the saturated alcohol 4 (V is $-\text{CH}_2-$, $x=2$). The alcohol is mesylated with methane sulfonyl chloride, triethylamine in CH_2Cl_2 to yield mesylate 5 (step d) which is treated with the desired amine $\text{A}^1\text{A}^2\text{NH}$ to yield the derivative 6 (step e). As described for the previous schemes, for the cases A^6W is a protecting group (BOC or Z), this can be cleaved and the appropriate A^6W moiety introduced using the methods shown in scheme 3.

[0093] Finally, the substitution pattern for A^6 can be manipulated on amine 6: e.g. hydrolysis of an acetyl group to an NH_2 . Furthermore the substitution pattern of A^1 or A^2 may be modified, e.g. treatment of hydroxyethylamine with DAST.

[0094] The amines 6 can be converted to a salt or, as described in step f, to the N-oxide 7 using a mixture of hydrogen peroxide urea adduct and phthalic anhydride in CH_2Cl_2 at RT.

[0095] Alternatively the side chain can be directly introduced by treatment of aldehyde 2 via Wittig-reaction to give bromide 5 (step g; aldehyde 2 and Wittigsalt 8 was refluxed in the presence of K_2CO_3 or Cs_2CO_3 in 2-methyl-2-butanol). Bromide 5 can be transformed directly to amine 6 or N-oxide 7 as described above. For the cases A^6W is a protecting group (BOC or Z), this can be cleaved (i.e. first selective hydrogenation of the double bond with Pt/C, H_2 in toluene followed by cleavage of the Z-protection with HBr (33%) in acetic acid) on the stage of 5 or 6 and the appropriate A^6W moiety can be introduced using the methods shown in scheme 3.

Scheme 7:

[0096] Another approach for the introduction of the substituted side chain is depicted in scheme 7. It starts by attaching an ω -hydroxycarbonic acid ester via the in situ generated triflate in analogy to Belostotskii, Anatoly M.; Hassner, Alfred. *Synthetic methods*. 41. Etherification of hydroxysteroids via triflates. *Tetrahedron Lett.* (1994), 35(28), 5075-6 (step a). Alternatively, the ester 2 can be prepared from the bromide 3 (synthesis according to scheme 3) by treatment with e.g. acetocyanhydrine in acetonitrile, followed by a Pinner reaction and hydrolysis of the imidate to the corresponding ester (step b).

[0097] For $V = CH=CH$, the ester 2 or its corresponding acid may be prepared from aldehyde 4 (synthesis described in scheme 6) by treatment with the corresponding Wittig reagent $Ph_3P(CH_2)_{m+1}CO_2R/H$. For $V=C$, hydrogenation of the Wittig product under standard conditions yields the saturated product 2.

[0098] For $V = CC$, ester 2 or amide 6 may be derived from the dibromoderivative 5 (synthesis according to scheme 5) by rearrangement with $n-BuLi$ (ca 1.6 M in hexane) in THF at $-78^\circ C$, followed by reaction with chloroformate or dimethylcarbamoyl chloride ($-78^\circ C$ to RT; step d). For longer side chains, the rearrangement of dibromoalkene 5 may be performed with $n-BuLi$ (ca 1.6 M in hexane) in THF at $-78^\circ C$ as above, followed by addition of a cosolvent such as DMPU and reaction with a suitable protected 1-bromo-alkylalcohol $Br-(CH_2)_mCH_2OH$, followed by oxidation to yield the compound 2 as acid (step e).

[0099] Saponification of the ester 2 using standard conditions e.g. $LiOH$ in $EtOH$, $MeOH$ or THF , followed by treatment with NHA^1A^2 , $EDCl$, $HOBT$ and a base such as Huenig's base, NEt_3 , NMM in CH_2Cl_2 , DMF , DMA or dioxane gives amide 6. Amide 6 can be transferred to amine 7 ($A^3, A^4=Me$) by reaction with methylmagnesium bromide, $ZrCl_4$ in THF at low temperature (see Stephen M. Denton, Anthony Wood, A Modified Bouveault Reaction for the Preparation of α, α -dimethylamines from Amides, *Synlett* 1999,1, 55-56.) or by treatment with other grignard reagents in the presence of $ZrCl_4$ or $Ti(OiPr)_4$ (see V. Chalinski, A. de Meijere, A versatile New Preparation of Cyclopropylamines from acid dialkylamides, *Angew.Chem. Int. Ed. Engl.* 1996, 35, No4, 413-4.).

[0100] For $A^1=Me$, $A^2=OMe$, the amide **3** can be treated with a grignard reagent A^3MgX to give the corresponding ketone **8**. Reductive alkylation of the ketone **8** by treatment with NHA^1A^2 in the presence of tetraisopropyl orthotitanate, followed by reduction with $NaCNBH_3$ in ethanol yields the amine **7** (see: R. J. Mattson, K. M. Pham, D. J. Leuck, K.A. Cowen, J.O.C. 1990,55,2552-4.).

[0101] Amine **7** may be converted to a salt or to the N-oxide **9** using a mixture of hydrogen peroxide urea adduct and phthalic anhydride in CH_2Cl_2 at RT.

[0102] If A^6W is a protecting moiety this can be cleaved prior to salt or N-oxide formation using TFA in CH_2Cl_2 for BOC-groups or by hydrogenation in methanol with Pd/C for Z-groups. The resulting amine (not shown) may be treated according to one of the procedures described before (scheme 3) to derive the appropriate A^6W derivative.

[0103] Pure cis- or trans- aminocyclohexane derivatives can be obtained either by separation of the mixtures using HPLC or by using stereochemically defined starting materials.

[0104] The following tests were carried out in order to determine the activity of the compounds of formula I and their salts.

Inhibition of human liver microsomal 2,3-oxidosqualene-lanosterol cyclase (OSC)

[0105] Liver microsomes from a healthy volunteer were prepared in sodium phosphate buffer (pH 7.4). The OSC activity was measured in the same buffer, which also contained 1mM EDTA and 1mM dithiothreitol. The microsomes were diluted to 0.8mg/ml protein in cold phosphate buffer. Dry [^{14}C]R,S-monooxidosqualene (MOS, 12.8 mCi/mmol) was diluted to 20 nCi/ μ l with ethanol and mixed with phosphate buffer-1% BSA (bovine serum albumin). A stock solution of 1 mM test substance in DMSO was diluted to the desired concentration with phosphate buffer-1% BSA. 40 μ l of microsomes were mixed with 20 μ l of the solution of the test substance and the reaction was subsequently started with 20 μ l of the [^{14}C]R,S-MOS solution. The final conditions were: 0.4mg/ml of

microsomal proteins and 30 μ l of [14 C]R,S-MOS in phosphate buffer, pH 7.4, containing 0.5% albumin, DMSO <0.1% and ethanol <2%, in a total volume of 80 μ l.

[0106] After 1 hour at 37°C the reaction was stopped by the addition of 0.6 ml of 10% KOH-methanol, 0.7ml of water and 0.1ml of hexane:ether (1:1, v/v) which contained 25 μ g of non-radioactive MOS and 25 μ g of lanosterol as carriers. After shaking, 1 ml of hexane:ether (1:1, v/v) was added to each test tube, these were again shaken and then centrifuged. The upper phase was transferred into a glass test tube, the lower phase was again extracted with hexane:ether and combined with the first extract. The entire extract was evaporated to dryness with nitrogen, the residue was suspended in 50 μ l of hexane:ether and applied to a silica gel plate. Chromatographic separation was effected in hexane:ether (1:1, v/v) as the eluent. The R_f values for the MOS substrate and the lanosterol product were 0.91 and, respectively, 0.54. After drying, radioactive MOS and lanosterol were observed on the silica gel plate. The ratio of MOS to lanosterol was determined from the radioactive bands in order to determine the yield of the reaction and OSC inhibition.

[0107] The test was carried out on the one hand with a constant test substance concentration of 100nM and the percentage OSC inhibition against controls was calculated. The more preferred compounds of the present invention exhibit inhibitions larger than 50%. In addition, the test was carried out with different test substance concentrations and subsequently the IC₅₀ value was calculated, i.e. the concentration required to reduce the conversion of MOS into lanosterol to 50% of the control value. The preferred compounds of the present invention exhibit IC₅₀ values of 1 nM to 10 μ M, preferably of 1 - 100 nM.

[0108] The compounds of formula I and their pharmaceutically acceptable acid addition salts can be used as medicaments, e.g. in the form of pharmaceutical preparations for enteral, parenteral or topical administration. They can be administered, for example, perorally, e.g. in the form of tablets, coated tablets, dragées, hard and soft gelatine

capsules, solutions, emulsions or suspensions, rectally, e.g. in the form of suppositories, parenterally, e.g. in the form of injection solutions or infusion solutions, or topically, e.g. in the form of ointments, creams or oils.

[0109] The production of the pharmaceutical preparations can be effected in a manner which will be familiar to any person skilled in the art by bringing the described compounds of formula I and their pharmaceutically acceptable acid addition salts, optionally in combination with other therapeutically valuable substances, into a galenical administration form together with suitable, non-toxic, inert, therapeutically compatible solid or liquid carrier materials and, if desired, usual pharmaceutical adjuvants.

[0110] Suitable carrier materials are not only inorganic carrier materials, but also organic carrier materials. Thus, for example, lactose, corn starch or derivatives thereof, talc, stearic acid or its salts can be used as carrier materials for tablets, coated tablets, dragées and hard gelatine capsules. Suitable carrier materials for soft gelatine capsules are, for example, vegetable oils, waxes, fats and semi-solid and liquid polyols (depending on the nature of the active ingredient no carriers are, however, required in the case of soft gelatine capsules). Suitable carrier materials for the production of solutions and syrups are, for example, water, polyols, sucrose, invert sugar and the like. Suitable carrier materials for injection solutions are, for example, water, alcohols, polyols, glycerol and vegetable oils. Suitable carrier materials for suppositories are, for example, natural or hardened oils, waxes, fats and semi-liquid or liquid polyols. Suitable carrier materials for topical preparations are glycerides, semi-synthetic and synthetic glycerides, hydrogenated oils, liquid waxes, liquid paraffins, liquid fatty alcohols, sterols, polyethylene glycols and cellulose derivatives.

[0111] Usual stabilizers, preservatives, wetting and emulsifying agents, consistency-improving agents, flavour-improving agents, salts for varying the osmotic pressure, buffer substances, solubilizers, colorants and masking agents and antioxidants come into consideration as pharmaceutical adjuvants.

[0112] The dosage of the compounds of formula I can vary within wide limits depending on

the disease to be controlled, the age and the individual condition of the patient and the mode of administration, and will, of course, be fitted to the individual requirements in each particular case. For adult patients a daily dosage of about 1 mg to about 1000 mg, especially about 50 mg to about 500 mg, comes into consideration for the prevention and control of topical and systemic infections by pathogenic fungi. For cholesterol lowering and treatment of impaired glucose tolerance and diabetes the daily dosage conveniently amounts to between 1 and 1000mg, preferably 10 to 100mg, for adult patients. Depending on the dosage it is convenient to administer the daily dosage in several dosage units.

[0113] The pharmaceutical preparations conveniently contain about 1-500 mg, preferably 10-100 mg, of a compound of formula I.

[0114] The following Examples serve to illustrate the present invention in more detail. They are, however, not intended to limit its scope in any manner.

Examples

Abbreviations:

[0115] AcOH = Acetic acid, BOC = t-Butyloxycarbonyl, BuLi = Butyllithium, CH₂Cl₂ = dichloromethane, DAST = Diethylamino-sulfurtrifluoride, DEAD = Diethyl azodicarboxylate, DBU = 1,8-Diazabicyclo[5.4.0]undec-7-ene(1,5-5), DIBALH = Di-*i*-butylaluminium hydride, DMAP = 4-Dimethylaminopyridine, DMPU = 1,3-Dimethyl-3,4,5,6-tetrahydro-2(1H)-pyrimidinone, EDCI = N-(3-Dimethylaminopropyl)-N'-ethylcarbodiimide hydrochloride, EtOAc = Ethylacetate, EtOH = Ethanol, Et₂O = Diethylether, Et₃N = Triethylamine, eq = Equivalents, HOBT = 1-Hydroxybenzotriazole, Huenig's base = *i*Pr₂NEt = N-Ethyl diisopropylamine, LAH = Lithium aluminium hydride, LDA = Lithium diisopropylamide, LiBH₄ = Lithium borohydride, MeOH = Methanol, NaI = Sodium iodide, PdCl₂(dppf) = (1,1'-Bis(diphenylphosphino)ferrocene)dichloro-palladium(II).CH₂Cl₂ (1:1), Pd(Ph₃P)₄ = Tetrakis(triphenylphosphine)palladium, Red-Al = Sodium bis(2-methoxyethoxy) aluminium hydride, TEMPO = 2,2,6,6-Tetramethylpiperidine 1-oxyl, radical, TBDMSCl

= t-Butyldimethylsilyl chloride, TBME = t-Butyl methyl ether, TFA = Trifluoroacetic acid, THF = Tetrahydrofuran, quant = quantitative.

General remarks

[0116] All reactions were performed under argon.

[0117] The purification of the final amines by preparative HPLC [e.g. RP-18, acetonitrile (0.1 % HCOOH)/water (0.1 % HCOOH), 10 % to 95 % acetonitrile] yielded mixtures of the corresponding amino formate and the corresponding halogenide which was used in the reaction. The ratio was not always determined, the purity the final amino salts was >80% after LC-MS.

Example 1

Example 1.1

[0118] To a suspension of 50 g (0.33 mol) trans-4-aminocyclohexanol-hydrochloride and 77 g (0.726 mol, 2.2 eq) Na_2CO_3 in 650 ml THF and 150 ml water, 51.2 ml (0.363 mol, 1.1 eq) benzyl chloroformate were added at 5°C over a period of 20 min. The reaction mixture was stirred at RT for 2h, diluted with EtOAc and the phases were separated. The organic layer was washed with brine, dried over Na_2SO_4 , filtered and evaporated. Trituration from hexane yielded 162.4 g (98%) trans-4-Hydroxy-cyclohexylcarbamic acid benzyl ester as white crystals, MS: 249 (M) (in analogy to: Venuti, Michael C.; Jones, Gordon H.; Alvarez, Robert; Bruno, John J.; J.Med.Chem.; 30; 2; 1987; 303-318).

Example 1.2

[0119] To a suspension of 37.9 g (0.94 mol, 2.0 eq) LAH in 1.3 l THF was added a suspension of 117 g (0.47 mol) trans-4-Hydroxy-cyclohexylcarbamic acid benzyl ester in 1 l THF over a period of 6h via a cannula keeping the temperature between 5-10°C. The reaction was refluxed over night and a mixture of Na_2SO_4 , silica gel and water (160g, 50g, 80 ml) was added, stirred for additional 30 min, filtered and concentrated. The crude material was titrated with hexane to yield 27.9 g (46%) trans-4-Methylamino-cyclohexanol. Column chromatography of the mother liquor on silica gel yielded additional 17.1 g

(28%) trans-4-Methylamino-cyclohexanol as white solid, MS: 129 (MH^+) (in analogy to Venuti, Michael C.; Jones, Gordon H.; Alvarez, Robert; Bruno, John J.; J.Med.Chem.; 30; 2; 1987; 303-318).

Example 1.3

[0120] 13.32 g (103 mmol) trans-4-Methylamino-cyclohexanol were dissolved in isopropanol and treated with 24.75 g (113.4 mmol) di-tert-butyl-dicarbonate in CH_2Cl_2 . The reaction mixture was stirred at RT over night, concentrated to yield 23.3 g (98%) trans-(4-Hydroxy-cyclohexyl)-methyl-carbamic acid tert-butyl ester as white solid, MS: 229 (M^+).

Example 1.4

[0121] To a suspension of 2.0 g (8.7 mmol) trans-(4-Hydroxy-cyclohexyl)-methyl-carbamic acid tert-butyl ester in 56.5 ml (261 mmol, 30 eq) 1,4-Dibromobutane, 0.89g (2.6 mmol, 0.3 eq) tetrabutylammoniumhydrogensulfate and 56 ml 50% aqueous NaOH were added. The mixture was stirred at RT for 4 days, CH_2Cl_2 was added and the layers were separated. The inorganic layer was extracted with CH_2Cl_2 , the combined organic layers washed with brine and dried over Na_2SO_4 . The excess of dibromide was removed in vacuo and the residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel with hexane:EtOAc 4:1 as eluent yielding 2.4 g (76%) trans-[4-(4-Bromo-butoxy)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid tert-butyl ester as light yellow oil, MS: 364 (MH^+ , 1Br).

Example 1.5

[0122] To 1.7 g (4.7 mmol) trans-[4-(4-Bromo-butoxy)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid tert-butyl ester in 22 ml DMA, 1.34 ml (14 mmol, 3 eq) N-allylmethylamine were added over a period of 10 min. The reaction was stirred at RT over night, concentrated and the residue was dissolved in CH_2Cl_2 / 5% aqueous $NaHCO_3$. The phases were separated and the inorganic phase was extracted with CH_2Cl_2 , the combined organic phases were washed with brine, dried over Na_2SO_4 and concentrated to yield 1.5 g (92%) trans-(4-[4-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-butoxy]-cyclohexyl)-methyl-carbamic acid tert-butyl ester as colorless oil, MS: 355 (MH^+).

Example 1.6

[0123] In analogy to examples 1.4 and 1.5, trans-(4-Hydroxy-cyclohexyl)-methyl-carbamic acid tert-butyl ester was reacted with 1,3-dibromopropane to yield trans-[4-(3-Bromopropoxy)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid tert-butyl ester which was reacted with N-allylmethylamine to yield trans-(4-[3-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-propoxy]-cyclohexyl)-methyl-carbamic acid tert-butyl ester as colorless oil, MS: 341 (MH⁺).

Example 1.7

[0124] In analogy to examples 1.4 and 1.5, trans-(4-Hydroxy-cyclohexyl)-methyl-carbamic acid tert-butyl ester was reacted with 1,5-dibromopentane to yield trans-[4-(5-Bromopentyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid tert-butyl ester which was reacted with N-allylmethylamine to yield trans-(4-[5-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-pentyloxy]-cyclohexyl)-methyl-carbamic acid tert-butyl ester as white oil, MS: 369 (MH⁺).

Example 1.8

[0125] In analogy to examples 1.4 and 1.5, trans-(4-Hydroxy-cyclohexyl)-methyl-carbamic acid tert-butyl ester was reacted with 1,6-dibromohexane to yield trans-[4-(6-Bromohexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid tert-butyl ester which was reacted with N-allylmethylamine to yield trans-(4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl)-methyl-carbamic acid tert-butyl ester as light brown oil, MS: 382 (M).

Example 1.9

[0126] In analogy to examples 1.4 and 1.5, trans-(4-Hydroxy-cyclohexyl)-methyl-carbamic acid tert-butyl ester was reacted with 1,7-dibromoheptane to yield trans-[4-(7-Bromoheptyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid tert-butyl ester which was reacted with N-allylmethylamine to yield trans-(4-[7-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-heptyloxy]-cyclohexyl)-methyl-carbamic acid tert-butyl ester as colorless oil, MS: 397 (MH⁺).

Example 1.10

[0127] 2.1 g (5.9 mmol) trans-(4-[4-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-butoxy]-cyclohexyl)-methyl-carbamic acid tert-butyl ester in 28 ml CH₂Cl₂ were treated with 6 ml TFA at 0°C for 1h, the mixture was concentrated in vacuo and dissolved in EtOAc and saturated aqueous

NaHCO₃ solution. The phases were separated and the inorganic phase was extracted with EtOAc, the combined organic phases were washed with brine, dried over Na₂SO₄ and evaporated to yield 1.38 g (91%) trans-(4-[4-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-butoxy]-cyclohexyl)-methyl-amine as yellow oil, MS: 255 (MH⁺).

Example 1.11

[0128] In analogy to example 1.10, trans-(4-[3-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-propoxy]-cyclohexyl)-methyl-carbamic acid tert-butyl ester was converted to yield trans-(4-[3-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-propoxy]-cyclohexyl)-methyl-amine as yellow oil, MS: 241 (MH⁺).

Example 1.12

[0129] In analogy to example 1.10, trans-(4-[5-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-pentyloxy]-cyclohexyl)-methyl-carbamic acid tert-butyl ester was converted to yield trans-(4-[5-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-pentyloxy]-cyclohexyl)-methyl-amine as yellow oil, MS: 269 (MH⁺).

Example 1.13

[0130] In analogy to example 1.10, trans-(4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl)-methyl-carbamic acid tert-butyl ester was converted to yield trans-(4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl)-methyl-amine as yellow oil, MS: 283 (MH⁺).

Example 1.14

[0131] In analogy to example 1.10, trans-(4-[7-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-heptyloxy]-cyclohexyl)-methyl-carbamic acid tert-butyl ester was converted to yield trans-(4-[7-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-heptyloxy]-cyclohexyl)-methyl-amine as colorless oil, MS: 297 (MH⁺).

Example 2

[0132] A solution of 0.153 mmol of free amine in 0.35 ml dry dioxane was treated with 0.23 mmol isocyanate in 0.54 ml dry dioxane. The solution was allowed to stand over night at room temperature. The resulting reaction mixture was treated with 0.15 ml formic acid and purified by preparative HPLC [RP-18, acetonitrile (0.1 % HCOOH)/water (0.1 %

HCOOH), 10 % to 95 % acetonitrile]. After evaporation the urea was obtained as amino formate. The following compounds were prepared from the corresponding amines and isocyanates:

Example	Compound	MS MH ⁺	Amine	Isocyanate
2.1	trans-1-[4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-3-(2,4-difluoro-phenyl)-1-methyl-urea	438	trans-[4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-methyl-amine	2,4-Difluoro-phenylisocyanate
2.2	trans-1-[4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-3-(2,4-dimethoxy-phenyl)-1-methyl-urea	462	trans-[4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-methyl-amine	2,4 Dimethoxy-phenylisocyanate
2.3	trans-1-[4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-3-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-1-methyl-urea	420	trans-[4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-methyl-amine	4-Fluorophenyl-isocyanate
2.4	trans-1-[4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-3-(4-methoxy-phenyl)-1-methyl-urea	432	trans-[4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-methyl-amine	4-Methoxy-phenylisocyanate
2.5	trans-1-[4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-1-methyl-3-p-tolyl-urea	416	trans-[4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-methyl-amine	4-Methylphenyl-isocyanate

2.6	trans-1-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-3-(4-methoxy-2-methyl-phenyl)-1-methyl-urea	446	trans-[4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-methyl-amine	4-Methoxy-2-Methylphenyl-isocyanate
2.7	trans-1-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-3-(2,4-dimethyl-phenyl)-1-methyl-urea	430	trans-[4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-methyl-amine	2,4 Dimethyl-phenylisocyanate
2.8	trans-1-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-1-methyl-3-(3,4,5-trimethoxy-phenyl)-urea	492	trans-[4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-methyl-amine	3,4,5 Trimethoxy-phenylisocyanate
2.9	trans-1-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-3-(3,4-dimethyl-phenyl)-1-methyl-urea	430	trans-[4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-methyl-amine	3,4 Dimethyl-phenylisocyanate
2.10	trans-3-(4-Acetyl-phenyl)-1-{4-[6-(allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-1-methyl-urea	444	trans-[4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-methyl-amine	4-Acetylphenyl-isocyanate
2.11	trans-1-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-3-(4-chloro-phenyl)-1-methyl-urea	436 (1 Cl)	trans-[4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-methyl-amine	4-Chlorphenyl-isocyanate

2.12	trans-1-[4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-1-methyl-3-phenyl-urea	402	trans-[4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-methyl-amine	Phenylisocyanate
2.13	trans-1-[4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-1-methyl-3-(4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-urea	470	trans-[4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-methyl-amine	4-Trifluoro-methylisocyanate
2.14	trans-1-[4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-3-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-1-methyl-urea	470 (2 Cl)	trans-[4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-methyl-amine	3,4 Dichloro-phenylisocyanate
2.15	trans-1-[4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-3-(4-bromo-phenyl)-1-methyl-urea	480 (1 Br)	trans-[4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-methyl-amine	4-Bromophenyl-isocyanate
2.16	trans-1-[4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-1-methyl-3-naphthalen-2-yl-urea	452	trans-[4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-methyl-amine	2-Naphthyl-isocyanate
2.17	trans-1-[4-[6-(allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-1-methyl-3-(4-nitro-phenyl)-urea	447	trans-[4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-methyl-amine	4-Nitrophenyl-isocyanate

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2.18	trans-1-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-3-(4-dimethylamino-phenyl)-1-methyl-urea	445	trans-[4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-methyl-amine	4-Dimethyl-aminophenyl-isocyanate
2.19	trans-1-{4-[7-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-heptyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-1-methyl-3-p-tolyl-urea	430	trans-(4-[7-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-heptyloxy]-cyclohexyl)-methyl-amine	4-Toloyl-isocanate
2.20	trans-1-{4-[7-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-heptyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-3-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-1-methylurea	434	trans-(4-[7-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-heptyloxy]-cyclohexyl)-methyl-amine	4-Fluorophenyl-isocyanate
2.21	trans-1-{4-[7-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-heptyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-3-(4-bromo-phenyl)-1-methylurea	494 (1 Br)	trans-(4-[7-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-heptyloxy]-cyclohexyl)-methyl-amine	4-Bromophenyl-isocyanate
2.22	trans-1-{4-[7-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-heptyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-3-(4-butyl-phenyl)-1-methylurea	472	trans-(4-[7-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-heptyloxy]-cyclohexyl)-methyl-amine	4-Butylphenyl-isocyanate
2.23	trans-1-{4-[5-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-pentyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-1-methyl-3-p-tolyl-urea	402	trans-(4-[5-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-pentyloxy]-cyclohexyl)-methyl-amine	4-Toloyl-isocanate

2.24	trans-1-[4-[5-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-pentyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-3-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-1-methylurea	406	trans-(4-[5-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-pentyloxy]-cyclohexyl)-methyl-amine	4-Fluorophenyl-isocyanate
2.25	trans-1-[4-[5-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-pentyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-3-(4-bromo-phenyl)-1-methylurea	466 (1 Br)	trans-(4-[5-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-pentyloxy]-cyclohexyl)-methyl-amine	4-Bromophenyl-isocyanate
2.26	trans-1-[4-[4-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-butoxy]-cyclohexyl]-1-methyl-3-p-tolyl-urea	388	trans-(4-[4-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-butoxy]-cyclohexyl)-methyl-amine	4-Toloyl-isocyanate
2.27	trans-1-[4-[4-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-butoxy]-cyclohexyl]-3-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-1-methyl-urea	392	trans-(4-[4-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-butoxy]-cyclohexyl)-methyl-amine	4-Fluorophenyl-isocyanate
2.28	trans-1-[4-[4-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-butoxy]-cyclohexyl]-3-(4-bromo-phenyl)-1-methyl-urea	452 (1 Br)	trans-(4-[4-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-butoxy]-cyclohexyl)-methyl-amine	4-Bromophenyl-isocyanate
2.29	trans-1-[4-[4-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-butoxy]-cyclohexyl]-3-(4-butyl-phenyl)-1-methyl-urea	430	trans-(4-[4-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-butoxy]-cyclohexyl)-methyl-amine	4-Butylphenyl-isocyanate

Example 3

[0133] A solution of 0.153 mmol of amine in 0.35 ml dry dioxane was treated with (2 equivalents or 4 equivalents if the amine dihydrochloride was used) Huenig's base and 0.2 mmol chloroformate in 0.54 ml dry dioxane. The solution was allowed to stand over

night at room temperature and the resulting reaction mixture was treated with 0.15 ml formic acid and purified by preparative HPLC [RP-18, acetonitrile (0.1 % HCOOH)/water (0.1 % HCOOH), 10 % to 95 % acetonitrile]. After evaporation the carbamate was obtained as a mixture of amino hydrochloride and formate. The following compounds were prepared from the corresponding amines and chloroformates:

Example	Compound	MS MH ⁺	Amine	Chloroformate
3.1	trans-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-methyl-carbamic acid 4-nitro-phenyl ester	448	trans-[4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-methyl-amine	4-Nitrophenyl-chloroformate
3.2	trans-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-methyl-carbamic acid naphthalen-2-yl ester	453	trans-[4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-methyl-amine	2-Naphthyl-chloroformate
3.3	trans-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-methyl-carbamic acid pentafluorophenylmethyl ester	507	trans-[4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-methyl-amine	Pentafluorobenzyl-chloroformate
3.4	trans-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-methyl-carbamic acid benzyl ester	417	trans-[4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-methyl-amine	Benzyl-chloroformate
3.5	trans-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-methyl-carbamic acid phenyl ester	403	trans-[4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-methyl-amine	Phenyl-chloroformate

3.6	trans-[4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid p-tolyl ester	417	trans-[4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-methyl-amine	p-Tolyl-chloroformate
3.7	trans-[4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 4-bromo-phenyl ester	481 (1 Br)	trans-[4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-methyl-amine	4-Bromophenyl-chloroformate
3.8	trans-[4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 4-fluoro-phenyl ester	421	trans-[4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-methyl-amine	4-Fluorophenyl-chloroformate
3.9	trans-[4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester	437 (1 Cl)	trans-[4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-methyl-amine	4-Chlorophenyl-chloroformate
3.10	trans-[4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid hexyl ester	411	trans-[4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-methyl-amine	4-Hexyl-chloroformate
3.11	trans-[4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 4-methoxy-phenyl ester	433	trans-[4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-methyl-amine	4-Methoxy-phenyl-chloroformate

3.12	trans-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-methyl-carbamic acid isobutyl ester	383	trans-[4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-methyl-amine	Isobutyl-chloroformate
3.13	trans-{4-[7-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-heptyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-methyl-carbamic acid 4-bromo-phenyl ester	495 (1 Br)	trans-(4-[7-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-heptyloxy]-cyclohexyl)-methyl-amine	4-Bromophenyl-chloroformate
3.14	trans-{4-[5-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-pentyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-methyl-carbamic acid 4-bromo-phenyl ester	467 (1 Br)	trans-(4-[5-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-pentyloxy]-cyclohexyl)-methyl-amine	4-Bromophenyl-chloroformate
3.15	trans-{4-[4-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-butoxy]-cyclohexyl}-methyl-carbamic acid 4-bromo-phenyl ester	453 (1 Br)	trans-(4-[4-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-butoxy]-cyclohexyl)-methyl-amine	4-Bromophenyl-chloroformate
3.16	trans-{4-[7-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-heptyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-methyl-carbamic acid 4-fluoro-phenyl ester	435	trans-(4-[7-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-heptyloxy]-cyclohexyl)-methyl-amine	4-Fluorophenyl-chloroformate
3.17	trans-{4-[5-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-pentyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-methyl-carbamic acid 4-fluoro-phenyl ester	407	trans-(4-[5-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-pentyloxy]-cyclohexyl)-methyl-amine	4-Fluorophenyl-chloroformate

3.18	{4-trans-[4-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-butoxy]-cyclohexyl}-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester	409 (1 Cl)	trans-(4-[4-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-butoxy]-cyclohexyl)-methyl-amine	4-chloro-phenyl chloroformate
3.19	{4-trans-[4-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-butoxy]-cyclohexyl}-methyl-carbamic acid isobutyl ester	355	trans-(4-[4-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-butoxy]-cyclohexyl)-methyl-amine	isobutyl chloroformate
3.20	{4-trans-[4-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-butoxy]-cyclohexyl}-methyl-carbamic acid phenyl ester	375	trans-(4-[4-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-butoxy]-cyclohexyl)-methyl-amine	phenyl chloroformate
3.21	4-({4-trans-[4-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-butoxy]-cyclohexyl}-methyl-carbamoyloxy)-benzoic acid methyl ester	433	trans-(4-[4-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-butoxy]-cyclohexyl)-methyl-amine	4-methoxy-carbonyl-phenyl chloroformate
3.22	{4-trans-[4-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-butoxy]-cyclohexyl}-methyl-carbamic acid 4-methoxy-phenyl ester	405	trans-(4-[4-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-butoxy]-cyclohexyl)-methyl-amine	4-methoxy-phenyl chloroformate
3.23	{4-trans-[4-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-butoxy]-cyclohexyl}-methyl-carbamic acid p-tolyl ester	389	trans-(4-[4-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-butoxy]-cyclohexyl)-methyl-amine	p-tolyl chloroformate
3.24	{4-trans-[3-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-propoxy]-cyclohexyl}-methyl-carbamic acid 4-fluoro-phenyl ester	379	trans-(4-[3-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-propoxy]-cyclohexyl)-methyl-amine	4-fluoro-phenyl chloroformate
3.25	{4-trans-[3-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-propoxy]-cyclohexyl}-methyl-carbamic acid 4-bromo-phenyl ester	439 (1 Br)	trans-(4-[3-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-propoxy]-cyclohexyl)-methyl-amine	4-bromo-phenyl chloroformate

Example 4

[0134] A solution of 1.5 mmol trichloromethyl-chloroformate (diphosgene) in 20 ml CH_2Cl_2 was treated at 0 °C with 3 mmol of a suitable substituted phenol and 3 mmol quinoline and then stirred for 3 h at room temperature. The reaction was then cooled (0 °C) and a solution of 1 mmol amine and 2.5 mmol pyridine in 3 ml CH_2Cl_2 was added, followed by 1 mmol DMAP. The mixture was stirred over night at room temperature, treated with 0.15 ml formic acid and purified by preparative HPLC [RP-18, acetonitrile (0.1 % HCOOH)/water (0.1 % HCOOH), 10 % to 95 % acetonitrile]. After evaporation the carbamate was obtained as a mixture of amino hydrochloride and formate. The following compounds were prepared from the corresponding amines and chloroformates:

Example	Product	MS MH ⁺	Amine	In situ generated Chloroformate
4.1	trans-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-methyl-carbamic acid 4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl ester	471	trans-[4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-methyl-amine	4-Trifluoro-methyl-phenyl-chloroformate
4.2	trans-{4-[5-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-pentyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-methyl-carbamic acid 4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl ester	457	trans-(4-[5-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-pentyloxy]-cyclohexyl)-methyl-amine	4-Trifluoro-phenyl-chloroformate
4.3	trans-{4-[4-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-butoxy]-cyclohexyl}-methyl-carbamic acid 4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl ester	443	trans-(4-[4-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-butoxy]-cyclohexyl)-methyl-amine	4-trifluoro-methyl-phenyl chloroformate

4.4	trans{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-methyl-carbamic acid 2,4-difluoro-phenyl ester	439	trans-[4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-methyl-amine	2,4-difluoro-phenyl chloroformate
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Example 5

[0135] A solution of 0.143 mmol amine in 0.35 ml dry dioxane was treated with (0.46mmol; 3 equivalents) Huenig's base and 0.18 mmol sulfonylchloride in 0.5 ml dry dioxane. The solution was allowed to stand over night at room temperature. The resulting reaction mixture was treated with 0.15 ml formic acid and purified by preparative HPLC [RP-18, acetonitrile (0.1 % HCOOH)/water (0.1 % HCOOH), 10 % to 95 % acetonitrile]. After evaporation, the sulfonamide was obtained as a mixture of amino hydrochloride and formate. The following compounds were prepared from the corresponding amines and sulfonylchlorides:

Example	Compound	MS MH ⁺	Amine	Sulfonylchloride
5.1	trans-5-Chloro-thiophene-2-sulfonic acid {4-[6-(allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-methyl-amide	463 (1 Cl)	trans-[4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-methyl-amine	5-Chloro-thiophene-2-sulphonylchloride
5.2	trans-N-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-4,N-dimethyl-benzenesulfonamide	437	trans-[4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-methyl-amine	4-Tosylsulphonylchloride

5.3	trans-Naphthalene-2-sulfonic acid {4-[6-(allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-methyl-amide	473	trans-[4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-methyl-amine	2-Naphthyl-sulphonylchloride
5.4	trans-N-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-N-methyl-methanesulfonamide	361	trans-[4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-methyl-amine	Methanesulfonyl-chloride
5.5	trans-Quinoline-8-sulfonic acid {4-[6-(allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-methyl-amide	474	trans-[4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-methyl-amine	8-Quinoline-sulphonylchloride
5.6	trans-N-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-N-methyl-C-phenyl-methanesulfonamide	437	trans-[4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-methyl-amine	alpha-Toluene-sulphonylchloride
5.7	trans-3,5-Dimethyl-isoxazole-4-sulfonic acid {4-[6-(allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-methyl-amide	442	trans-[4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-methyl-amine	3,5 Dimethyl-isoxazol-sulphonylchloride
5.8	trans-Naphthalene-1-sulfonic acid {4-[6-(allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-methyl-amide	473	trans-[4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-methyl-amine	1-Naphthyl-sulphonylchloride

5.9	trans-N-[4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-4-methoxy-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide	453	trans-[4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-methyl-amine	4-Methoxy-benzene-sulphonylchloride
5.10	trans-N-[4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide	423	trans-[4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-methyl-amine	Benzene-sulphonylchloride
5.11	trans-N-[4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-4-fluoro-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide	441	trans-[4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-methyl-amine	4-Fluorobenzene-sulphonylchloride
5.12	trans-Thiophene-2-sulfonic acid [4-[6-(allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-methyl-amide	429	trans-[4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-methyl-amine	2-Thiophene-sulphonylchloride
5.13	trans-N-[4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-2-fluoro-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide	441	trans-[4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-methyl-amine	2-Fluorobenzene-sulphonylchloride
5.14	trans-1-Methyl-1H-imidazole-4-sulfonic acid [4-[6-(allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-methyl-amide	427	trans-[4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-methyl-amine	1-Methyl-imidazole-4-sulphonylchloride

5.15	trans-N-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-4-tert-butyl-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide	479	trans-[4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-methyl-amine	4-tert.-Butyl-benzene-sulphonylchloride
5.16	trans-N-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-4-butoxy-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide	495	trans-[4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-methyl-amine	4-Butoxybenzene-sulphonylchloride
5.17	trans-N-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-4-chloro-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide	457 (1 Cl)	trans-[4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-methyl-amine	4-Chlorobenzene-sulphonylchloride
5.18	trans-N-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide	491	trans-[4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-methyl-amine	4-Trifluoro-methylbenzene-sulphonylchloride
5.19	trans-N-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-4-bromo-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide	501 (1 Br)	trans-[4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-methyl-amine	4-Bromobenzene-sulphonylchloride
5.20	trans-N-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-N-methyl-4-nitro-benzenesulfonamide	468	trans-[4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-methyl-amine	4-Nitrobenzene-sulphonylchloride

5.21	N-{4-trans-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-3-chloro-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide	457 (1 Cl)	trans-[4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-methyl-amine	3-chloro-phenyl sulfonylchloride
5.22	N-{4-trans-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-2,4-difluoro-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide	459	trans-[4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-methyl-amine	2,4-difluoro-phenyl-sulfonylchloride
5.23	N-{4-trans-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-2-bromo-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide	501 (1 Br)	trans-[4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-methyl-amine	2-bromo-phenyl sulfonylchloride
5.24	N-{4-trans-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-3-bromo-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide	501 (1 Br)	trans-[4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-methyl-amine	3-bromo-phenyl sulfonylchloride
5.25	N-{4-trans-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-2,4-dichloro-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide	491 (2 Cl)	trans-[4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-methyl-amine	2,4-dichloro-phenyl-sulfonylchloride
5.26	N-{4-trans-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-3-fluoro-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide	441	trans-[4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-methyl-amine	3-fluoro-phenyl sulfonylchloride

5.27	N-{4-trans-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-3,4-dichloro-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide	491 (2 Cl)	trans-[4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-methyl-amine	3,4-dichloro-phenyl-sulfonylchloride
5.28	N-{4-trans-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-2-chloro-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide	457 (1 Cl)	trans-[4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-methyl-amine	2-chloro-phenyl-sulfonylchloride
5.29	N-{4-trans-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-3,4-difluoro-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide	459	trans-[4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-methyl-amine	3,4-difluoro-phenyl-sulfonylchloride
5.30	N-{4-trans-[4-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-butoxy]-cyclohexyl}-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide	463	trans-(4-[4-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-butoxy]-cyclohexyl)-methyl-amine	4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl-sulfonylchloride
5.31	N-{4-trans-[3-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-propoxy]-cyclohexyl}-4-chloro-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide	415 (1 Cl)	trans-(4-[3-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-propoxy]-cyclohexyl)-methyl-amine	4-chloro-phenyl-sulfonylchloride
5.32	N-{4-trans-[4-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-butoxy]-cyclohexyl}-4-chloro-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide	429 (1 Cl)	trans-(4-[4-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-butoxy]-cyclohexyl)-methyl-amine	4-chloro-phenyl-sulfonylchloride
5.33	N-{4-trans-[4-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-butoxy]-cyclohexyl}-4-bromo-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide	473 (1 Br)	trans-(4-[4-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-butoxy]-cyclohexyl)-methyl-amine	4-bromo-phenyl-sulfonylchloride

5.34	N-[4-trans-[4-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-butoxy]-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-C-phenyl-methanesulfonamide	409	trans-(4-[4-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-butoxy]-cyclohexyl)-methyl-amine	benzyl-sulfonylchloride
5.35	N-[4-trans-[4-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-butoxy]-cyclohexyl]-4-fluoro-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide	413	trans-(4-[4-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-butoxy]-cyclohexyl)-methyl-amine	4-fluoro-phenyl-sulfonylchloride
5.36	N-[4-trans-[4-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-butoxy]-cyclohexyl]-2-fluoro-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide	413	trans-(4-[4-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-butoxy]-cyclohexyl)-methyl-amine	2-fluoro-phenyl-sulfonylchloride
5.37	N-[4-trans-[4-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-butoxy]-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide	395	trans-(4-[4-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-butoxy]-cyclohexyl)-methyl-amine	phenyl-sulfonylchloride
5.38	5-Chloro-thiophene-2-sulfonic acid [4-trans-[4-(allyl-methyl-amino)-butoxy]-cyclohexyl]-methyl-amide	436 (1 Cl)	trans-(4-[4-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-butoxy]-cyclohexyl)-methyl-amine	5-Chloro-thiophene-2-sulfonylchloride

Example 6

[0136] A solution of 0.133 mmol amine in 0.5 ml dry DMF was treated subsequently with 0.17 mmol (1.3 equivalents) acid, 0.266 mmol (2 equivalents) Huenig's base, 0.266 mmol (2 equivalents) N-(3-Dimethylaminopropyl)-N'-ethylcarbodiimide hydrochloride (EDCI) as well as catalytic amount of Hydroxybenzotriazole (HOBt) (approximately 0.02 mmol). The solution was allowed to stand over night at room temperature. The resulting reaction mixture was treated with 0.15 ml formic acid and purified by preparative HPLC [RP-18, acetonitrile (0.1 % HCOOH)/water (0.1 % HCOOH), 10 % to 95 % acetonitrile]. After evaporation, the amide was obtained as a mixture of amino

hydrochloride and formate. The following compounds were prepared from the corresponding amines and acids:

Example	Compound	MS MH ⁺	Amine	Acid
6.1	trans-Pyridine-2-carboxylic acid {4-[6-(allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-methyl-amide	388	trans-[4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-methyl-amine	Picolinic acid
6.2	trans-1H-Indole-2-carboxylic acid {4-[6-(allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-methyl-amide	426	trans-[4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-methyl-amine	1H-Indole-2-carboxylic acid
6.3	trans-N-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-N-methyl-benzamide	387	trans-[4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-methyl-amine	Benzoic acid
6.4	trans-N-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-4-chloro-N-methyl-benzamide	421 (1 Cl)	trans-[4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-methyl-amine	4-Chloro-benzoic acid
6.5	trans-N-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-4-fluoro-N-methyl-benzamide	405	trans-[4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-methyl-amine	4-Fluoro-benzoic acid

6.6	trans-N-[4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-4-bromo-N-methyl-benzamide	465 (1 Br)	trans-[4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-methyl-amine	4-Bromo-benzoic acid
6.7	trans-N-[4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzamide	455	trans-[4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-methyl-amine	4-Trifluoro-methyl-benzoic acid
6.8	trans-Thiophene-3-carboxylic acid {4-[6-(allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-methyl-amide	393	trans-[4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-methyl-amine	Thiophene-3-carboxylic acid
6.9	trans-5-Bromo-thiophene-2-carboxylic acid {4-[6-(allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-methyl-amide	471 (1 Br)	trans-[4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-methyl-amine	5-Bromo-thiophene-2-carboxylic acid
6.10	trans-N-[4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-2-thiophen-3-yl-acetamide	407	trans-[4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-methyl-amine	2-Thiophene-3-yl-carboxylic acid
6.11	trans-N-[4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-2-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-N-methyl-acetamide	437	trans-[4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-methyl-amine	2,4-Difluoro-acetic acid

6.12	trans-5-Fluoro-1H-indole-2-carboxylic acid {4-[6-(allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-methyl-amide	444	trans-[4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-methyl-amine	1H-Indole-5-Fluoro-2-carboxylic acid
6.13	trans-N-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-2-(4-fluorophenyl)-N-methyl-acetamide	419	trans-[4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-methyl-amine	4-Fluoro-phenylacetic acid
6.14	trans-1H-Indole-5-carboxylic acid {4-[6-(allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-methyl-amide	426	trans-[4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-methyl-amine	1H-Indole-5-carboxylic acid
6.15	trans-N-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-3-chloro-N-methyl-benzamide	421 (1 Cl)	trans-[4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-methyl-amine	3-Chlorobenzoic acid
6.16	trans-N-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-4-fluoro-3,N-dimethyl-benzamide	419	trans-[4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-methyl-amine	4-Fluor-3-Methyl-benzoic acid
6.17	trans-N-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-N-methyl-4-nitro-benzamide	432	trans-[4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-methyl-amine	4-Nitro-benzoic acid

6.18	trans-N-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-4,N-dimethyl-benzamide	401	trans-[4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-methyl-amine	p-Toluic acid
6.19	trans-N-[4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-3-cyano-N-methyl-benzamide	412	trans-[4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-methyl-amine	3-Cyano-benzoic acid
6.20	trans-N-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-3,N-dimethyl-benzamide	401	trans-[4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-methyl-amine	m-Toluic acid
6.21	trans-N-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-3,4-dimethoxy-N-methyl-benzamide	447	trans-[4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-methyl-amine	3,4-Dimethoxy-benzoic acid
6.22	trans-N-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-4-methoxy-N-methyl-benzamide	417	trans-[4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-methyl-amine	4-Methoxy-benzoic acid
6.23	trans-N-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-4-fluoro-N-methyl-3-nitro-benzamide	450	trans-[4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-methyl-amine	4-Fluoro-3-nitro-benzoic acid

6.24	trans-4-Acetyl-N-{4-[6-(allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-N-methyl-benzamide	429	trans-[4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-methyl-amine	4-Acetyl-benzoic acid
6.25	trans-N-{4-[7-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-heptyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzamide	469	trans-(4-[7-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-heptyloxy]-cyclohexyl)-methyl-amine	4-Trifluoromethyl-benzoic acid
6.26	trans-N-{4-[5-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-pentyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzamide	441	trans-(4-[5-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-pentyloxy]-cyclohexyl)-methyl-amine	4-Trifluoromethyl-benzoic acid
6.27	trans-N-{4-[4-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-butoxy]-cyclohexyl}-3-cyano-N-methyl-benzamide	384	trans-(4-[4-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-butoxy]-cyclohexyl)-methyl-amine	3-Cyano-phenyl-benzoic acid
6.28	trans-N-[4-[5-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-pentyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-4-bromo-N-methyl-benzamide	451 (1 Br)	trans-(4-[5-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-pentyloxy]-cyclohexyl)-methyl-amine	4-Bromo-phenyl-benzoic acid
6.29	trans-N-{4-[4-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-butoxy]-cyclohexyl}-4-bromo-N-methyl-benzamide	337 (1 Br)	trans-(4-[4-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-butoxy]-cyclohexyl)-methyl-amine	4-Bromo-phenyl-benzoic acid
6.30	trans-5-Bromo-thiophene-2-carboxylic acid {4-[4-(allyl-methyl-amino)-butoxy]-cyclohexyl}-methyl-amide	443 (1 Br)	trans-(4-[4-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-butoxy]-cyclohexyl)-methyl-amine	2-Bromo-thiophene-5-carboxylic acid

6.31	trans-N-[4-[5-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-pentyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-4-fluoro-N-methyl-benzamide	391	trans-(4-[5-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-pentyloxy]-cyclohexyl)-methyl-amine	4-Fluoro-phenyl-benzoic acid
6.32	trans-N-[4-[4-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-butoxy]-cyclohexyl]-4-fluoro-N-methyl-benzamide	377	trans-(4-[4-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-butoxy]-cyclohexyl)-methyl-amine	4-Fluoro-phenyl-benzoic acid

Example 7

[0137] A solution of 0.133 mmol amine was treated with 0.17 mmol (1.3 equivalents) isothiocyanate in 0.35 ml dry dioxane. The solution was allowed to stand over night at room temperature, treated with 0.15 ml formic acid and purified by preparative HPLC [RP-18, acetonitrile (0.1 % HCOOH)/water (0.1 % HCOOH), 10 % to 95 % acetonitrile]. After evaporation of the corresponding fraction, the thiourea was obtained as amino formate. The following compounds were prepared from the corresponding amines and isothiocyanates:

Example	Compound	MS MH ⁺	Amine	Isothiocyanate
7.1	trans-1-[4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-3-(2-bromo-4-fluoro-phenyl)-1-methyl-thiourea	514 (1 Br)	trans-[4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-methyl-amine	2-Bromo-4-fluoro-phenyl-isothiocyanate
7.2	trans-1-[4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-3-(4-bromo-2-methyl-phenyl)-1-methyl-thiourea	510 (1 Br)	trans-[4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-methyl-amine	4-Bromo-2-methyl-phenyl-isothiocyanate

7.3	trans-1-[4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-1-methyl-3-(4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-thiourea	486	trans-[4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-methyl-amine	4-Trifluoro-methyl-phenyl-isothiocyanate
7.4	trans-1-[4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-3-(4-chloro-phenyl)-1-methyl-thiourea	452 (1 Cl)	trans-[4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-methyl-amine	4-Chloro-phenyl-isothiocyanate
7.5	trans-1-[4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-3-(4-methoxy-phenyl)-1-methyl-thiourea	448	trans-[4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-methyl-amine	4-Methoxy-phenyl-isothiocyanate
7.6	trans-1-[4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-3-(4-cyano-phenyl)-1-methyl-thiourea	443	trans-[4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-methyl-amine	4-Cyanophenyl-isothiocyanate
7.7	trans-1-[4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-1-methyl-3-(3-methyl-butyl)-thiourea	412	trans-[4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-methyl-amine	3-Methylbutyl-isothiocyanate
7.8	trans-1-[4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-3-sec-butyl-1-methyl-thiourea	398	trans-[4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-methyl-amine	sec-Butyl-isothiocyanate

7.9	trans-1-[4-[4-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-butoxy]-cyclohexyl]-1-methyl-3-(4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-thiourea	458	trans-{4-[3-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-propoxy]-cyclohexyl}-methyl-amine	1-Isothiocyanato-4-trifluoro-methyl-benzene
7.10	trans-1-[4-[4-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-butoxy]-cyclohexyl]-3-(4-cyano-phenyl)-1-methyl-thiourea	415	trans-{4-[3-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-propoxy]-cyclohexyl}-methyl-amine	1-Isothiocyanato-4-cyano-benzene
7.11	trans-1-[4-[4-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-butoxy]-cyclohexyl]-1-methyl-3-(3-methyl-butyl)-thiourea	384	trans-{4-[3-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-propoxy]-cyclohexyl}-methyl-amine	1-Isothiocyanato-3-methyl-butane
7.12	trans-1-[4-[7-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-heptyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-1-methyl-3-(4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-thiourea	500	trans-(4-[7-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-heptyloxy]-cyclohexyl)-methyl-amine	1-Isothiocyanato-4-trifluoro-methyl-benzene
7.13	trans-1-[4-[7-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-heptyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-3-(4-cyano-phenyl)-1-methyl-thiourea	457	trans-(4-[7-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-heptyloxy]-cyclohexyl)-methyl-amine	1-Isothiocyanato-4-cyano-benzene
7.14	trans-1-[4-[7-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-heptyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-1-methyl-3-(3-methyl-butyl)-thiourea	426	trans-(4-[7-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-heptyloxy]-cyclohexyl)-methyl-amine	1-Isothiocyanato-3-methyl-butane

7.15	trans-1-{4-[3-(Allyl)-methyl-amino)-propoxy]-cyclohexyl}-1-methyl-3-(4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-thiourea	444	trans-{4-[3-(Allyl)-methyl-amino)-propoxy]-cyclohexyl}-methyl-amine	4-Trifluoro-methyl-phenyl-isothiocyanate
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Example 8

[0138] The amine (3 eq.) was dissolved in CH_2Cl_2 (1 ml/mmol) and placed in an ice bath. A solution of chlorosulfonic acid (1 eq.) in CH_2Cl_2 (0.5 ml / mmol) was added slowly (30 min). The reaction mixture was stirred at 0 °C for a further 30 min. Afterward, the ice bath was removed and the stirring was continued for 1 h at room temperature. The precipitate was collected by filtration and dried under high vacuum. This salt was suspended in toluene (1 ml / mmol amine) and PCl_5 (1 eq) was added. The mixture was stirred at 75 °C for 2 h, cooled to room temperature and filtered. The solid residue was washed with toluene. The filtrate was evaporated and dried under high vacuum. The crude sulfamoyl chloride was used in the next step without further purification. The following sulfamoyl chlorides were prepared according to the above procedure from the corresponding amine:

[0139] Benzylsulfamoyl chloride, Phenylsulfamoyl chloride, 2,4-Difluoro-phenylsulfamoyl chloride, 2,5-Difluoro-phenylsulfamoyl chloride, 3,4-Difluoro-phenylsulfamoyl chloride, 3-Fluoro phenyl-sulfamoyl chloride, 4-Fluoro-phenylsulfamoyl chloride, 4-Chloro-phenylsulfamoyl chloride, 4-Bromo-phenylsulfamoyl chloride, 4-Methyl-phenylsulfamoyl chloride, 4-trifluoromethyl-phenylsulfamoyl chloride, 4-Cyano-phenylsulfamoyl chloride, 4-Methoxy-phenylsulfamoyl chloride, Butylsulfamoyl chloride, Phenethylsulfamoyl chloride, Cyclopropylsulfamoyl chloride, 2,2,2-Trifluoroethylsulfamoyl chloride, 4-Fluoro-benzylsulfamoyl chloride, Furan-2-ylmethylsulfamoyl chloride, Benzo[1,3]dioxol-5-ylmethylsulfamoyl chloride.

Example 9

[0140] The amine-hydrochloride (1 eq.) was dissolved in CH₃CN and placed in an ice bath. Sulfuryl chloride (3 eq.) was added slowly (20 min). The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 15 min and at 65 °C for 20 h. The solvent was evaporated and the residue was dried under high vacuum. The crude sulfamoyl chloride was used in the next step without further purification. The following sulfamoyl chlorides were prepared according to the above procedure from the corresponding amine:
Chlorosulfonylamino-acetic acid ethyl ester, 4-(Chlorosulfonylamino-methyl)-benzoic acid methyl ester.

Example 10

[0141] A solution of 0.135 mmol amine in 0.75 ml dry dioxane was treated with 5 equivalents of triethylamine followed by a solution of 0.175 mmol (1.3 equivalents) sulfamoylchloride in 0.25 ml dry dioxane. The suspension was allowed to stand over night at room temperature, treated with 0.15 ml formic acid and purified by preparative HPLC [RP-18, acetonitrile (0.1 % HCOOH)/water (0.1 % HCOOH), 10 % to 95 % acetonitrile]. After evaporation of the corresponding fraction, the sulfamide was obtained as a mixture of amino hydrochloride and formate. The following compounds were prepared from the corresponding amines and sulfamoylchlorides:

Example	Compound	MS MH ⁺	Amine	Sulfamoyl- chloride
10.1	trans-[4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-methyl-sulfamic acid benzyl amide	452	trans-[4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-methyl-amine	Benzyl-sulfamoylchloride
10.2	trans-[4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-methyl-sulfamic acid phenyl amide	438	trans-[4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-methyl-amine	Phenyl-sulfamoylchloride

10.3	trans-4-[(4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl)-methyl-carbamoyloxy]-methyl-benzoic acid methyl ester	510	trans-[4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-methyl-amine	4-(Chloro-sulfonylamino-methyl)-benzoic acid methyl ester
10.4	trans-[4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-methyl-sulfamic acid butyl amide	418	trans-[4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-methyl-amine	Butyl-sulfamoylchloride
10.5	trans-[4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-methyl-sulfamic acid phenethyl amide	466	trans-[4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-methyl-amine	Phenethyl-sulfamoylchloride
10.6	trans-[4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-methyl-sulfamic acid furan-2-ylmethyl amide	442	trans-[4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-methyl-amine	Furan-2-yl-methyl-sulfamoylchloride
10.7	trans-(4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl)-methyl-sulfonylamino)-acetic acid ethyl ester	448	trans-[4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-methyl-amine	Chloro-sulfonylamino-acetic acid ethyl ester
10.8	trans-[4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-methyl-sulfamic acid cyclopropyl amide	402	trans-[4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-methyl-amine	Cyclopropyl-sulfamoylchloride

10.9	trans-[4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-methyl-sulfamic acid 2,2,2-trifluoro-ethyl amide	444	trans-[4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-methyl-amine	2,2,2-Trifluoro-ethyl-sulfamoylchloride
10.10	trans-[4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-methyl-sulfamic acid benzo[1,3]dioxol-5-ylmethyl amide	496	trans-[4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-methyl-amine	Benzo[1,3]dioxol-5-yl-methyl-sulfamoylchloride
10.11	trans-[4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-methyl-sulfamic acid 4-fluorobenzyl amide	470	trans-[4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-methyl-amine	4-Fluoro-benzyl-sulfamoylchloride
10.12	trans-[4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-methyl-sulfamic acid (4-chloro-phenyl)-amide	472 (1 Cl)	trans-[4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-methyl-amine	4-Chloro-phenyl-sulfamoylchloride
10.13	trans-[4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-methyl-sulfamic acid (4-fluoro-phenyl)-amide	456	trans-[4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-methyl-amine	4-Fluoro-phenyl-sulfamoylchloride
10.14	trans-[4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-methyl-sulfamic acid (4-bromo-phenyl)-amide	516 (1 Br)	trans-[4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-methyl-amine	4-Bromo-phenyl-sulfamoylchloride

10.15	trans-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-methyl-sulfamic acid (p-tolyl)-amide	452	trans-[4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-methyl-amine	p-tolyl-sulfamoylchloride
10.16	trans-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-methyl-sulfamic acid (3,4-difluoro-phenyl)-amide	474	trans-[4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-methyl-amine	3,4-Difluoro-phenyl-sulfamoylchloride
10.17	trans-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-methyl-sulfamic acid (4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-amide	506	trans-[4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-methyl-amine	4-Trifluoro-methylphenyl-sulfamoylchloride
10.18	trans-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-methyl-sulfamic acid (3-fluoro-phenyl)-amide	456	trans-[4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-methyl-amine	3-Fluoro-phenyl-sulfamoylchloride
10.19	trans-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-methyl-sulfamic acid (4-cyano-phenyl)-amide	463	trans-[4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-methyl-amine	4-Cyano-phenyl-sulfamoylchloride
10.20	trans-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-methyl-sulfamic acid (2,4-difluoro-phenyl)-amide	474	trans-[4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-methyl-amine	2,4-Difluoro-phenyl-sulfamoylchloride

10.27	trans-{4-[5-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-pentyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-methyl-sulfamic acid p-methylphenyl amide	436 M-H ⁺	trans-(4-[5-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-pentyloxy]-cyclohexyl)-methyl-amine	4-Methyl-phenyl-sulfamoylchloride
10.28	trans-{4-[5-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-pentyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-methyl-sulfamic acid p-trifluoromethylphenyl amide	490 M-H ⁺	trans-(4-[5-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-pentyloxy]-cyclohexyl)-methyl-amine	4-Trifluoro-methyl-phenyl-sulfamoylchloride
10.29	trans-{4-[5-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-pentyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-methyl-sulfamic acid p-cyanophenyl amide	447 M-H ⁺	trans-(4-[5-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-pentyloxy]-cyclohexyl)-methyl-amine	4-Cyano-phenyl-sulfamoylchloride
10.30	trans-{4-[5-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-pentyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-methyl-sulfamic acid p-methoxyphenyl amide	452 M-H ⁺	trans-(4-[5-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-pentyloxy]-cyclohexyl)-methyl-amine	4-Methoxy-phenyl-sulfamoylchloride
10.31	trans-{4-[5-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-pentyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-methyl-sulfamic acid 3,4-difluorophenyl amide	458 M-H ⁺	trans-(4-[5-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-pentyloxy]-cyclohexyl)-methyl-amine	3,4-Difluoro-phenyl-sulfamoylchloride
10.32	trans-{4-[5-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-pentyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-methyl-sulfamic acid 3-fluorophenyl amide	440 M-H ⁺	trans-(4-[5-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-pentyloxy]-cyclohexyl)-methyl-amine	3-Fluoro-phenyl-sulfamoylchloride

10.33	trans-{4-[5-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-pentyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-methyl-sulfamic acid 2,4-difluorophenyl amide	458 M-H'	trans-(4-[5-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-pentyloxy]-cyclohexyl)-methyl-amine	2,4-Difluoro-phenyl-sulfamoylchloride
10.34	trans-{4-[5-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-pentyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-methyl-sulfamic acid 2,5-difluorophenyl amide	458 M-H'	trans-(4-[5-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-pentyloxy]-cyclohexyl)-methyl-amine	2,5-Difluoro-phenyl-sulfamoylchloride
10.35	trans-{4-[3-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-propoxy]-cyclohexyl}-methyl-sulfamic acid phenyl amide	396	trans-{4-[3-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-propoxy]-cyclohexyl}-methyl-amine	Phenyl-sulfamoylchloride
10.36	trans-{4-[3-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-propoxy]-cyclohexyl}-methyl-sulfamic acid 3,4-difluorophenyl amide	432	trans-{4-[3-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-propoxy]-cyclohexyl}-methyl-amine	3,4-Difluoro-phenyl-sulfamoylchloride
10.37	trans-{4-[3-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-propoxy]-cyclohexyl}-methyl-sulfamic acid 4-chlorophenyl amide	430 (1 Cl)	trans-{4-[3-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-propoxy]-cyclohexyl}-methyl-amine	4-Chloro-phenyl-sulfamoylchloride
10.38	trans-{4-[3-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-propoxy]-cyclohexyl}-methyl-sulfamic acid benzyl amide	410	trans-{4-[3-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-propoxy]-cyclohexyl}-methyl-amine	Benzyl-sulfamoylchloride
10.39	trans-{4-[4-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-butoxy]-cyclohexyl}-methyl-sulfamic acid phenyl amide	410	trans-{4-[3-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-propoxy]-cyclohexyl}-methyl-amine	Phenyl-sulfamoylchloride

10.40	trans-{4-[4-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-butoxy]-cyclohexyl}-methyl-sulfamic acid 3-fluoro phenyl amide	428	trans-{4-[3-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-propoxy]-cyclohexyl}-methyl-amine	3-Fluoro-phenyl-sulfamoylchloride
10.41	trans-{4-[4-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-butoxy]-cyclohexyl}-methyl-sulfamic acid 3,4-difluoro phenyl amide	446	trans-{4-[3-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-propoxy]-cyclohexyl}-methyl-amine	3,4-Difluoro-phenyl-sulfamoylchloride
10.42	trans-{4-[4-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-butoxy]-cyclohexyl}-methyl-sulfamic acid 4-chloro phenyl amide	444 (1 Cl)	trans-{4-[3-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-propoxy]-cyclohexyl}-methyl-amine	4-Chloro-phenyl-sulfamoylchloride
10.43	trans-{4-[4-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-butoxy]-cyclohexyl}-methyl-sulfamic acid benzyl amide	424	trans-{4-[3-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-propoxy]-cyclohexyl}-methyl-amine	Benzyl-sulfamoylchloride
10.44	trans-([4-[4-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-butoxy]-cyclohexyl]-methyl-sulfamoylamino)-acetic acid ethyl ester	420	trans-{4-[3-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-propoxy]-cyclohexyl}-methyl-amine	Chloro-sulfonylamino-acetic acid ethyl ester
10.45	trans-{4-[7-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-heptyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-methyl-sulfamic acid phenyl amide	452	trans-(4-[7-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-heptyloxy]-cyclohexyl)-methyl-amine	Phenyl-sulfamoylchloride
10.46	trans-{4-[7-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-heptyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-methyl-sulfamic acid 3-fluoro-phenyl amide	470	trans-(4-[7-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-heptyloxy]-cyclohexyl)-methyl-amine	3-Fluoro-phenyl-sulfamoylchloride

10.47	trans-{4-[7-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-heptyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-methyl-sulfamic acid 3,4-difluoro-phenyl amide	488	trans-(4-[7-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-heptyloxy]-cyclohexyl)-methyl-amine	3,4-Difluoro-phenyl-sulfamoylchloride
10.48	trans-{4-[7-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-heptyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-methyl-sulfamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl amide	486 (1 Cl)	trans-(4-[7-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-heptyloxy]-cyclohexyl)-methyl-amine	4-Chloro-phenyl-sulfamoylchloride
10.49	trans-{4-[7-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-heptyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-methyl-sulfamic acid furan-2-ylmethyl amide	456	trans-(4-[7-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-heptyloxy]-cyclohexyl)-methyl-amine	Furan-2-yl-methyl-sulfamoylchloride
10.50	trans-{4-[7-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-heptyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-methyl-sulfamic acid benzyl amide	466	trans-(4-[7-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-heptyloxy]-cyclohexyl)-methyl-amine	Benzylsulfamoylchloride
10.51	trans-({4-[7-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-heptyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-methyl-sulfamoyloxy)-acetic acid ethyl amide	462	trans-(4-[7-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-heptyloxy]-cyclohexyl)-methyl-amine	Chlorosulfonyl-amino-acetic acid ethyl ester

Example 11

Example 11.1

[0142] 4.01 g (31 mmol) of trans-4-methylamino-cyclohexanol (twice suspended in toluene and evaporated under reduced pressure to remove water) were suspended in 60 ml

hexamethyldisilazane and refluxed for 2.5 h. The solution was evaporated under reduced pressure, dissolved in 80 ml CH_2Cl_2 and added to a cooled solution (0°C) of 2.06 ml (17.05 mmol) trichloromethylchloroformate (diphosgene) and 4.40 ml (34.10 mmol) quinoline. The reaction was stirred for 3 h at 0°C and evaporated. The residue and 8.47 g (65.1 mmol) 3,4-difluorophenol were dissolved in 220 ml THF, treated at 0°C in small portions with 3.25 g (74.4 mmol) of NaH (ca 55% in oil) and 0.26 g (1.6 mmol) of KI. The reaction was stirred at room temperature over night, cooled (0°C) and after the addition of 0.68 g (15.5 mmol) of NaH (ca 55% in oil) stirred at RT for 24 h. After the addition of 60 ml water, the pH was adjusted to pH 2 (1 N HCl) and the reaction mixture was stirred for 1 h. The reaction was partitioned between aqueous 1 N NaOH/ Et_2O (3x300 ml), the organic phases were dried over Na_2SO_4 and evaporated. The residue was dissolved in 200 ml THF/dioxane (1:1). 34 ml 1 N NaOH were added at 0°C and the mixture was stirred for 3 h. The reaction was partitioned between water/ Et_2O (3x300), the organic phase was dried over Na_2SO_4 and evaporated to yield 11.6 g crude trans-(4-Hydroxy-cyclohexyl)-methyl-carbamic acid 3,4-difluoro-phenyl ester.

Example 11.2

[0143] A solution of 11.6 g (containing 31 mmol) of crude trans-(4-Hydroxy-cyclohexyl)-methyl-carbamic acid 3,4-difluoro-phenyl ester in 110 ml of 1,4-dibromobutane was treated with 3.16 g (9.3 mmol) tetrabutylammonium hydrogen sulfate and 200 ml of aqueous 50% NaOH and stirred for 2.5 days at RT. The reaction was extracted (CH_2Cl_2 2x). The organic phase was dried over Na_2SO_4 , evaporated and purified by flash silica gel column (first with hexane to remove the dibromobutane and then hexane/ EtOAc 1:1) to yield 4.06 g (31 %) of trans-[4-(4-bromo-butoxy)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 3,4-difluoro-phenyl ester, MS: 420 (M, 1Br).

Example 11.3

[0144] In analogy to example 11.1 and 11.2, reaction of trans-4-Methylamino-cyclohexanol with alpha, alpha, alpha-trifluoro-p-cresol followed by reaction with 1,4-dibromobutane yielded trans-[4-(4-Bromo-butoxy)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl ester, MS: 452 (MH^+ , 1Br).

Example 11.4

[0145] To a solution of 16.1 g (124.7 mmol) trans-4-methylamino-cyclohexanol in 40 ml CH_2Cl_2 , 18.3 ml (130.9 mmol, 1.05 eq) 4-chlorophenylchloroformate and 22.4 ml (130.9 mmol, 1.05 eq) Huenigs base were added at 0°C . The solution was stirred at RT over night, diluted, and washed with 1M HCl, sat. aqueous NaHCO_3 solution. The organic phase was dried over MgSO_4 . Column chromatography on silica gel with EtOAc:hexane 1:1 yielded 32.2 g (91%) trans-(4-Hydroxy-cyclohexyl)-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester as white solid, MS: 283 (M, 1Cl).

Example 11.5

[0146] To 1.46 g (5.1 mmol) trans-(4-Hydroxy-cyclohexyl)-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester suspended in 30 ml (190.4 mmol, 37 eq) 1,6-Dibromhexane, 0.53g (1.5 mmol, 0.3 eq) tetrabutylammoniumhydrogensulfate and 30 ml 50% aqueous NaOH were added. The mixture was stirred at 50°C for 1 day, CH_2Cl_2 was added and the layers were separated. The inorganic layer was extracted with CH_2Cl_2 , the combined organic layers were washed with brine and dried over MgSO_4 . The excess of dibromide was removed in vacuo and the residue purified by column chromatography on silica gel with hexane:EtOAc 4:1 as eluent yielding 2.04 g (89%) trans-[4-(6-Bromo-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester as light yellow oil, MS: 446 (M, 1Br, 1Cl).

Example 11.6

[0147] In analogy to example 11.5, trans-(4-Hydroxy-cyclohexyl)-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester and 1,4-dibrombutane were reacted to yield trans-[4-(4-Bromo-butoxy)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester as yellowish oil, MS: 418 (M, 1Br, 1Cl).

Example 11.7

[0148] In analogy to example 11.5, trans-(4-Hydroxy-cyclohexyl)-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester and 1,5-dibromopentane were reacted to yield trans-[4-(5-Bromo-

pentyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester as yellow oil, MS: 433 (MH⁺, 1Br, 1Cl).

Example 11.8

[0149] At 0°C, to a solution of 1.26 ml (14.1 mmol) 3-bromo-1-propanol and 3.5 ml (15.3 mmol) 2,6-di-tert-butylpyridine in 7 ml CH₂Cl₂, a solution of 2.49 ml (14.8 mmol) trifluoromethanesulfonic anhydride in 3.6 ml CH₂Cl₂ was added. After 2.5 h stirring at 0°C, the solution was evaporated, dissolved in 7 ml nitromethane and treated with a solution of 2.0 g (7 mmol) trans-(4-Hydroxy-cyclohexyl)-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester and 3.23 ml (14.1 mmol) 2,6-di-tert-butylpyridine in 27 ml nitromethane. The reaction mixture was heated to 60 °C for 3.5 h and then diluted with EtOAc, washed with 1M HCl, sat. aqueous NaHCO₃, and water, dried over MgSO₄ and evaporated. Purification by flash-chromatography on silica gel with hexane/EtOAc 9:1 yielded trans-[4-(3-Bromo-propoxy)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester as yellow oil, MS: 405 (MH⁺, 1Br, 1Cl).

Example 11.9

[0150] To 3 g (23.2 mmol) trans-4-Methylamino-cyclohexanol in 120 ml CH₂Cl₂ were added 4.2 ml (24.4 mmol, 1.05 eq) N,N-diisopropylethylamine followed by 5.96 g (24.4 mmol, 1.05 eq) 4-(trifluoromethyl)-benzenesulfonyl chloride in 50 ml CH₂Cl₂. The mixture was stirred at RT over night and the organic phase extracted with 1M KHSO₄, followed by 5% NaHCO₃ and brine. The combined organic phases were washed with brine, dried over Na₂SO₄ and evaporated. Column chromatography on silica gel with hexane:EtOAc 1:1 yielded 6.0 g (77%) trans-N-(4-Hydroxy-cyclohexyl)-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide as off-white solid, MS: 338 (MH⁺).

Example 11.10

[0151] In analogy to example 11.9. trans-4-Methylamino-cyclohexanol and 4-bromobenzenesulfonylchloride were reacted to yield trans-4-Bromo-N-(4-hydroxy-cyclohexyl)-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide as off-white solid, MS: 348 (MH⁺, 1Br).

Example 11.11

[0152] 6 g (17.8 mmol) trans-N-(4-Hydroxy-cyclohexyl)-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide were suspended in 100 ml (658 mmol, 37 eq) 1,6-dibromohexane and 1.8 g (5.3 mmol, 0.3 eq) tetra-butylammonium hydrogensulfate and 100 ml 50% aqueous NaOH were added. The reaction mixture was stirred at 50°C for 2 days, CH₂Cl₂ was added and the layers were separated. The inorganic phase was extracted with CH₂Cl₂, the combined inorganic phases were washed with brine and dried over Na₂SO₄ and evaporated. The excess of the dibromide was removed in vacuo and the residue purified by column chromatography on silica gel with hexane: EtOAc 4:1 yielding 8.3 g (93%) trans-N-[4-(6-Bromo-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide as yellow oil, MS: 500 (MH⁺, 1Br).

Example 11.12

[0153] In analogy to example 11.11, trans-4-Bromo-N-(4-hydroxy-cyclohexyl)-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide and 1,6-dibromohexane were reacted to yield trans-4-Bromo-N-[4-(6-bromo-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide as off-white solid, MS: 510 (MH⁺, 1Br).

Example 11.13

[0154] In analogy to example 11.11, trans-N-(4-Hydroxy-cyclohexyl)-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide and 1,3-dibromopropane were converted to yield trans-N-[4-(3-Bromo-propoxy)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide as off-white semisolid, MS: 320 [M-C₃H₆BrO].

Example 11.14

[0155] In analogy to example 11.11, trans-N-(4-Hydroxy-cyclohexyl)-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide and 1,4-Dibromobutane were converted to yield trans-N-[4-(4-Bromo-butoxy)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide as light yellow semisolid, MS: 320 [M-C₄H₈BrO].

Example 11.15

[0156] In analogy to example 11.5, trans-(4-Hydroxy-cyclohexyl)-methyl-carbamic acid tert-butyl ester and 1,4-dibrombutane were reacted to yield trans-[4-(4-Bromo-butoxy)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid tert-butyl ester as yellowish oil, MS: 364 (MH⁺, 1Br).

Example 11.16

[0157] 5.7 g (15.65 mmol) of trans-[4-(4-Bromo-butoxy)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid tert-butyl ester was treated at RT with 20 ml 4N HCl in dioxane. After 18 h at this temperature, t-butyl methylether was added to give after filtration 4.34 g (92%) of trans-[4-(4-Bromo-butoxy)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-amine hydrochloride, MS: 264 (MH⁺, 1Br).

Example 11.17

[0158] A solution of 1.5 mmol trichloromethyl-chloroformate (diphosgene) in 20 ml CH₂Cl₂ was treated at 0 °C with 3 mmol of 2,4-difluoro-phenol and 3 mmol quinoline and then stirred for 3 h at room temperature. The reaction was then cooled (0 °C) and a solution of 1 mmol [4-(4-Bromo-butoxy)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-amine (prevously prepared from trans-[4-(4-Bromo-butoxy)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-amine hydrochloride by extraction with aqueous NaHCO₃/EtOAc) and 2.5 mmol pyridine in 3 ml CH₂Cl₂ was added. The reaction was stirred over night at room temperature, evaporated to give crude trans-[4-(4-Bromo-butoxy)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 2,4-difluoro-phenyl ester which was used directly in the next step, see Example 12.39-12.44.

Example 11.18

[0159] In analogy to example 11.4, trans-[4-(4-Bromo-butoxy)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-amine hydrochloride and isobutyl chloroformate (with 2.1 eq N,N-diisopropylethylamine) were reacted to yield trans-[4-(4-Bromo-butoxy)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid isobutyl ester which was used directly in the next steps see Example 12.45-12.54.

Example 11.19

[0160] In analogy to example 11.9, trans-[4-(4-Bromo-butoxy)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-amine hydrochloride and 3,4-difluoro-benzenesulfonyl chloride (with 2.1 eq N,N-diisopropylethylamine) were reacted to yield trans-N-[4-(4-Bromo-butoxy)-cyclohexyl]-

3,4-difluoro-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide which was used directly in the next steps see Example 12.55-12.56 and 12.65 and 12.66.

Example 11.20

[0161] In analogy to example 11.9, trans-[4-(4-Bromo-butoxy)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-amine hydrochloride and 2,4-difluoro-benzenesulfonyl chloride (with 2.1 eq N,N-diisopropylethylamine) were reacted to yield trans-N-[4-(4-Bromo-butoxy)-cyclohexyl]-2,4-difluoro-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide which was used directly in the next steps see Example 12.57-12.58 and 12.65 and 12.66.

Example 11.21

[0162] In analogy to example 11.9, trans-[4-(4-Bromo-butoxy)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-amine hydrochloride and 4-nitro-benzenesulfonyl chloride (with 2.1 eq N,N-diisopropylethylamine) were reacted to yield trans-N-[4-(4-Bromo-butoxy)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-nitro-benzenesulfonamide, MS: 451 (MH⁺).

Example 11.22

[0163] In analogy to example 11.9, trans-4-amino-cyclohexanol and 4-(trifluoromethyl)-benzenesulfonyl chloride were converted to yield trans-N-(4-Hydroxy-cyclohexyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide as white solid, 176.2°C, MS 322 (M-H).

Example 11.23

[0164] To 4 g (12.4 mmol) trans-N-(4-Hydroxy-cyclohexyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide in 20 ml DMF were added 5.1 g (37.1 mmol, 3.3 eq) K₂CO₃ and 2.04 ml (27.2 mmol, 2.2 eq) ethyl bromide. The mixture was stirred at 35 °C over night, concentrated in vacuo and dissolved in CH₂Cl₂ and water. The phases were separated and the inorganic one was extracted CH₂Cl₂, the combined organic phases were washed with brine and dried over Na₂SO₄. The crude product was purified by column chromatography on silica gel with CH₂Cl₂/MeOH 95:5 to yield 1.6 g (38%) trans-N-Ethyl-N-(4-hydroxy-cyclohexyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide as brown oil, MS: 351(M).

Example 11.23

[0165] In analogy to example 11.11, trans-N-Ethyl-N-(4-hydroxy-cyclohexyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide and 1,4-Dibromobutane were converted to yield trans-N-[4-(4-Bromo-butoxy)-cyclohexyl]-N-ethyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide as colorless oil, MS 470 (M-CH₃,1Br).

Example 12

[0166] A solution of 0.25 mmol (1 equivalent) bromide in 0.7 ml dry DMA was treated with a solution of 0.5 mmol (2 equivalents) secondary amine in 0.15 ml dry DMA at room temperature. After 16 h, 2 equivalents of secondary amine were added again to the solution. The reaction mixture was allowed to stand over night at room temperature, treated with 0.2 ml formic acid and purified by preparative HPLC [RP-18, acetonitrile (0.1 % HCOOH)/water (0.1 % HCOOH), 10 % to 95 % acetonitrile]. After evaporation, the tertiary amine was obtained as a mixture of amine hydrobromide and formate. The following compounds were prepared from the corresponding bromides and secondary amines:

Example	Compound	MS MH ⁺	Bromide	Secondary amine
12.1	trans-(4-{4-[Ethyl-(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-amino]-butoxy}-cyclohexyl)-methyl-carbamic acid 4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl ester	461	trans-[4-(4-Bromo-butoxy)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl ester	2-(Ethylamino)-ethanol
12.2	trans-[4-(4-Diethylamino-butoxy)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl ester	445	trans-[4-(4-Bromo-butoxy)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl ester	Diethylamine

12.3	trans-[4-(4-Dimethylamino-butoxy)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl ester	417	trans-[4-(4-Bromo-butoxy)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl ester	Dimethylamin
12.4	trans-(4-[4-Bis-(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-amino]-butoxy)-cyclohexyl)-methyl-carbamic acid 4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl ester	477	trans-[4-(4-Bromo-butoxy)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl ester	Diethanolamine
12.5	trans-Methyl-{4-[4-(methyl-propyl-amino)-butoxy]-cyclohexyl}-carbamic acid 4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl ester	445	trans-[4-(4-Bromo-butoxy)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl ester	N-Methylpropyl-amine
12.6	{4-[Trans-4-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-butoxy]-cyclohexyl}-methyl-carbamic acid 3,4-difluoro-phenyl ester	411	trans-[4-(4-Bromo-butoxy)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 3,4-difluoro-phenyl ester;	Allylmethylamine
12.7	{trans-4-(4-Dimethylamino-butoxy)-cyclohexyl}-methyl-carbamic acid 3,4-difluoro-phenyl ester	385	trans-[4-(4-Bromo-butoxy)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 3,4-difluoro-phenyl ester	Dimethylamine 33% in EtOH 5.6M
12.8	{trans-4-[4-[Ethyl-(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-amino]-butoxy]-cyclohexyl)-methyl-carbamic acid 3,4-difluoro-phenyl ester	429	trans-[4-(4-Bromo-butoxy)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 3,4-difluoro-phenyl ester	Ethyl-(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-amine

12.9	[trans-4-(4-Diethylamino-butoxy)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 3,4-difluoro-phenyl ester	413	trans-[4-(4-Bromo-butoxy)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 3,4-difluoro-phenyl ester	Diethylamine
12.10	Methyl-[trans-4-(4-piperidin-1-yl-butoxy)-cyclohexyl]-carbamic acid 3,4-difluoro-phenyl ester	425	trans-[4-(4-Bromo-butoxy)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 3,4-difluoro-phenyl ester	Piperidine
12.11	[trans-4-(4-Azetidin-1-yl-butoxy)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 3,4-difluoro-phenyl ester	397	trans-[4-(4-Bromo-butoxy)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 3,4-difluoro-phenyl ester	Azetidine
12.12	Methyl-[trans-4-(4-morpholin-4-yl-butoxy)-cyclohexyl]-carbamic acid 3,4-difluoro-phenyl ester	427	trans-[4-(4-Bromo-butoxy)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 3,4-difluoro-phenyl ester	Morpholine
12.13	Methyl-[trans-4-(4-pyrrolidin-1-yl-butoxy)-cyclohexyl]-carbamic acid 3,4-difluoro-phenyl ester	411	trans-[4-(4-Bromo-butoxy)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 3,4-difluoro-phenyl ester	Pyrrolidine
12.14	[4-[trans-4-[Ethyl-(2-methoxy-ethyl)-amino]-butoxy]-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 3,4-difluoro-phenyl ester	443	trans-[4-(4-Bromo-butoxy)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 3,4-difluoro-phenyl ester	Ethyl-(2-methoxy-ethyl)-amine

12.15	trans-Methyl-[4-[4-(methyl-propyl-amino)-butoxy]-cyclohexyl]-carbamic acid 3,4-difluoro-phenyl ester	413	trans-[4-(4-Bromo-butoxy)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 3,4-difluoro-phenyl ester	N-Methylpropyl-amine
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[0167] The following compounds were further prepared from the corresponding bromides and secondary amines:

Example	Compound	MS MH ⁺	Bromide	Secondary amine
12.16	trans-N-(4-[3-[Ethyl-(2-methoxy-ethyl)-amino]-propoxy]-cyclohexyl)-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide	481	trans-N-[4-(3-Bromo-propoxy)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide	N-(2-methoxy-ethyl)-ethylamine
12.17	trans-N-[4-[3-(3,6-Dihydro-2H-pyridin-1-yl)-propoxy]-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide	461	trans-N-[4-(3-Bromo-propoxy)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide	1,2,3,6-Tetrahydro-pyridine
12.18	trans-N-Methyl-N-[4-[3-(methyl-propyl-amino)-propoxy]-cyclohexyl]-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide	451	trans-N-[4-(3-Bromo-propoxy)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide	N-Methylpropyl-amine
12.19	trans-N-(4-[4-[Ethyl-(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-amino]-butoxy]-cyclohexyl)-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide	481	trans-N-[4-(4-Bromo-butoxy)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide	2-(Ethylamino)-ethanol

12.20	trans-N-[4-(4-Diethylamino-butoxy)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide	465	trans-N-[4-(4-Bromo-butoxy)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide	N-Diethylamine
12.21	trans-N-[4-(4-Dimethylamino-butoxy)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide	437	trans-N-[4-(4-Bromo-butoxy)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide	Dimethylamine 33% in EtOH 5.6M
12.22	trans-N-(4-{4-[(2-Methoxy-ethyl)-methyl-amino]-butoxy}-cyclohexyl)-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide	481	trans-N-[4-(4-Bromo-butoxy)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide	N-(2-Methoxy-ethyl)-methylamine
12.23	trans-N-(4-{4-[(2-Hydroxy-ethyl)-methyl-amino]-butoxy}-cyclohexyl)-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide	467	trans-N-[4-(4-Bromo-butoxy)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide	2-(Methylamino)-ethanol
12.24	trans-N-(4-[4-[Bis-(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-amino]-butoxy]-cyclohexyl)-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide	497	trans-N-[4-(4-Bromo-butoxy)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide	Diethanolamine
12.25	trans-N-{4-[4-(Cyclopropylmethyl-methyl-amino)-butoxy]-cyclohexyl}-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide	477	trans-N-[4-(4-Bromo-butoxy)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide	Cyclopropyl-methyl-methylamine

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12.26	trans-N-Methyl-N-[4-(4-morpholin-4-yl-butoxy)-cyclohexyl]-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide	479	trans-N-[4-(4-Bromobutoxy)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide	Morpholine
12.27	trans-N-[4-[4-(3,6-Dihydro-2H-pyridin-1-yl)-butoxy]-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide	475	trans-N-[4-(4-Bromobutoxy)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide	1,2,3,6-Tetrahydro-pyridine
12.28	trans-N-Methyl-N-[4-[4-(methyl-propyl-amino)-butoxy]-cyclohexyl]-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide	465	trans-N-[4-(4-Bromobutoxy)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide	N-Methylpropylamine
12.29	trans-N-(4-[4-[Ethyl-(2-methoxy-ethyl)-amino]-butoxy]-cyclohexyl)-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide	495	trans-N-[4-(4-Bromobutoxy)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide	N-(2-methoxy-ethyl)-ethylamine
12.30	trans-N-(4-[3-[(2-Methoxyethyl)-methyl-amino]-propoxy]-cyclohexyl)-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide	467	trans-N-[4-(3-Bromopropoxy)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide	N-(2-Methoxyethyl)-methylamine
12.31	trans-N-{4-[3-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-propoxy]-cyclohexyl}N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide	449	trans-N-[4-(3-Bromopropoxy)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide	N-Methylallylamine

12.32	trans-N-(4-{3-[Ethyl-(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-amino]-propoxy}-cyclohexyl)-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide	467	trans-N-[4-(3-Bromo-propoxy)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide	2-(Ethylamino)-ethanol
12.33	trans-N-[4-(3-Diethylamino-propoxy)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide	451	trans-N-[4-(3-Bromo-propoxy)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide	N-Diethylamine
12.34	trans-N-(4-{3-[(2-Hydroxy-ethyl)-methyl-amino]-propoxy}-cyclohexyl)-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide	453	trans-N-[4-(3-Bromo-propoxy)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide	2-(Methylamino)-ethanol
12.35	trans-N-(4-{3-[Bis-(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-amino]-propoxy}-cyclohexyl)-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide	483	trans-N-[4-(3-Bromo-propoxy)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide	Diethanol-amine
12.36	trans-N-[4-[3-(Cyclopropylmethyl-methyl-amino)-propoxy]-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide	463	trans-N-[4-(3-Bromo-propoxy)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide	Cyclopropyl-methyl-methyl-amine
12.37	trans-N-Methyl-N-[4-(3-pyrrolidin-1-yl-propoxy)-cyclohexyl]-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide	449	trans-N-[4-(3-Bromo-propoxy)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide	Pyrrolidine

12.38	trans-N-Methyl-N-[4-(3-morpholin-4-yl-propoxy)-cyclohexyl]-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide	465	trans-N-[4-(3-Bromopropoxy)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide	Morpholine
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[0168] The following compounds were further prepared from the corresponding bromides and secondary amines:

Example	Compound	MS MH ⁺	Bromide	Secondary amine
12.39	trans-[4-[4-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-butoxy]-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 2,4-difluoro-phenyl ester	411	trans-[4-(4-Bromobutoxy)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 2,4-difluoro-phenyl ester	Allylmethylamine
12.40	trans-[4-(4-Dimethylamino-butoxy)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 2,4-difluoro-phenyl ester	385	trans-[4-(4-Bromobutoxy)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 2,4-difluoro-phenyl ester	Dimethylamine 33% in EtOH 5.6M
12.41	trans-[4-[4-[Ethyl-(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-amino]-butoxy]-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 2,4-difluoro-phenyl ester	429	trans-[4-(4-Bromobutoxy)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 2,4-difluoro-phenyl ester	Ethyl-(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-amine
12.42	trans-Methyl-[4-(4-morpholin-4-yl-butoxy)-cyclohexyl]-carbamic acid 2,4-difluoro-phenyl ester	427	trans-[4-(4-Bromobutoxy)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 2,4-difluoro-phenyl ester	Morpholine

12.43	trans-[4-[4-[Ethyl-(2-methoxy-ethyl)-amino]-butoxy]-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 2,4-difluoro-phenyl ester	443	trans-[4-(4-Bromo-butoxy)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 2,4-difluoro-phenyl ester	Ethyl-(2-methoxy-ethyl)-amine
12.44	trans-Methyl-[4-[4-(methyl-propyl-amino)-butoxy]-cyclohexyl]-carbamic acid 2,4-difluoro-phenyl ester	413	trans-[4-(4-Bromo-butoxy)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 2,4-difluoro-phenyl ester	N-Methylpropylamine
12.45	trans-[4-(4-Dimethylamino-butoxy)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid isobutyl ester	329	trans-[4-(4-Bromo-butoxy)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid isobutyl ester	Dimethylamine 33% in EtOH 5.6M
12.46	trans-[4-[4-[Ethyl-(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-amino]-butoxy]-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid isobutyl ester	373	trans-[4-(4-Bromo-butoxy)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid isobutyl ester	Ethyl-(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-amine
12.47	trans-[4-(4-Diethylamino-butoxy)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid isobutyl ester	357	trans-[4-(4-Bromo-butoxy)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid isobutyl ester	Diethylamine
12.48	trans-[4-(4-Azetidin-1-yl-butoxy)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid isobutyl ester	341	trans-[4-(4-Bromo-butoxy)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid isobutyl ester	Azetidine
12.49	trans-Methyl-[4-(4-morpholin-4-yl-butoxy)-cyclohexyl]-carbamic acid isobutyl ester	371	trans-[4-(4-Bromo-butoxy)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid isobutyl ester	Morpholine

12.50	trans-Methyl-[4-(4-pyrrolidin-1-yl-butoxy)-cyclohexyl]-carbamic acid isobutyl ester	356	trans-[4-(4-Bromobutoxy)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid isobutyl ester	Pyrrolidine
12.51	trans-(4-{4-[Ethyl-(2-methoxy-ethyl)-amino]-butoxy}-cyclohexyl)-methyl-carbamic acid isobutyl ester	387	trans-[4-(4-Bromobutoxy)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid isobutyl ester	Ethyl-(2-methoxy-ethyl)-amine
12.52	trans-Methyl-[4-[4-(methyl-propyl-amino)-butoxy]-cyclohexyl]-carbamic acid isobutyl ester	357	trans-[4-(4-Bromobutoxy)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid isobutyl ester	N-Methylpropylamine
12.53	trans-(4-{4-[Bis-(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-amino]-butoxy}-cyclohexyl)-methyl-carbamic acid isobutyl ester	389	trans-[4-(4-Bromobutoxy)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid isobutyl ester	2-(Hydroxy-ethyl)-amino-ethanol
12.54	trans-[4-[4-(Cyclopropylmethyl-methyl-amino)-butoxy]-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid isobutyl ester	369	trans-[4-(4-Bromobutoxy)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid isobutyl ester	Cyclopropylmethyl-methyl-amine
12.55	trans-3,4-Difluoro-N-methyl-N-{4-[4-(methyl-propyl-amino)-butoxy]-cyclohexyl}-benzenesulfonamide	433	trans-N-[4-(4-Bromobutoxy)-cyclohexyl]-3,4-difluoro-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide	N-Methylpropylamine
12.56	trans-N-(4-[4-[Ethyl-(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-amino]-butoxy]-cyclohexyl)-3,4-difluoro-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide	449	trans-N-[4-(4-Bromobutoxy)-cyclohexyl]-3,4-difluoro-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide	2-(Hydroxy-ethyl)-amino-ethanol

12.57	trans-2,4-Difluoro-N-methyl-N-{4-[4-(methyl-propyl-amino)-butoxy]-cyclohexyl}-benzenesulfonamide	433	trans-N-[4-(4-Bromobutoxy)-cyclohexyl]-2,4-difluoro-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide	N-Methylpropylamine
12.58	trans-N-(4-{4-[Ethyl-(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-amino]-butoxy}-cyclohexyl)-2,4-difluoro-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide	449	trans-N-[4-(4-Bromobutoxy)-cyclohexyl]-2,4-difluoro-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide	2-(Hydroxy-ethyl)-amino-ethanol
12.59	trans-N-Methyl-4-nitro-N-[4-(4-piperidin-1-yl-butoxy)-cyclohexyl]-benzenesulfonamide	454	trans-N-[4-(4-Bromobutoxy)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-nitro-benzenesulfonamide	Piperidine
12.60	trans-N-(4-{4-[Ethyl-(2-methoxy-ethyl)-amino]-butoxy}-cyclohexyl)-N-methyl-4-nitro-benzenesulfonamide	472	trans-N-[4-(4-Bromobutoxy)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-nitro-benzenesulfonamide	Ethyl-(2-methoxy-ethyl)-amine
12.61	trans-N-[4-(4-Dimethylamino-butoxy)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-nitro-benzenesulfonamide	414	trans-N-[4-(4-Bromobutoxy)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-nitro-benzenesulfonamide	Dimethylamine 33% in EtOH 5.6M
12.62	trans-N-{4-[4-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-butoxy]-cyclohexyl}-N-methyl-4-nitro-benzenesulfonamide	439	trans-N-[4-(4-Bromobutoxy)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-nitro-benzenesulfonamide	Allylmethylamine
12.63	trans-N-(4-[4-[Ethyl-(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-amino]-butoxy]-cyclohexyl)-N-methyl-4-nitro-benzenesulfonamide	458	trans-N-[4-(4-Bromobutoxy)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-nitro-benzenesulfonamide	2-(Hydroxy-ethyl)-amino-ethanol

12.64	trans-N-[4-[4-(4-Hydroxypiperidin-1-yl)-butoxy]-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-nitro-benzenesulfonamide	469 (M)	trans-N-[4-(4-Bromobutoxy)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-nitro-benzenesulfonamide	4-Hydroxypiperidine
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[0169] The following compounds, in which 2 equivalents of the corresponding amine reacted with 1 equivalent of the corresponding bromide, were further prepared according to the procedure described above:

Example	Compound	MS MH ⁺	Bromide	Secondary amine
12.65	trans-4-Dimethylamino-N-[4-(4-dimethylaminobutoxy)-cyclohexyl]-3-fluoro-N-methylbenzenesulfonamide	430	trans-N-[4-(4-Bromobutoxy)-cyclohexyl]-3,4-difluoro-N-methylbenzenesulfonamide	Dimethylamine 33% in EtOH 5.6M
12.66	trans-4-Dimethylamino-N-[4-(4-dimethylaminobutoxy)-cyclohexyl]-2-fluoro-N-methylbenzenesulfonamide	430	trans-N-[4-(4-Bromobutoxy)-cyclohexyl]-2,4-difluoro-N-methylbenzenesulfonamide	Dimethylamine 33% in EtOH 5.6M

Example 13

[0170] 1 eq of the bromide is treated with 3 eq of amine in (4-10 ml/mmol bromide) DMA at RT until no starting material can be detected with TLC. The solution is concentrated and the residue is redissolved in CH₂Cl₂/ 5% aqueous NaHCO₃. The phases are separated, and the inorganic phase is extracted with CH₂Cl₂, the combined organic phases are washed with brine, dried over Na₂SO₄. The crude material is purified by flash chromatography. The following compounds were prepared from the corresponding bromides and amines:

Example	Compound	MS MH ⁺	Bromide	Amine
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13.1	trans-[4-[4-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-butoxy]-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester	409 (1 Cl)	trans-[4-(4-Bromo-butoxy)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester	Allylmethylamine
13.2	trans-[4-[5-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-pentyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester	424 (1 Cl)	trans-[4-(5-Bromo-pentyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester	Allylmethylamine
13.3	trans-[4-(6-Dimethylamino-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester	411 (1 Cl)	trans-[4-(6-Bromo-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester	Dimethylamine 33% in EtOH 5.6M
13.4	trans-[4-(4-Dimethylamino-butoxy)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester	383 (1 Cl)	trans-[4-(4-Bromo-butoxy)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester	Dimethylamine 33% in EtOH 5.6M
13.5	trans-[4-(5-Dimethylamino-pentyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester	397 (1 Cl)	trans-[4-(5-Bromo-pentyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester	Dimethylamine 33% in EtOH 5.6M
13.6	trans-(4-[6-[Ethyl-(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-amino]-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl)-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester	456 (1 Cl)	trans-[4-(6-Bromo-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester	2-Ethylamino-ethanol

13.7	trans-(4-{4-[Ethyl-(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-amino]-butoxy}-cyclohexyl)-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester	427 (1 Cl)	trans-[4-(4-Bromo-butoxy)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester	2-Ethylamino-ethanol
13.8	trans-(4-{5-[Ethyl-(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-amino]-pentyloxy}-cyclohexyl)-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester	442 (1 Cl)	trans-[4-(5-Bromo-pentyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester	2-Ethylamino-ethanol
13.9	trans-(4-{6-[Ethyl-(2-methoxy-ethyl)-amino]-hexyloxy}-cyclohexyl)-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester	470 (1 Cl)	trans-[4-(6-Bromo-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester	N-(2-Methoxyethyl)ethylamine
13.10	trans-(4-{4-[Ethyl-(2-methoxy-ethyl)-amino]-butoxy}-cyclohexyl)-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester	442 (1 Cl)	trans-[4-(4-Bromo-butoxy)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester	N-(2-Methoxyethyl)ethylamine
13.11	trans-[4-{3-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-propoxy}-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester	395 (1 Cl)	trans-[4-(3-Bromo-propoxy)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester	Allylmethylamine
13.12	trans-(4-{3-[Ethyl-(2-methoxy-ethyl)-amino]-propoxy}-cyclohexyl)-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester	427 (1 Cl)	trans-[4-(3-Bromo-propoxy)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester	N-(2-Methoxyethyl)ethylamine

13.13	trans-[4-{5-[Ethyl-(2-methoxy-ethyl)-amino]-pentyloxy}-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester	456 (1 Cl)	trans-[4-(5-Bromo-pentyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester	N-(2-Methoxyethyl)ethylamine
13.14	trans-[4-(3-Dimethylamino-propoxy)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester	369 (1 Cl)	trans-[4-(3-Bromo-propoxy)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester	Dimethylamine 33% in EtOH 5.6M
13.15	trans-[4-{3-[Ethyl-(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-amino]-propoxy}-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester	413 (1 Cl)	trans-[4-(3-Bromo-propoxy)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester	2-Ethylamino-ethanol
13.16	trans-Methyl-[4-(3-piperidin-1-yl-propoxy)-cyclohexyl]-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester	409 (1 Cl)	trans-[4-(3-Bromo-propoxy)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester	Piperidine
13.17	trans-Methyl-[4-(4-piperidin-1-yl-butoxy)-cyclohexyl]-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester	424 (1 Cl)	trans-[4-(4-Bromo-butoxy)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester	Piperidine
13.18	trans-Methyl-[4-(6-piperidin-1-yl-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester	452 (1 Cl)	trans-[4-(6-Bromo-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester	Piperidine
13.19	trans-Methyl-[4-(5-piperidin-1-yl-pentyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester	438 (1 Cl)	trans-[4-(5-Bromo-pentyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester	Piperidine

13.20	trans-[4-(3-Diethylamino-propoxy)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester	397 (1 Cl)	trans-[4-(3-Bromo-propoxy)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester	Diethylamine
13.21	trans-[4-(6-Diethylamino-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester	440 (1 Cl)	trans-[4-(6-Bromo-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester	Diethylamine
13.22	trans-[4-(4-Diethylamino-butoxy)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester	411 (1 Cl)	trans-[4-(4-Bromo-butoxy)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester	Diethylamine
13.23	trans-[4-(5-Diethylamino-pentyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester	426 (1 Cl)	trans-[4-(5-Bromo-pentyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester	Diethylamine
13.24	trans-Methyl-[4-(3-pyrrolidin-1-yl-propoxy)-cyclohexyl]-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester	395 (1 Cl)	trans-[4-(3-Bromo-propoxy)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester	Pyrrolidine
13.25	trans-Methyl-[4-(6-pyrrolidin-1-yl-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester	436 (1 Cl) M-H ⁺	trans-[4-(6-Bromo-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester	Pyrrolidine
13.26	trans-(4-{6-[(2-Hydroxy-ethyl)-methyl-amino]-hexyloxy}-cyclohexyl)-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester	442 (1 Cl)	trans-[4-(6-Bromo-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester	2-(Methylamino)-ethanol

13.27	trans-(4-{4-[(2-Hydroxy-ethyl)-methyl-amino]-butoxy}-cyclohexyl)-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester	413 (1 Cl)	trans-[4-(4-Bromo-butoxy)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester	2-(Methylamino)-ethanol
13.28	trans-(4-{5-[(2-Hydroxy-ethyl)-methyl-amino]-pentyloxy}-cyclohexyl)-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester	427 (1 Cl)	trans-[4-(5-Bromo-pentyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester	2-(Methylamino)-ethanol
13.29	trans-Methyl-[4-(4-pyrrolidin-1-yl-butoxy)-cyclohexyl]-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester	409 (1 Cl)	trans-[4-(4-Bromo-butoxy)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester	Pyrrolidine
13.30	trans-Methyl-[4-(5-pyrrolidin-1-yl-pentyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester	424 (1 Cl)	trans-[4-(5-Bromo-pentyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester	Pyrrolidine
13.31	trans-(4-{3-[(2-Hydroxy-ethyl)-methyl-amino]-propoxy}-cyclohexyl)-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester	399 (1 Cl)	trans-[4-(3-Bromo-propoxy)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester	2-(Methylamino)-ethanol

[0171] The following compounds were further prepared from the corresponding bromides and amines:

Example	Compound	MS MH ⁺	Educt 1	Educt 2
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13.32	trans-N-(4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl)-4-bromo-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide	501 (1 Br)	trans-4-Bromo-N-[4-(6-bromo-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide	N-Allylmethyl-amine
13.33	trans-4-Bromo-N-[4-(6-dimethylamino-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide	475 (1 Br)	trans-4-Bromo-N-[4-(6-bromo-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide	Dimethylamine 33% in EtOH 5.6M
13.34	trans-4-Bromo-N-(4-[6-[(2-methoxy-ethyl)-methyl-amino]-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl)-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide	519 (1 Br)	trans-4-Bromo-N-[4-(6-bromo-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide	N-(2-Methoxy-ethyl)methyl-amine
13.35	trans-N-(4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl)-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide	528	trans-N-[4-(6-Bromo-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide	N-Allylmethyl-amine
13.36	trans-N-[4-(6-Dimethylamino-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide	465	trans-N-[4-(6-Bromo-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide	Dimethylamine 33% in EtOH 5.6M
13.37	trans-N-(4-[6-[(2-Methoxy-ethyl)-methyl-amino]-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl)-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide	509	trans-N-[4-(6-Bromo-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide	N-(2-Methoxy-ethyl)methyl-amine
13.38	trans-4-Bromo-N-[4-(6-diethylamino-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide	503 (1 Br)	trans-4-Bromo-N-[4-(6-bromo-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide	Diethylamine

13.39	trans-4-Bromo-N-[4-[6-(isopropyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide	503 (1 Br)	trans-4-Bromo-N-[4-(6-bromo-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide	Isopropylmethyl-amine
13.40	trans-4-Bromo-N-methyl-N-[4-(6-pyrrolidin-1-yl-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-benzenesulfonamide	501 (1 Br)	trans-4-Bromo-N-[4-(6-bromo-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide	Pyrrolidine
13.41	trans-N-[4-(6-Diethylamino-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide	493	trans-N-[4-(6-Bromo-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide	Diethylamine
13.42	trans-N-[4-[6-(Isopropyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide	493	trans-N-[4-(6-Bromo-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide	Isopropylmethyl-amine
13.43	trans-N-Methyl-N-[4-(6-pyrrolidin-1-yl-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide	491	trans-N-[4-(6-Bromo-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide	Pyrrolidine
13.44	trans-N-[4-(3-Allylamino-propoxy)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide	435	trans-N-[4-(3-Bromo-propoxy)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide	N-Allylamine

13.45	trans-N-[4-{4-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-butoxy}-cyclohexyl]-N-ethyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide	477	trans-N-[4-(4-Bromo-butoxy)-cyclohexyl]-N-ethyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide	N-Allyl-methylamine
13.46	trans-N-[4-(4-Dimethylamino-butoxy)-cyclohexyl]-N-ethyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide	451	trans-N-[4-(4-Bromo-butoxy)-cyclohexyl]-N-ethyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide	Dimethylamine
13.47	trans-N-Ethyl-N-(4-{4-[(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-methyl-amino]-butoxy}-cyclohexyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide	481	trans-N-[4-(4-Bromo-butoxy)-cyclohexyl]-N-ethyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide	Methylaminoethanol
13.48	trans-N-Ethyl-N-(4-{4-[(2-methoxy-ethyl)-methyl-amino]-butoxy}-cyclohexyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide	495	trans-N-[4-(4-Bromo-butoxy)-cyclohexyl]-N-ethyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide	N-(Methoxyethyl)methylamine
13.49	trans-N-Ethyl-N-(4-{4-[ethyl-(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-amino]-butoxy}-cyclohexyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide	495	trans-N-[4-(4-Bromo-butoxy)-cyclohexyl]-N-ethyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide	Ethylamino-ethanol
13.50	trans-N-Ethyl-N-(4-{4-[ethyl-(2-methoxy-ethyl)-amino]-butoxy}-cyclohexyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide	509	trans-N-[4-(4-Bromo-butoxy)-cyclohexyl]-N-ethyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide	N-(Methoxyethyl)-ethylamine

13.51	trans-N-(4-{4-[Bis-(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-amino]-butoxy}-cyclohexyl)-N-ethyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide	511	trans-N-[4-(4-Bromobutoxy)-cyclohexyl]-N-ethyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide	Diethanolamine
13.52	trans-N-[4-(4-Diethylaminobutoxy)-cyclohexyl]-N-ethyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide	479	trans-N-[4-(4-Bromobutoxy)-cyclohexyl]-N-ethyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide	Diethylamine
13.53	trans-N-[4-(4-Allylaminobutoxy)-cyclohexyl]-N-ethyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide	463	trans-N-[4-(4-Bromobutoxy)-cyclohexyl]-N-ethyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide	Allylamine
13.54	trans-N-Ethyl-N-[4-(4-piperidin-1-yl-butoxy)-cyclohexyl]-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide	491	trans-N-[4-(4-Bromobutoxy)-cyclohexyl]-N-ethyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide	Piperidine
13.55	trans-N-Ethyl-N-[4-(4-methyl-piperazin-1-yl)-butoxy]-cyclohexyl]-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide	506	trans-N-[4-(4-Bromobutoxy)-cyclohexyl]-N-ethyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide	1-Methylpiperazine

Example 14

[0172] A solution of the secondary amine (0.6 mmol; 3.5 equivalents) in 0.7 ml dry DMF is treated with 0.17 mmol (1 equivalent) of the bromide in 0.25 ml dry DMF, as well as with 0.17 mmol (1 equivalent) 1,8-Diazabicyclo[5.4.0]undec-7-ene(1,5-5) (DBU). The reaction mixture is shaken over night at 50°C, then treated with 0.2 ml formic acid and

purified by preparative HPLC [RP-18, acetonitrile (0.1 % HCOOH)/water (0.1 % HCOOH), 10 % to 95 % acetonitrile]. After evaporation, the tertiary amine is obtained as a mixture of amine formate and hydrobromide. The following compounds can be prepared from the corresponding bromides and secondary amines:

Example	Compound	MS MH ⁺	Bromide	Secondary amine
14.1	trans-4-Bromo-N-(4-{6-[(2-methoxy-ethyl)-methyl-amino]-hexyloxy}-cyclohexyl)-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide	519 (1 Br)	trans-4-Bromo-N-[4-(6-bromo-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide	N-(2-methoxy-ethyl)methyl-amine
14.2	trans-N-[4-{6-[(2-Methoxy-ethyl)-methyl-amino]-hexyloxy}-cyclohexyl)-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide	509	trans-N-[4-(6-Bromo-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide	N-(2-methoxy-ethyl)methyl-amine
14.3	trans-4-Bromo-N-methyl-N-[4-(6-morpholin-4-yl-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-benzenesulfonamide	517 (1 Br)	trans-4-Bromo-N-[4-(6-bromo-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide	Morpholine
14.4	trans-N-[4-(6-Azetidin-1-yl-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-4-bromo-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide	487 (1 Br)	trans-4-Bromo-N-[4-(6-bromo-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide	Trimethylene-amine
14.5	trans-4-Bromo-N-[4-[6-(butyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide	517 (1 Br)	trans-4-Bromo-N-[4-(6-bromo-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide	N-Methylbutyl-amine
14.6	trans-4-Bromo-N-methyl-N-[4-(6-piperidin-1-yl-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-benzenesulfonamide	515 (1 Br)	trans-4-Bromo-N-[4-(6-bromo-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide	Piperidine

14.7	trans-4-Bromo-N-{4-[6-(3,6-dihydro-2H-pyridin-1-yl)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide	513 (1 Br)	trans-4-Bromo-N-[4-(6-bromo-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide	1,2,3,6-Tetrahydro-pyridine
14.8	trans-4-Bromo-N-(4-[6-[ethyl-(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-amino]-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl)-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide	519 (1 Br)	trans-4-Bromo-N-[4-(6-bromo-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide	2-(Ethylamino)-ethanol
14.9	trans-4-Bromo-N-{4-[6-(3-hydroxy-pyrrolidin-1-yl)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide	517 (1 Br)	trans-4-Bromo-N-[4-(6-bromo-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide	(R)-3-Hydroxypyrrolidine
14.10	trans-4-Bromo-N-methyl-N-{4-[6-(methyl-propyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-benzenesulfonamide	503 (1 Br)	trans-4-Bromo-N-[4-(6-bromo-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide	N-Methylpropylamine
14.11	trans-4-Bromo-N-[4-(6-diallylamino-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide	527 (1 Br)	trans-4-Bromo-N-[4-(6-bromo-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide	Diallylamine
14.12	trans-4-Bromo-N-{4-[6-(4-hydroxymethyl-piperidin-1-yl)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide	545 (1 Br)	trans-4-Bromo-N-[4-(6-bromo-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide	4-Hydroxymethyl-piperidine
14.13	trans-4-Bromo-N-(4-[6-[(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-methyl-amino]-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl)-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide	505 (1 Br)	trans-4-Bromo-N-[4-(6-bromo-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide	2-Hydroxyethylmethylamine

14.14	trans-4-Bromo-N-methyl-N-{4-[6-(4-methyl-piperidin-1-yl)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl}-benzenesulfonamide	529 (1 Br)	trans-4-Bromo-N-[4-(6-bromo-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide	4-Methyl-piperidine
14.15	trans-4-Bromo-N-[4-[6-(4-hydroxy-piperidin-1-yl)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide	531 (1 Br)	trans-4-Bromo-N-[4-(6-bromo-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide	4-Hydroxy-piperidine
14.16	trans-4-Bromo-N-[4-[6-(cyclopropylmethyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide	515 (1 Br)	trans-4-Bromo-N-[4-(6-bromo-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide	N-Methyl-cyclopropane-methylamine
14.17	trans-[(6-[4-[(4-Bromo-benzenesulfonyl)-methyl-amino]-cyclohexyloxy]-hexyl)-methyl-amino]-acetic acid ethyl ester	547 (1 Br)	trans-4-Bromo-N-[4-(6-bromo-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide	Sarcosine ethyl ester hydrochloride
14.18	trans-N-Methyl-N-[4-(6-morpholin-4-yl-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide	507	trans-N-[4-(6-Bromo-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide	Morpholine
14.19	trans-N-[4-(6-Azetidin-1-yl-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide	477	trans-N-[4-(6-Bromo-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide	Trimethylene-amine

14.20	trans-N-[4-(6-(Butyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide	507	trans-N-[4-(6-Bromo-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide	N-Methylbutylamine
14.21	trans-N-Methyl-N-[4-(6-piperidin-1-yl-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide	505	trans-N-[4-(6-Bromo-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide	Piperidine
14.22	trans-N-[4-(6-(3,6-Dihydro-2H-pyridin-1-yl)-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide	503	trans-N-[4-(6-Bromo-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide	1,2,3,6-Tetrahydro-pyridine
14.23	trans-N-(4-[6-[Ethyl-(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-amino]-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl)-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide	509	trans-N-[4-(6-Bromo-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide	2-(Ethylamino)-ethanol
14.24	trans-N-[4-(6-(3-Hydroxypyrrolidin-1-yl)-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide	507	trans-N-[4-(6-Bromo-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide	(R)-3-Hydroxypyrrolidine
14.25	trans-N-Methyl-N-[4-(6-(methyl-propyl-amino)-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide	493	trans-N-[4-(6-Bromo-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide	N-Methylpropylamine

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14.26	trans-N-[4-(6-Diallylamino-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide	517	trans-N-[4-(6-Bromo-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide	Diallylamine
14.27	trans-N-[4-[6-(4-Hydroxymethyl-piperidin-1-yl)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide	535	trans-N-[4-(6-Bromo-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide	4-Hydroxy-methylpiperidine
14.28	trans-N-[4-[6-[(2-Hydroxyethyl)-methyl-amino]-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide	495	trans-N-[4-(6-Bromo-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide	2-Hydroxyethyl-methylamine
14.29	trans-N-[4-[6-(4-Hydroxypiperidin-1-yl)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide	521	trans-N-[4-(6-Bromo-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide	4-Hydroxypiperidine
14.30	trans-N-[4-[6-(Cyclopropylmethyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide	505	trans-N-[4-(6-Bromo-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide	N-Methyl-cyclopropane-methylamine
14.31	trans-[Methyl-(6-[4-[methyl-(4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonyl)-amino]-cyclohexyloxy]-hexyl)-amino]-acetic acid ethyl ester	537	trans-N-[4-(6-Bromo-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide	Sarcosine ethyl ester hydrochloride

Example 15

[0173] A solution of 1.02 mmol (6 equivalents) primary amine in 0.7 ml dry DMF was treated with 0.17mmol (1 equivalent) bromide in 0.25 ml dry DMF, as well as with 0.17 mmol (1 equivalent), 1,8-Diazabicyclo[5.4.0]undec-7-ene(1,5-5) (DBU). The reaction mixture was shaken over night at 50°C, treated with 0.2 ml formic acid and purified by preparative HPLC [RP-18, acetonitrile (0.1 % HCOOH)/water (0.1 % HCOOH), 10 % to 95 % acetonitrile]. After evaporation, the secondary amine was obtained as a mixture of amine formates and hydrobromides. The following compounds were prepared from the corresponding bromides and amines:

Example	Compound	MS MH ⁺	Bromide	Amine
15.1	trans-N-[4-(6-Allylamino-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-4-bromo-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide	487 (1 Br)	trans-4-Bromo-N-[4-(6-bromo-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide	Allylamine
15.2	trans-4-Bromo-N-[4-(6-(2-hydroxy-ethylamino)-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide	491 (1 Br)	trans-4-Bromo-N-[4-(6-bromo-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide	2-Ethanolamine
15.3	trans-4-Bromo-N-[4-(6-ethylamino-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide	475 (1 Br)	trans-4-Bromo-N-[4-(6-bromo-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide	Ethylamine
15.4	trans-N-[4-(4-(2-Hydroxy-ethylamino)-butoxy)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide	453	trans-N-[4-(4-Bromo-butoxy)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide	Ethanolamine

15.5	trans-N-[4-(4-Ethylamino-butoxy)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide	437	trans-N-[4-(4-Bromo-butoxy)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide	N-Ethylamine
15.6	trans-N-[4-[3-(2-Hydroxy-ethylamino)-propoxy]-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide	439	trans-N-[4-(3-Bromopropoxy)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide	Ethanolamine
15.7	trans-N-[4-(3-Ethylaminopropoxy)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide	423	trans-N-[4-(3-Bromopropoxy)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide	N-Ethylamine
15.8	trans-N-[4-(6-Allylamino-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide	477	trans-N-[4-(6-Bromohexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide	Allylamine
15.9	trans-N-[4-(3-Allylamino-propoxy)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide	435	trans-N-[4-(3-Bromopropoxy)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide	N-Methylallylamine
15.10	trans-N-[4-(4-Allylamino-butoxy)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide	449	trans-N-[4-(4-Bromobutoxy)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide	Allylamine

Example 16

Example 16.1

[0174] To 10 g (40.1 mmol) trans-4-Hydroxy-cyclohexylcarbamic acid benzyl ester in 40 ml DMF, 4.09 g (60.1 mmol, 1.5 eq) imidazole and 6.65 g (44.1 mmol, 1.1 eq) TBDMSCl in 20 ml DMF were added at 0°C. The mixture was warmed to 50°C and stirred at that temperature for 2h. A saturated solution of NaHCO₃ was added, the mixture was concentrated and redissolved in ether/water. The phases were separated and the inorganic phase was extracted with ether. The combined organic phases were washed with brine, dried over Na₂SO₄ and concentrated. The crude product was purified on silica gel with hexane:EtOAc 5:1 as eluent yielding 11.8 g (81%) trans-[4-(tert-Butyl-dimethyl-silanyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-carbamic acid benzyl ester as colorless gum, MS: 348 (M-CH₃).

Example 16.2

[0175] To a suspension of 0.58 g (55% in mineral oil, 13 mmol, 1.2eq) sodium hydride in 20 ml DMF, a solution of 4.2 g (11 mmol) trans-[4-(tert-Butyl-dimethyl-silanyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-carbamic acid benzyl ester in 10 ml DMF was added slowly. The temperature was raised slowly to 50 °C and kept at that temperature for 1h. At RT 0.9 ml (14 mmol; 1.3 eq) iodomethane were added and the mixture stirred over night. Additional 0.58 g (55% in mineral oil, 13 mmol, 1.2eq) sodium hydride and 0.9 ml (14 mmol; 1.3 eq) iodomethane were added and the reaction mixture was stirred for 1 day. Aqueous NH₄Cl solution was added and the inorganic phase was extracted with ether, washed with brine, dried over Na₂SO₄ and evaporated yielding 3.1g (72%) trans-[4-(tert-Butyl-dimethyl-silanyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid benzyl ester.

Example 16.3

[0176] To a solution of 3.1g (8 mmol) trans-[4-(tert-Butyl-dimethyl-silanyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid benzyl ester in 20ml THF, 10.3 ml (1M, 10.3 mmol, 1.3 eq) Tetrabutylammonium fluoride in THF were added at 6°C and the mixture was stirred at RT for 2 days. Water was added and the phases were separated and the inorganic phase was extracted with ether and EtOAc. The combined organic phases were washed with brine, dried over Na₂SO₄ and evaporated. Column chromatography on silica gel with a

gradient EtOAc:hexane 1:4 – EtOAc yielded 1.9 g (92%) trans-(4-Hydroxy-cyclohexyl)-methyl-carbamic acid benzyl ester as orange oil, MS: 263 (M).

Example 16.4

[0177] In analogy to examples 16.2 and 16.3, from trans-[4-(tert-Butyl-dimethyl-silanyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-carbamic acid benzyl ester and bromoethane, trans-Ethyl-(4-hydroxy-cyclohexyl)-carbamic acid benzyl ester was obtained as orange oil, MS: 277 (M).

Example 16.5

[0178] In analogy to examples 16.2 and 16.3, from trans-[4-(tert-Butyl-dimethyl-silanyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-carbamic acid benzyl ester and allyl bromide, trans-Allyl-(4-hydroxy-cyclohexyl)-carbamic acid benzyl ester was obtained as orange oil, MS: 289 (M).

Example 16.6

[0179] In analogy to examples 16.2 and 16.3, from trans-[4-(tert-Butyl-dimethyl-silanyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-carbamic acid benzyl ester and benzyl bromide, trans-Benzyl-(4-hydroxy-cyclohexyl)-carbamic acid benzyl ester was obtained as orange oil, MS: 340 (MH⁺).

Example 16.7

[0180] In analogy to examples 16.2 and 16.3, from trans-[4-(tert-Butyl-dimethyl-silanyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-carbamic acid benzyl ester and 2,4,5-trifluorobenzyl bromide, trans-(4-Hydroxy-cyclohexyl)-(2,4,5-trifluoro-benzyl)-carbamic acid benzyl ester was obtained as orange oil, MS: 394 (MH⁺).

Example 16.8

[0181] To 1.9 g (7 mmol) trans-(4-Hydroxy-cyclohexyl)-methyl-carbamic acid benzyl ester suspended in 40.7 ml (267 mmol, 37 eq) 1,6-dibromohexane, 0.74 g (2.0 mmol, 0.3 eq) tetrabutyl ammonium hydrogensulfate and 40 ml 50% aqueous NaOH were added. The mixture was stirred at RT for 3 days, CH₂Cl₂ was added and the layers were separated. The inorganic layer was extracted with CH₂Cl₂, the combined organic layers were washed with brine and dried over Na₂SO₄. The excess of dibromide was removed in vacuo and

the residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel with hexane:EtOAc 4:1 as eluent yielding 2.0 g (64%) trans-[4-(6-Bromo-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid benzyl ester as light yellow oil, MS: 425 (M, 1Br).

Example 16.9

[0182] In analogy to example 16.8, trans-[4-(6-Bromo-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-ethyl-carbamic acid benzyl ester was obtained as light yellow liquid, MS: 439 (M, 1Br), from trans-Ethyl-(4-hydroxy-cyclohexyl)-carbamic acid benzyl ester.

Example 16.10

[0183] In analogy to example 16.8, trans-Allyl-[4-(6-bromo-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-carbamic acid benzyl ester was obtained as light yellow liquid, MS: 451 (M, 1Br), from trans-Allyl-(4-hydroxy-cyclohexyl)-carbamic acid benzyl ester.

Example 16.11

[0184] In analogy to example 16.8, trans-Benzyl-[4-(6-bromo-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-carbamic acid benzyl ester was obtained as light yellow liquid, MS: 501 (M, 1Br), from trans-Benzyl-(4-hydroxy-cyclohexyl)-carbamic acid benzyl ester.

Example 16.12

[0185] In analogy to example 16.8, trans-[4-(6-Bromo-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-(2,4,5-trifluoro-benzyl)-carbamic acid benzyl ester was obtained as light yellow liquid, MS: 555 (M, 1Br), from trans-(4-Hydroxy-cyclohexyl)-(2,4,5-trifluoro-benzyl)-carbamic acid benzyl ester.

Example 16.13

[0186] In analogy to example 16.8, from trans-(4-Hydroxy-cyclohexyl)-carbamic acid benzyl ester and 1,6-dibromohexane was obtained trans-[4-(6-Bromo-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-carbamic acid benzyl ester as white solid, MS: 412 (MH⁺, 1Br).

Example 16.14

[0187] In analogy to example 16.8, from trans-(4-Hydroxy-cyclohexyl)- carbamic acid benzyl ester and 1,5-dibromopentane was obtained trans-[4-(5-Bromo-pentyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-carbamic acid benzyl ester as white solid, MS: 398 (MH⁺, 1Br).

Example 17

[0188] 1 eq of the bromide is treated with 3 eq of each amine in (1 ml/mmol bromide) DMF in the presence of 1 eq diisopropylethylamine and a catalytic amount of NaI at RT until no starting material can be detected with HPLC. Formic acid is added and the crude materials are purified by preparative HPLC [RP-18, acetonitrile (0.1 % HCOOH)/water (0.1 % HCOOH), 10 % to 95 % acetonitrile]. After evaporation the amines were obtained as a mixture of amine formates and hydrobromides. The following compounds were prepared from the corresponding bromides and amines:

Example	Compound	MS MH ⁺	Bromide	Amine
17.1	trans-Ethyl-(4-{6-[ethyl-(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-amino]-hexyloxy}-cyclohexyl)-carbamic acid benzyl ester	449	trans-[4-(6-Bromo-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-ethyl-carbamic acid benzyl ester	2-(Ethylamino)-ethanol
17.2	trans-Benzyl-(4-{6-[ethyl-(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-amino]-hexyloxy}-cyclohexyl)-carbamic acid benzyl ester	511	trans-Benzyl-[4-(6-bromo-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-carbamic acid benzyl ester	2-(Ethylamino)-ethanol
17.3	trans-(4-{6-[Ethyl-(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-amino]-hexyloxy}-cyclohexyl)-methyl-carbamic acid benzyl ester	435	trans-[4-(6-Bromo-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid benzyl ester	2-(Ethylamino)-ethanol

17.4	trans-Allyl-(4-{6-[ethyl-(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-amino]-hexyloxy}-cyclohexyl)-carbamic acid benzyl ester	461	trans-Allyl-[4-(6-bromo-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-carbamic acid benzyl ester	2-(Ethylamino)-ethanol
17.5	trans-(4-{6-[Ethyl-(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-amino]-hexyloxy}-cyclohexyl)-(2,4,5-trifluoro-benzyl)-carbamic acid benzyl ester	565	trans-[4-(6-Bromo-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-(2,4,5-trifluoro-benzyl)-carbamic acid benzyl ester	2-(Ethylamino)-ethanol
17.6	trans-[4-(6-Azetidin-1-yl-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-ethyl-carbamic acid benzyl ester	417	trans-[4-(6-Bromo-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-ethyl-carbamic acid benzyl ester	Azetidine
17.7	trans-[4-(6-Azetidin-1-yl-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-benzyl-carbamic acid benzyl ester	479	trans-Benzyl-[4-(6-bromo-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-carbamic acid benzyl ester	Azetidine
17.8	trans-[4-(6-Azetidin-1-yl-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid benzyl ester	403	trans-[4-(6-Bromo-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid benzyl ester	Azetidine
17.9	trans-Ethyl-(4-{6-[(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-methyl-amino]-hexyloxy}-cyclohexyl)-carbamic acid benzyl ester	435	trans-[4-(6-Bromo-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-ethyl-carbamic acid benzyl ester	2-(Methylamino)-ethanol

17.10	trans-Benzyl-(4-{6-[(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-methyl-amino]-hexyloxy}-cyclohexyl)-carbamic acid benzyl ester	497	trans-Benzyl-[4-(6-bromo-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-carbamic acid benzyl ester	2-(Methylamino)-ethanol
17.11	trans-(4-{6-[(2-Hydroxy-ethyl)-methyl-amino]-hexyloxy}-cyclohexyl)-methyl-carbamic acid benzyl ester	421	trans-[4-(6-Bromo-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid benzyl ester	2-(Methylamino)-ethanol
17.12	trans-Allyl-(4-{6-[(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-methyl-amino]-hexyloxy}-cyclohexyl)-carbamic acid benzyl ester	447	trans-Allyl-[4-(6-bromo-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-carbamic acid benzyl ester	2-(Methylamino)-ethanol
17.13	trans-(4-{6-[(2-Hydroxy-ethyl)-methyl-amino]-hexyloxy}-cyclohexyl)-(2,4,5-trifluoro-benzyl)-carbamic acid benzyl ester	551	trans-[4-(6-Bromo-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-(2,4,5-trifluoro-benzyl)-carbamic acid benzyl ester	2-(Methylamino)-ethanol
17.14	trans-Ethyl-(4-{6-[(2-methoxy-ethyl)-methyl-amino]-hexyloxy}-cyclohexyl)-carbamic acid benzyl ester	449	trans-[4-(6-Bromo-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-ethyl-carbamic acid benzyl ester	N-(2-Methoxy-ethyl)-methyl-amine
17.15	trans-Benzyl-(4-{6-[(2-methoxy-ethyl)-methyl-amino]-hexyloxy}-cyclohexyl)-carbamic acid benzyl ester	511	trans-Benzyl-[4-(6-bromo-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-carbamic acid benzyl ester	N-(2-Methoxy-ethyl)-methyl-amine

17.16	trans-(4-{6-[(2-Methoxy-ethyl)-methyl-amino]-hexyloxy}-cyclohexyl)-methyl-carbamic acid benzyl ester	435	trans-[4-(6-Bromo-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid benzyl ester	N-(2-Methoxy-ethyl)-methyl-amine
17.17	trans-(4-{6-[(2-Methoxy-ethyl)-methyl-amino]-hexyloxy}-cyclohexyl)-(2,4,5-trifluoro-benzyl)-carbamic acid benzyl ester	565	trans-[4-(6-Bromo-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-(2,4,5-trifluoro-benzyl)-carbamic acid benzyl ester	N-(2-Methoxy-ethyl)-methyl-amine
17.18	trans-Ethyl-[4-(6-morpholin-4-yl-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-carbamic acid benzyl ester	447	trans-[4-(6-Bromo-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-ethyl-carbamic acid benzyl ester	Morpholine
17.19	trans-Benzyl-[4-(6-morpholin-4-yl-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-carbamic acid benzyl ester	509	trans-Benzyl-[4-(6-bromo-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-carbamic acid benzyl ester	Morpholine
17.20	trans-Methyl-[4-(6-morpholin-4-yl-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-carbamic acid benzyl ester	433	trans-[4-(6-Bromo-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid benzyl ester	Morpholine
17.21	trans-Allyl-[4-(6-morpholin-4-yl-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-carbamic acid benzyl ester	459	trans-Allyl-[4-(6-bromo-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-carbamic acid benzyl ester	Morpholine

17.22	trans-[4-(6-Morpholin-4-yl-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-(2,4,5-trifluoro-benzyl)-carbamic acid benzyl ester	563	trans-[4-(6-Bromo-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-(2,4,5-trifluoro-benzyl)-carbamic acid benzyl ester	Morpholine
17.23	trans-Ethyl-[4-(6-pyrrolidin-1-yl-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-carbamic acid benzyl ester	431	trans-[4-(6-Bromo-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-ethyl-carbamic acid benzyl ester	Pyrrolidine
17.24	trans-Benzyl-[4-(6-pyrrolidin-1-yl-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-carbamic acid benzyl ester	493	trans-Benzyl-[4-(6-bromo-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-carbamic acid benzyl ester	Pyrrolidine
17.25	trans-Methyl-[4-(6-pyrrolidin-1-yl-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-carbamic acid benzyl ester	417	trans-[4-(6-Bromo-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid benzyl ester	Pyrrolidine
17.26	trans-Allyl-[4-(6-pyrrolidin-1-yl-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-carbamic acid benzyl ester	443	trans-Allyl-[4-(6-bromo-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-carbamic acid benzyl ester	Pyrrolidine
17.27	[4-(6-Pyrrolidin-1-yl-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-(2,4,5-trifluoro-benzyl)-carbamic acid benzyl ester	547	trans-[4-(6-Bromo-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-(2,4,5-trifluoro-benzyl)-carbamic acid benzyl ester	Pyrrolidine

17.28	[4-(6-Dimethylamino-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-carbamic acid benzyl ester	377	trans-[4-(6-Bromo-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid benzyl ester	dimethylamine
17.29	trans-[4-(5-Dimethylamino-pentyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-carbamic acid benzyl ester	363	trans-[4-(5-Bromo-pentyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-carbamic acid benzyl ester	dimethylamine

Example 18

[0189] 1 eq of the bromide (0.13mmol bromide/1ml DMF) is treated with 3 eq of amine in the presence of 1 eq diisopropylethylamine and a catalytic amount of NaI at RT until no starting material can be detected with HPLC. Formic acid is added and the crude materials are purified by prep HPLC [RP-18, acetonitrile (0.1 % HCOOH)/water (0.1 % HCOOH), 10 % to 95 % acetonitrile]. After purification, the product is extracted with - EtOAc and sat. NaHCO₃/H₂O to isolate the free amine. The following compounds were prepared from the corresponding bromides and amines:

Example	Compound	MS MH ⁺	Bromide	Amine
18.1	trans-[4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid benzyl ester	417	trans-[4-(6-Bromo-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid benzyl ester	N-Allylmethyl-amine
18.2	trans-[4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-ethyl-carbamic acid benzyl ester	431	trans-[4-(6-Bromo-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-ethyl-carbamic acid benzyl ester	N-Allylmethyl-amine

18.3	trans-Allyl-[4-(6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-carbamic acid benzyl ester	443	trans-Allyl-[4-(6-bromo-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-carbamic acid benzyl ester	N-Allylmethylamine
18.4	trans-[4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-benzyl-carbamic acid benzyl ester	493	trans-Benzyl-[4-(6-bromo-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-carbamic acid benzyl ester	N-Allylmethylamine
18.5	trans-[4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-(2,4,5-trifluorobenzyl)-carbamic acid benzyl ester	547	trans-[4-(6-Bromo-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-(2,4,5-trifluorobenzyl)-carbamic acid benzyl ester	N-Allylmethylamine
18.6	trans-[4-(6-Dimethylamino-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid benzyl ester	391	trans-[4-(6-Bromo-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid benzyl ester	Dimethylamine 33% in EtOH 5.6M
18.7	trans-[4-(6-Dimethylamino-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-ethyl-carbamic acid benzyl ester	405	trans-[4-(6-Bromo-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-ethyl-carbamic acid benzyl ester	Dimethylamine 33% in EtOH 5.6M
18.8	trans-Allyl-[4-(6-dimethylamino-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-carbamic acid benzyl ester	417	trans-Allyl-[4-(6-bromo-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-carbamic acid benzyl ester	Dimethylamine 33% in EtOH 5.6M
18.9	trans-Benzyl-[4-(6-dimethylamino-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-carbamic acid benzyl ester	467	trans-Benzyl-[4-(6-bromo-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-carbamic acid benzyl ester	Dimethylamine 33% in EtOH 5.6M

18.10	trans-[4-(6-Dimethylamino-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-(2,4,5-trifluoro-benzyl)-carbamic acid benzyl ester	521	trans-[4-(6-Bromo-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-(2,4,5-trifluoro-benzyl)-carbamic acid benzyl ester	Dimethylamine 33% in EtOH 5.6M
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Example 19

Example 19.1

[0190] In analogy to example 17, trans-(4-{6-[(2-Methoxy-ethyl)-methyl-amino]-hexyloxy}-cyclohexyl)-methyl-carbamic acid benzyl ester, MS: 435 (MH⁺), was obtained from trans-[4-(6-Bromo-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid benzyl ester and N-(2-Methoxyethyl)methylamine.

Example 19.2

[0191] Hydrogenation of 0.43 g (0.001 mmol) trans-(4-{6-[(2-Methoxy-ethyl)-methyl-amino]-hexyloxy}-cyclohexyl)-methyl-carbamic acid benzyl ester in 4 ml EtOAc in the presence of 0.06 g 10%Pd /C for 1h yielded after removal of the catalyst and evaporation of the solvent 0.29 g (98%) trans-(4-{6-[(2-Methoxy-ethyl)-methyl-amino]-hexyloxy}-cyclohexyl)-methyl-amine as colorless oil, MS: 301 (MH⁺).

Example 19.3

[0192] In analogy to examples 19.1 and 19.2, trans-Ethyl-(4-{6-[(2-methoxy-ethyl)-methyl-amino]-hexyloxy}-cyclohexyl)-amine, MS: 315 (MH⁺), was obtained from trans-[4-(6-Bromo-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-ethyl-carbamic acid benzyl ester and N-(2-Methoxyethyl)methylamine.

Example 19.4

[0193] In analogy to examples 19.1 and 19.2, trans-Benzyl-(4-{6-[(2-methoxy-ethyl)-methyl-amino]-hexyloxy}-cyclohexyl)-amine, MS: 377 (MH⁺), was obtained from trans-Benzyl-

[4-(6-bromo-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-carbamic acid benzyl ester and N-(2-Methoxyethyl)methylamine.

Example 19.5

[0194] In analogy to examples 19.1 and 19.2, trans-4-{6-[(2-Methoxy-ethyl)-methyl-amino]-hexyloxy}-cyclohexylamine, MS: 287 (MH^+), was obtained from trans-Benzyl-[4-(6-bromo-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-carbamic acid benzyl ester and N-(2-Methoxyethyl)methylamine (hydrogenation over night).

Example 19.6

[0195] In analogy to examples 19.1 and 19.2, trans-(4-{6-[(2-Methoxy-ethyl)-methyl-amino]-hexyloxy}-cyclohexyl)-(2,4,5-trifluoro-benzyl)-amine, MS: 431 (MH^+), was obtained from trans-[4-(6-Bromo-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-(2,4,5-trifluoro-benzyl)-carbamic acid benzyl ester and N-(2-Methoxyethyl)methylamine.

Example 19.7

[0196] In analogy to examples 19.1 and 19.2, trans-(4-{6-[(2-Methoxy-ethyl)-methyl-amino]-hexyloxy}-cyclohexyl)-propyl-amine, MS: 329 (MH^+), was obtained from trans-Allyl-[4-(6-bromo-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-carbamic acid benzyl ester and N-(2-Methoxyethyl)methylamine.

Example 20

[0197] 1 eq of the amine is treated with sulfonylchloride (1.1 eq for each NH_2) in (2-5 ml/mmol amine) dioxane in the presence of 1.1 eq of diisopropylamine at RT until no starting material can be detected with TLC. The solutions are diluted with EtOAc and washed with saturated aqueous $NaHCO_3$, brine and dried over Na_2SO_4 . Flash chromatography or purification by prep HPLC [RP-18, acetonitrile (0.1 % $HCOOH$)/water (0.1 % $HCOOH$), 10 % to 95 % acetonitrile] followed by extraction with EtOAc and sat. $NaHCO_3/H_2O$ yields the free amines. The following compounds were prepared from the corresponding amines and sulfonylchlorides:

Example	Compound	MS MH ⁺	Amine	Sulfonylchloride
20.1	trans-4-Chloro-N-(4-{6-[(2-methoxy-ethyl)-methyl-amino]-hexyloxy}-cyclohexyl)-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide	475 (1 Cl)	trans-(4-{6-[(2-Methoxy-ethyl)-methyl-amino]-hexyloxy}-cyclohexyl)-methyl-amine	4-Chlorobenzene-sulfonylchloride
20.2	trans-4-Chloro-N-(4-{6-[(2-methoxy-ethyl)-methyl-amino]-hexyloxy}-cyclohexyl)-benzenesulfonamide	461 (1 Cl)	trans-4-{6-[(2-Methoxy-ethyl)-methyl-amino]-hexyloxy}-cyclohexylamine	4-Chlorobenzene-sulfonylchloride
20.3	trans-4-Bromo-N-(4-{6-[(2-methoxy-ethyl)-methyl-amino]-hexyloxy}-cyclohexyl)-benzenesulfonamide	505 (1 Br)	trans-4-{6-[(2-Methoxy-ethyl)-methyl-amino]-hexyloxy}-cyclohexylamine	4-Bromobenzene-sulfonylchloride
20.4	trans-4-Chloro-N-ethyl-N-(4-{6-[(2-methoxy-ethyl)-methyl-amino]-hexyloxy}-cyclohexyl)-benzenesulfonamide	489 (1 Cl)	trans-Ethyl-(4-{6-[(2-methoxy-ethyl)-methyl-amino]-hexyloxy}-cyclohexyl)-amine	4-Chlorobenzene-sulfonylchloride
20.5	trans-4-Bromo-N-ethyl-N-(4-{6-[(2-methoxy-ethyl)-methyl-amino]-hexyloxy}-cyclohexyl)-benzenesulfonamide	533 (1 Br)	trans-Ethyl-(4-{6-[(2-methoxy-ethyl)-methyl-amino]-hexyloxy}-cyclohexyl)-amine	4-Bromobenzene-sulfonylchloride

20.6	trans-4-Chloro-N-(4-{6-[(2-methoxy-ethyl)-methyl-amino]-hexyloxy}-cyclohexyl)-N-propyl-benzenesulfonamide	503 (1 Cl)	trans-(4-{6-[(2-Methoxy-ethyl)-methyl-amino]-hexyloxy}-cyclohexyl)-propyl-amine	4-Chlorobenzene-sulfonylchloride
20.7	trans-4-Bromo-N-(4-{6-[(2-methoxy-ethyl)-methyl-amino]-hexyloxy}-cyclohexyl)-N-propyl-benzenesulfonamide	547 (1 Br)	trans-(4-{6-[(2-Methoxy-ethyl)-methyl-amino]-hexyloxy}-cyclohexyl)-propyl-amine	4-Bromobenzene-sulfonylchloride
20.8	trans-4-Chloro-N-(4-{6-[(2-methoxy-ethyl)-methyl-amino]-hexyloxy}-cyclohexyl)-N-(2,4,5-trifluoro-benzyl)-benzenesulfonamide	605 (1 Cl)	trans-(4-{6-[(2-Methoxy-ethyl)-methyl-amino]-hexyloxy}-cyclohexyl)-(2,4,5-trifluoro-benzyl)-amine	4-Chlorobenzene-sulfonylchloride
20.9	trans-4-Bromo-N-(4-{6-[(2-methoxy-ethyl)-methyl-amino]-hexyloxy}-cyclohexyl)-N-(2,4,5-trifluoro-benzyl)-benzenesulfonamide	649 (1 Br)	trans-(4-{6-[(2-Methoxy-ethyl)-methyl-amino]-hexyloxy}-cyclohexyl)-(2,4,5-trifluoro-benzyl)-amine	4-Bromobenzene-sulfonylchloride

Example 21

[0198] 1 eq of the amine is treated with chloroformate (1.1 eq for each NH₂) in (2-5 ml/mmol amine) dioxane in the presence of 1.1 eq of diisopropylamine at RT until no starting material can be detected with TLC. The solutions are diluted with EtOAc and

washed with saturated aqueous NaHCO₃, brine and dried over Na₂SO₄. Flash chromatography or purification by prep HPLC [RP-18, acetonitrile (0.1 % HCOOH)/water (0.1 % HCOOH), 10 % to 95 % acetonitrile] followed by extraction with EtOAc and sat. NaHCO₃/H₂O yields the free amines. The following compounds were prepared from the corresponding amines and chloroformates:

Example	Compound	MS MH ⁺	Amine	Chloroformate
21.1	trans-(4-{6-[(2-Methoxy-ethyl)-methyl-amino]-hexyloxy}-cyclohexyl)-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester	455 (1 Cl)	trans-(4-{6-[(2-Methoxy-ethyl)-methyl-amino]-hexyloxy}-cyclohexyl)-methyl-amine	4-Chlorophenyl-chloroformate
21.2	trans-(4-{6-[(2-Methoxy-ethyl)-methyl-amino]-hexyloxy}-cyclohexyl)-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester	441 (1 Cl)	trans-4-{6-[(2-Methoxy-ethyl)-methyl-amino]-hexyloxy}-cyclohexylamine	4-Chlorophenyl-chloroformate
21.3	trans-Ethyl-(4-{6-[(2-methoxy-ethyl)-methyl-amino]-hexyloxy}-cyclohexyl)-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester	469 (1 Cl)	trans-Ethyl-(4-{6-[(2-methoxy-ethyl)-methyl-amino]-hexyloxy}-cyclohexyl)-amine	4-Chlorophenyl-chloroformate
21.4	trans-(4-{6-[(2-Methoxy-ethyl)-methyl-amino]-hexyloxy}-cyclohexyl)-propyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester	483 (1 Cl)	trans-(4-{6-[(2-Methoxy-ethyl)-methyl-amino]-hexyloxy}-cyclohexyl)-propyl-amine	4-Chlorophenyl-chloroformate

21.5	trans-(4-[6-[(2-Methoxy-ethyl)-methyl-amino]-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl)-(2,4,5-trifluoro-benzyl)-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester	585 (1 Cl)	trans-(4-[6-[(2-Methoxy-ethyl)-methyl-amino]-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl)-(2,4,5-trifluoro-benzyl)-amine	4-Chlorophenyl-chloroformate
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Example 22

Example 22.1

[0199] To 15.0 g (60 mmol) trans-4-Hydroxy-cyclohexylcarbamic acid benzyl ester suspended in 183 ml (1.2 mol, 20 eq) 1,6-Dibromohexane, 6.1 g (18 mmol, 0.3 eq) tetrabutyl-ammoniumhydrogensulfate and 183 ml 50% aqueous NaOH were added. The mixture was stirred at RT for 4 days, CH₂Cl₂ was added and the layers were separated. The inorganic layer was extracted with CH₂Cl₂, the combined organic layers were washed with brine and dried over Na₂SO₄. The excess of dibromide was removed in vacuo and the residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel with hexane:EtOAc 1:1 as eluent yielding 3.4 g (14%) trans-[4-(6-Bromo-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-carbamic acid benzyl ester as white solid, MS: 412 (MH⁺, 1Br) and 11.2 g (32%) trans-(6-Bromo-hexyl)-[4-(6-bromo-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-carbamic acid benzyl ester as yellow oil, MS: 574 (MH⁺, 2Br).

Example 22.2

[0200] In analogy to example 22.1, trans-[4-(5-Bromo-pentyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-carbamic acid benzyl ester was obtained as white solid, MS: 398 (MH⁺, 1Br), from trans-4-Hydroxy-cyclohexylcarbamic acid benzyl ester and 1,5-Dibromopentane.

Example 22.3

[0201] 1.7 g (4.12 mmol) trans-[4-(6-Bromo-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-carbamic acid benzyl ester in DMA were treated with 2.2 ml 5.6M (12.4 mmol, 3eq) dimethylamine in ethanol. The solution was stirred at RT over night, concentrated and the residue was redissolved in CH₂Cl₂/ 5% aqueous Na₂CO₃, the phases were separated and the inorganic phase was

extracted with CH_2Cl_2 , the combined organic phases were washed with brine, dried over Na_2SO_4 and concentrated. The crude product was purified over silica gel with $\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2:\text{MeOH}$ 9:1 yielding 1.3 g (84%) trans-[4-(6-Dimethylamino-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-carbamic acid benzyl ester as light yellow solid, MS: 377 (MH^+).

Example 22.4

[0202] In analogy to example 22.3, trans-[4-(5-Dimethylamino-pentyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-carbamic acid benzyl ester was obtained as light yellow solid, MS: 363 (MH^+), from trans-[4-(5-Bromo-pentyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-carbamic acid benzyl ester and dimethylamine (33% in EtOH 5.6M).

Example 22.5

[0203] In analogy to example 22.3, trans-[4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-cyclohexyl]-carbamic acid benzyl ester was obtained as off-white solid, MS: 403 (MH^+), from trans-[4-(6-Bromo-hexyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-carbamic acid benzyl ester and N-allylmethylamine.

Example 23

Example 23.1

[0204] 30 g (123.3mmol) BOC-trans-1,4-amino cyclo-hexane carboxylic acid and 22 g (135.6 mmol) Carbonyl-di-imidazol were dissolved in 300ml THF and stirred at RT for 30 min. 50 ml(1.23 mol) of methanol were added and the solution was refluxed for 3h. The solution was evaporated under reduced pressure, dissolved in ether and washed with 1N HCl and water. The ether-phase was concentrated in vacuum to yield 31.7 g trans-4-tert-Butoxy carbonylamino-cyclohexane carboxylic acid methyl ester, MS: 275.4($\text{M}+\text{NH}_4^+$).

Example 23.2

[0205] A solution of 1.52 g (40 mmol) LAH in 7 ml THF was refluxed and treated for 2.5 h with a solution of 5.15 g (20 mmol) of trans-4-tert-butoxycarbonylamino-cyclohexanecarboxylic acid methyl ester in 35 ml THF. The reaction was heated for 15 h, cooled (0°C) and hydrolyzed with 10 ml water. The mixture was diluted with THF, dried over Na_2SO_4 , filtered and evaporated. The residue was dissolved in CH_2Cl_2 , dried over

Na₂SO₄, filtered and evaporated to yield 2.89 g (100 %) of trans-(4-Methylamino-cyclohexyl)-methanol, mp: 87-88 °C; MS: 143 (M).

Example 23.3

[0206] A solution of 1.00 g (7 mmol) of (trans)-4-Methylamino-cyclohexyl)-methanol in 20 ml pyridine was treated at 0 °C with 1.80 (7.35 mmol) 4-(trifluoromethyl)-benzenesulfonyl chloride. The reaction was stirred 40 min at 0 °C and poured on ice-water. Acidification (25 % HCl), extraction (Et₂O, 3x) and drying of the organic phase over Na₂SO₄ yielded after evaporation and flash column chromatography on silica gel with CH₂Cl₂/MeOH (99:1 to 98:2) 0.71 g (18 %) trans-4-Trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonic acid 4-[methyl-(4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonyl)-amino]-cyclohexylmethyl ester, MS: 560 (MH⁺), and 0.68 (28 %) of trans-N-(4-Hydroxymethyl-cyclohexyl)-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide, MS: 352 (MH⁺).

Example 23.4

[0207] 4.60 g (32.14 mmol) of trans-(4-Methylamino-cyclohexyl)-methanol was suspended in 85 ml hexamethyldisilazane and refluxed for 5 h. The solution was evaporated under reduced pressure and dissolved in 50 ml THF. 6.14 g (32.14 mmol) of 4-chlorophenylchloroformate were added slowly at 0 °C and stirred for 16 h at room temperature. 30 ml H₂O were added and after 1 h the solvents were evaporated. The residue was extracted with water/Et₂O (3x), the organic phases were washed with 10% NaCl, dried over Na₂SO₄ and evaporated to yield after flash-chromatography on silica gel (hexane/EtOAc 4:1 to 1:1) 5.48 g (57 %) of trans-(4-Hydroxymethyl-cyclohexyl)-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester, MS: 298 (MH⁺, 1Cl).

Example 23.5

[0208] A solution of 0.6 g (2.03 mmol) of trans-(4-Hydroxymethyl-cyclohexyl)-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester in 15 ml CH₂Cl₂ was treated with 0.17 ml (2.24 mmol) methanesulfonylchloride, 0.5 ml (6.1 mmol) pyridine and 0.25 g (2.03 mmol) DMAP at 0 °C. The reaction mixture was warmed up over night to room temperature, water (2 ml) was added and the reaction mixture was stirred for 5 min. After extraction with aqueous 10% KHSO₄/Et₂O (3x), the organic phases were washed with aqueous

saturated NaHCO_3 (2x), aqueous 10% NaCl , dried over Na_2SO_4 and evaporated to yield 0.74 g (96 %) of trans-Methanesulfonic acid 4-[(4-chloro-phenoxy-carbonyl)-methyl-amino]-cyclohexylmethyl ester, mp: 134-135 °C; MS: 376 (MH^+ , 1 Cl).

Example 23.6

[0209] [following a procedure of Belostotskii, Anatoly M.; Hassner, Alfred. Synthetic methods. 41. Etherification of hydroxysteroids via triflates. Tetrahedron Lett. (1994), 35(28), 5075-6.]. A solution of 0.175 ml (2 mmol) 3-bromo-1-propanol and 0.48 ml 2,6-di-tert-butylpyridine in 1 ml CH_2Cl_2 was treated at 0 °C with a solution of 0.35 ml (2.1 mmol) trifluoromethanesulfonic anhydride in 0.5 ml CH_2Cl_2 . After 2.5 h at 0 °C, the violet solution was evaporated, dissolved in 1 ml nitromethane and treated with a solution of 0.375 g (1 mmol) trans-N-(4-Hydroxymethyl-cyclohexyl)-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide and 0.45 ml (2 mmol) 2,6-di-tert-butylpyridine in 3 ml nitromethane (during 3 min). The reaction was heated (60 °C) for 3.5 h and then extracted with aqueous 10% $\text{KHSO}_4/\text{EtOAc}$ (3x). The organic phases were washed with aqueous saturated NaHCO_3 , aqueous 10% NaCl , dried over Na_2SO_4 and evaporated. Purification by flash-chromatography on silica gel (hexane/ EtOAc 9:1) yielded 0.3 g (64%) of trans-N-[4-(3-Bromo-propoxymethyl)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide, MS: 452 (M-F, 1Br).

Example 23.7

[0210] In analogy to example 23.6, trans-[4-(3-Bromo-propoxymethyl)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester, MS: 418 (MH^+ , 1Br, 1Cl) was obtained from trans-(4-Hydroxymethyl-cyclohexyl)-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester and 3-bromo-1-propanol.

Example 23.8

[0211] In analogy to example 23.6, trans-[4-(2-Bromo-ethoxymethyl)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester, MS: 404 (MH^+ , 1Br, 1Cl) was obtained from trans-(4-Hydroxymethyl-cyclohexyl)-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester and 2-bromoethanol.

Example 23.9

[0212] A solution of 1.5 g (5.04 mmol) of trans-(4-Hydroxymethyl-cyclohexyl)-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl in 30 ml of DMF was treated with 1.19 ml (15.11 mmol) of 1,4-dibromobutane and at 0 °C with 0.28 g (5.79 mmol) of 55% NaH in small portions. The reaction was stirred for 16 h at RT. The reaction was treated again with 1.19 ml (15.11 mmol) of 1,4-dibromobutane and at 0 °C with 0.28 g (5.79 mmol) of 55% NaH in small portions and stirred for 3 days at RT. The solution was then poured into cooled aqueous saturated NH_4Cl and extracted (Et_2O 3x). The organic phase was washed with water, dried over Na_2SO_4 , evaporated and purified by flash silica gel column (first with hexane to remove the dibromobutane and then Hexane/ EtOAc 4:1 to 1:1) to yield 0.59 g (27 %) of trans-[4-(4-Bromo-butoxymethyl)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester, MS: 432 (MH^+ , 1Br, 1Cl).

Example 23.10

[0213] A solution of 69 mg (0.146 mmol) of trans-N-[4-(3-Bromo-propoxymethyl)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide in 0.8 ml DMA was treated at 0 °C with 0.028 ml (0.29 mmol) of N-allylmethylamine and stirred at RT for 22h. The solution was cooled (0 °C) and treated again with 0.028 ml (0.29 mmol) of N-allylmethylamine. After 6 h at RT, the solution was concentrated and dissolved in aqueous saturated NaHCO_3 / Et_2O (3x). The organic phase was dried over Na_2SO_4 and evaporated. Flash column chromatography on silica gel with CH_2Cl_2 /MeOH (95:5) yielded 43 mg (64 %) of trans-N-[4-[3-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-propoxymethyl]-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide, MS: 463 (MH^+).

Example 23.11

[0214] In analogy to example 23.10, trans-N-(4-{3-[Ethyl-(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-amino]-propoxymethyl}-cyclohexyl)-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide, MS: 481 (MH^+), was obtained from trans-N-[4-(3-Bromo-propoxymethyl)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide and 2-ethylaminoethanol.

Example 23.12

[0215] In analogy to example 23.10, trans-N-[4-(3-Azetidin-1-yl-propoxymethyl)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide, MS: 449 (MH⁺), was obtained from trans-N-[4-(3-Bromo-propoxymethyl)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide and trimethylenimine.

Example 23.13

[0216] In analogy to example 23.10, trans-N-Methyl-N-[4-(3-piperidin-1-yl-propoxymethyl)-cyclohexyl]-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide, MS: 477 (MH⁺), was obtained from trans-N-[4-(3-Bromo-propoxymethyl)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide and piperidine.

Example 23.14

[0217] In analogy to example 23.10, trans-{4-[3-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-propoxymethyl]-cyclohexyl}-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester, MS: 409 (MH⁺, 1Cl) was obtained from trans-[4-(3-Bromo-propoxymethyl)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester and N-allylmethylamine.

Example 23.15

[0218] In analogy to example 23.10, trans-(4-[3-[Ethyl-(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-amino]-propoxymethyl]-cyclohexyl)-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester, MS: 427 (MH⁺, 1Cl) was obtained from trans-[4-(3-Bromo-propoxymethyl)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester and 2-ethylaminoethanol.

Example 23.16

[0219] In analogy to example 23.10, trans-[4-(3-Azetidin-1-yl-propoxymethyl)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester, MS: 395 (MH⁺, 1Cl) was obtained from trans-[4-(3-Bromo-propoxymethyl)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester and trimethylenimine.

Example 23.17

[0220] In analogy to example 23.10, trans-Methyl-[4-(3-piperidin-1-yl-propoxymethyl)-cyclohexyl]-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester, MS: 423 (MH^+ , 1Cl) was obtained from trans-[4-(3-Bromo-propoxymethyl)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester and piperidine.

Example 23.18

[0221] In analogy to example 23.10, trans-(4-{3-[Ethyl-(2-methoxy-ethyl)-amino]-propoxymethyl}-cyclohexyl)-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester, MS: 441 (MH^+ , 1Cl) was obtained from trans-[4-(3-Bromo-propoxymethyl)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester and N-(2-methoxyethyl)ethylamine.

Example 23.19

[0222] In analogy to example 23.10, trans-{4-[4-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-butoxymethyl]-cyclohexyl}-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester, MS: 423 (MH^+ , 1Cl) was obtained from trans-[4-(4-Bromo-butoxymethyl)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester and N-allylmethylamine.

Example 23.20

[0223] In analogy to example 23.10, trans-{4-[2-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-ethoxymethyl]-cyclohexyl}-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester, MS: 395 (MH^+ , 1Cl) was obtained from trans-[4-(2-Bromo-ethoxymethyl)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester and N-allylmethylamine.

Example 24

Example 24.1

[0224] 5.53 g (20 mmol) triphenylmethanethiol in 50 ml DMA were deprotonated at 0 °C with 0.87 g (20 mmol) of 55% NaH. The reaction was stirred for 30 min at RT, dropped slowly (30 min) to a cooled (0 °C) solution of 1.72 ml (20 mmol) of 1,2-dibromoethane

in 50 ml DMA. The reaction mixture was stirred for 6 h at RT, cooled (0 °C) and treated with 3.83 ml (40 mmol) of N-allylmethylamine. After 16 h at RT, the reaction was cooled (0 °C) and treated again with 3.83 ml (40 mmol) of N-allylmethylamine. After 24 h at RT, the solution was concentrated and dissolved in aqueous saturated $\text{NaHCO}_3/\text{Et}_2\text{O}$ (3x). The organic phase was dried over Na_2SO_4 and evaporated. Flash column chromatography on silica gel with $\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2/\text{MeOH}$ (99.5:0.5 to 95:5) yielded 3.27 (44 %) of Allyl-methyl-(2-tritylsulfanyl-ethyl)-amine, MS: 374 (MH^+).

Example 24.2

[0225] A solution of 1.12 g (3 mmol) of Allyl-methyl-(2-tritylsulfanyl-ethyl)-amine in 30 ml CH_2Cl_2 was treated at 0 °C with 8.7 ml TFA followed by 6.15 ml (30 mmol) triisopropylsilane. After 30 min at RT, the reaction mixture was evaporated, dissolved in toluene (3x) and evaporated. The TFA-salt was precipitated from ether/pentane. The oil was dissolved in ether, washed with aqueous saturated NaHCO_3 , aqueous 10% NaCl, dried over Na_2SO_4 and evaporated carefully to yield 0.366 g (93 %) of 2-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-ethanethiol, MS: 132 (MH^+).

Example 24.3

[0226] In analogy to examples 24.1 and 24.2, N-Allylmethylamine and 1,3-dibromopropane were converted to 3-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-propane-1-thiol, MS: 145 (MH^+).

Example 24.4

[0227] A solution of 280 mg (0.5 mmol) of trans-4-Trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonic acid 4-[methyl-(4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonyl)-amino]-cyclohexylmethyl ester and 78 mg (0.55 mmol) of 2-dimethylaminoethanethiol hydrochloride in 4.5 ml DMF was treated at 0 °C with 48 mg (1.1 mmol) of 55% NaH, stirred for 20 h at RT. After cooling (0 °C) and treatment with a catalytic amount of NaI followed by 78 mg (0.55 mmol) of 2-dimethylaminoethanethiol hydrochloride and 48 mg (1.1 mmol) of 55% NaH the reaction mixture was stirred for 18 h at RT. The reaction was neutralized (aqueous 10% KHSO_4 , at 0 °C) and poured into aqueous sat. $\text{NaHCO}_3/\text{Et}_2\text{O}$ (3x). The organic phases were washed with aqueous 10% NaCl solution, dried over Na_2SO_4 and evaporated. Purification by flash column chromatography on silica gel with $\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2/\text{MeOH}$ (95:5)

yielded 138 mg (63 %) of trans-N-[4-(2-Dimethylamino-ethylsulfanylmethyl)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide, MS: 439 (MH⁺).

Example 24.5

[0228] In analogy to example 24.4, trans-4-Trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonic acid 4-[methyl-(4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonyl)-amino]-cyclohexylmethyl ester and 2-(allyl-methyl-amino)-ethanethiol were converted to trans-N-[4-[2-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-ethylsulfanylmethyl]-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide, MS: 465 (MH⁺).

Example 24.6

[0229] In analogy to example 24.4, trans-4-Trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonic acid 4-[methyl-(4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonyl)-amino]-cyclohexylmethyl ester and 2-diethylaminoethanethiol hydrochloride with an excess of NaH were converted to trans-N-[4-(2-Diethylamino-ethylsulfanylmethyl)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide, MS: 467 (MH⁺).

Example 24.7

[0230] In analogy to example 24.4, trans-Methanesulfonic acid 4-[(4-chloro-phenoxy-carbonyl)-methyl-amino]-cyclohexylmethyl ester and 2-diethylaminoethanethiol hydrochloride with an excess of NaH were converted to trans-[4-(2-Diethylamino-ethylsulfanylmethyl)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester, MS: 413 (MH⁺, 1Cl).

Example 24.8

[0231] In analogy to example 24.4, trans-Methanesulfonic acid 4-[(4-chloro-phenoxy-carbonyl)-methyl-amino]-cyclohexylmethyl ester and 2-(allyl-methyl-amino)-ethanethiol were converted to trans-[4-[2-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-ethylsulfanylmethyl]-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester, MS: 411 (MH⁺, 1Cl).

Example 24.9

[0232] In analogy to example 24.4, trans-Methanesulfonic acid 4-[(4-chloro-phenoxy-carbonyl)-methyl-amino]-cyclohexylmethyl ester and 3-(allyl-methyl-amino)-propane-1-thiol were converted to trans-[4-[3-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-propylsulfanylmethyl]-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester, MS: 425 (MH^+ , 1Cl).

Example 24.10

[0233] In analogy to example 24.4, trans-Methanesulfonic acid 4-[(4-chloro-phenoxy-carbonyl)-methyl-amino]-cyclohexylmethyl ester and 2-(dimethylamino)-ethane-1-thiol were converted to trans-[4-(2-Dimethylamino-ethylsulfanylmethyl)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester, MS: 385 (MH^+ , 1Cl).

Example 25

Example 25.1

[0234] To 1.72 g (4.58 mmol) trans-Methanesulfonic acid 4-[(4-chloro-phenoxy-carbonyl)-methyl-amino]-cyclohexylmethyl ester in 17 ml DMF, 0.78 g (6.86 mmol, 1.5 eq) potassium thioacetate were added and the mixture was heated to 100 °C for 10 min. The mixture was concentrated under vacuum and the residue was dissolved in saturated $NaHCO_3/Et_2O(3x)$. The organic phases were washed with brine, dried over Na_2SO_4 and evaporated to yield 1.69 g (quantitative) of trans-Thioacetic acid S-[4-[(4-chloro-phenoxy-carbonyl)-methyl-amino]-cyclohexylmethyl] ester, MS: 356 (MH^+).

Example 25.2

[0235] A solution of 0.63 g (corresponds to 1.7 mmol) crude trans-Thioacetic acid S-[4-[(4-chloro-phenoxy-carbonyl)-methyl-amino]-cyclohexylmethyl] ester in 20 ml degassed (Ar) ethanol was treated with 5.1 ml 1N LiOH and 10 min later with 0.5 ml (6.8 mmol) 2-bromo-ethanol. The reaction mixture was stirred for 1.25 h, cooled (0 °C) and neutralized with aqueous 10% $KHSO_4/Et_2O$ (3x). The organic phases were washed with aqueous 10% NaCl and dried over Na_2SO_4 to yield after evaporation with toluene 0.67 g

(quantitative) trans-[4-(2-Hydroxy-ethylsulfanylmethyl)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester, MS: 358 (MH^+ , 1Cl).

Example 25.3

[0236] A solution of 645 mg (corresponds to 1.65 mmol) of trans-[4-(2-Hydroxy-ethylsulfanylmethyl)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester in 12 ml CH_2Cl_2 was treated at 0 °C with 0.14 ml (1.82 mmol) methanesulfonylchloride, 0.20 ml (2.45 mmol) pyridine and 202 mg (1.65 mmol) DMAP. The reaction mixture was warmed up over night to room temperature. Water (2 ml) was added and the reaction was stirred for 5 min. After extraction with aqueous 10% $KHSO_4/Et_2O$ (3x), the organic phases were washed with aqueous saturated $NaHCO_3$ (2x), aqueous 10% NaCl, dried over Na_2SO_4 and evaporated to yield 650 mg (quantitative) trans-[4-(2-Chloro-ethylsulfanylmethyl)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester, MS: 376 (MH^+ , 2Cl).

Example 25.4

[0237] A solution of 94 mg (0.25 mmol) of trans-[4-(2-Chloro-ethylsulfanylmethyl)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester in 1 ml DMA was treated with a catalytic amount of NaI and with 0.05 ml (0.5 mmol) of 2-ethylaminoethanol and stirred at RT for 16 h. The reaction mixture was stirred for 1 week, adding every day twice 0.05 ml (0.5 mmol) of 2-ethylaminoethanol. The solution was concentrated and the residual oil was extracted with aqueous sat. $NaHCO_3/Et_2O$ (3x). The organic phases were washed with aqueous 10% NaCl solution and dried over Na_2SO_4 to yield after flash column chromatography on silica gel ($CH_2Cl_2/MeOH$ 95:5) 40 mg (39 %) of trans-[4-(2-[Ethyl-(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-amino]-ethylsulfanylmethyl)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester, MS: 429 (MH^+ , 1Cl).

Example 25.5

[0238] In analogy to example 25.4, trans-[4-(2-Chloro-ethylsulfanylmethyl)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester and N-methylpropylamine were converted

to trans-Methyl-[4-[2-(methyl-propyl-amino)-ethylsulfanylmethyl]-cyclohexyl]-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester, MS: 429 (MH^+ , 1Cl).

Example 26

Example 26.1

[0239] A solution of 20 g (82.2 mmol) trans-4-tert-Butoxycarbonylamino-cyclohexanecarboxylic acid in 1.2 l CH_2Cl_2 was treated with 12.83 g (131.5 mmol) N,O-dimethyl-hydroxylamine hydrochloride, 10.85 ml (98.6 mmol) N-methylmorpholine and at 0 °C with 18.91 g (98.64 mmol) EDCI and 12.62 g (82.2 mmol) HOBT. The reaction mixture was stirred 2 h at room temperature and extracted with aqueous 10% $KHSO_4/Et_2O$ (3x). The organic phases were washed with aqueous saturated $NaHCO_3$, 10% NaCl and dried over Na_2SO_4 to yield 24.25 g (quantitative) trans-[4-(Methoxy-methyl-carbamoyl)-cyclohexyl]-carbamic acid tert-butyl ester, mp: 130-140 °C, slowly dec.; MS: 287 (MH^+).

Example 26.2

[0240] A solution of 24.18 g (82 mmol) of trans-[4-(Methoxy-methyl-carbamoyl)-cyclohexyl]-carbamic acid tert-butyl ester in 80 ml of DMF was treated at 0 °C with 5.37 g (123 mmol) of 55% NaH in small portions. The reaction was stirred for 1 h at 0 °C, then treated slowly (20 min) with 40.9 ml (656 mmol) iodomethane and warmed up to RT over night. The reaction is cooled and neutralized with aqueous 10% $KHSO_4$ and poured into water/ Et_2O (3x). The organic phase was washed with aqueous 10% NaCl, dried over Na_2SO_4 evaporated and purified by flash silica gel column (CH_2Cl_2 / EtOAc 9:1 to 1:1) to yield 20.69 g (84 %) of trans-[4-(Methoxy-methyl-carbamoyl)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid tert-butyl ester, MS: 301 (MH^+).

Example 26.3

[0241] A solution of 2.09 g (55 mmol) LAH in 250 ml THF was cooled (-50 °C) and treated during 25 min with a solution of 15.02 g (50 mmol) of trans-[4-(Methoxy-methyl-

carbamoyl)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid tert-butyl ester in 250 ml THF. The reaction was warmed up to +15 °C for 3.5 h, cooled (-78 °C) and hydrolyzed with a suspension of 15 g $\text{MgSO}_4 \cdot 7\text{H}_2\text{O}$, 15 g silicagel in 50 ml aqueous 10% KHSO_4 . The cooling bath was removed, THF was added, the mixture was stirred for 30 min and filtered. After evaporation, the residue was dissolved in CH_2Cl_2 , dried over Na_2SO_4 and evaporated to yield 12.83 (quantitative) trans-(4-Formyl-cyclohexyl)-methyl-carbamic acid tert-butyl ester, MS: 241 (M).

Example 26.4

[0242] A solution of 52.45 g (200 mmol) triphenylphosphine in 200 ml CH_2Cl_2 was treated with 33.16 g (100 mmol) tetrabromomethane (the reaction heated up to reflux) and after 50 min with 32.06 ml (230 mmol) triethylamine (the reaction heated up to reflux and became dark violet). After cooling (0 °C), 12.83 g (50 mmol) of trans-(4-Formyl-cyclohexyl)-methyl-carbamic acid tert-butyl ester in 125 ml CH_2Cl_2 were added during 10 min. The solution was stirred for 16 h at RT, evaporated and filtered through silica gel (deactivated with hexane/ Et_3N) with hexane and then hexane/ether 4:1 to 1:1 as eluent to yield 13.28 g (67 %) of trans-[4-(2,2-Dibromo-vinyl)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid tert-butyl ester, mp: 93-99 °C, dec.; MS: 396 (MH^+ , 2Br).

Example 26.5

[0243] The following reaction was performed in analogy to the reaction described in:

Marshall, James A.; Bartley, Gary S.; Wallace, Eli M. Total Synthesis of the Pseudopterane (-)-Kallolide B, the Enantiomer of Natural (+)-Kallolide B. J. Org. Chem. (1996), 61(17), 5729-5735 and Baker, Raymond; Boyes, Alastair L.; Swain, Christopher J. Synthesis of talaromycins A, B, C, and E. J. Chem. Soc., Perkin Trans. 1 (1990), (5), 1415-21.). A solution of 993 mg (2.5 mmol) of trans-[4-(2,2-Dibromo-vinyl)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid tert-butyl ester in 20 ml THF was treated at -78 °C with 3.28 ml (5.25 mmol) of BuLi (ca 1.6 M in hexane). After 2 h at this temperature 790 mg (25 mmol) of paraformaldehyde were added. The reaction mixture was warmed up to RT for 3h and after 1 h at this temperature extracted with water/ether (3x). The organic phases were washed with aqueous 10% NaCl , dried over Na_2SO_4 and evaporated. Purification by flash-chromatography on silica gel (hexane/ EtOAc 4:1) yielded 530 g (79 %) of trans-[4-

(3-Hydroxy-prop-1-ynyl)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid tert-butyl ester, MS: 268 (MH^+).

Example 26.6

[0244] A solution of 3.97 g (10 mmol) of trans-[4-(2,2-Dibromo-vinyl)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid tert-butyl ester in 160 ml THF was treated at $-78^\circ C$ with 13.13 ml (21 mmol) of BuLi (ca 1.6 M in hexane) and stirred for 2h. 11 ml DMPU were added and 10 min later 4.60 g (20 mmol) of 1-bromo-3-tetrahydropyranyloxypropane in 15 ml THF were added over a period of 20 min. The reaction mixture was warmed up to RT for 16 h, cooled, poured into cooled aqueous saturated NH_4Cl and extracted (Et_2O 3x). The organic phase was washed with aqueous 10% NaCl, water, dried over Na_2SO_4 , evaporated and purified by flash silica gel column (Hexane/ EtOAc 98:2 to 90:10) to yield 1.61 g (42 %) of trans-Methyl-[4-[5-(tetrahydro-pyran-2-yloxy)-pent-1-ynyl]-cyclohexyl]-carbamic acid tert-butyl ester, MS: 378 (M-H).

Example 26.7

[0245] A solution of 520 mg (1.95 mmol) of trans-[4-(3-Hydroxy-prop-1-ynyl)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid tert-butyl ester in 14 ml CH_2Cl_2 was treated at $0^\circ C$ with 0.17 ml (2.14 mmol) methanesulfonylchloride, 0.235 ml (2.92 mmol) pyridine and 238 mg (1.95 mmol) DMAP. The reaction mixture was warmed up over night to room temperature, water (2 ml) was added and the reaction was stirred for 5 min. After extraction with aqueous 10% $KHSO_4/Et_2O$ (3x) the organic phases were washed with aqueous saturated $NaHCO_3$ (2x), aqueous 10% NaCl, dried over Na_2SO_4 and evaporated to yield 435 mg (65 %) of trans-Methanesulfonic acid 3-[4-(tert-butoxycarbonyl-methyl-amino)-cyclohexyl]-prop-2-ynyl ester, MS: 345 (M).

Example 26.8

[0246] A solution of 420 mg (1.22 mmol) of trans-Methanesulfonic acid 3-[4-(tert-butoxycarbonyl-methyl-amino)-cyclohexyl]-prop-2-ynyl ester in 4 ml DMA was treated at $0^\circ C$ with 0.234 ml (2.43 mmol) of N-allylmethylamine and stirred at RT for 16 h. The

solution was concentrated and the residual oil was extracted with aqueous sat. $\text{NaHCO}_3/\text{Et}_2\text{O}$ (3x). The organic phases were washed with aqueous 10% NaCl solution and dried over Na_2SO_4 to yield after flash column chromatography on silica gel with hexane/ EtOAc (2:1) 355 mg (91 %) trans-{4-[3-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-prop-1-ynyl]-cyclohexyl}-methyl-carbamic acid tert-butyl ester, MS: 321 (MH^+).

Example 26.9

[0247] A solution of 200 mg (0.62 mmol) of trans-{4-[3-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-prop-1-ynyl]-cyclohexyl}-methyl-carbamic acid tert-butyl ester in 3.5 ml CH_2Cl_2 was treated at 0 °C with 1.7 ml TFA (for 20 min). After 30 min at this temperature, the reaction mixture was evaporated, treated with 1 N $\text{NaOH}/\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2$ (3x). The organic phase was dried over Na_2SO_4 and evaporated to yield 147 mg (quantitative) of trans-{4-[3-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-prop-1-ynyl]-cyclohexyl}-methyl-amine, MS: 221 (MH^+).

Example 26.10

[0248] A solution of 66 mg (0.3 mmol) of trans-{4-[3-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-prop-1-ynyl]-cyclohexyl}-methyl-amine in 0.3 ml dioxane was treated with 0.103 ml (0.6 mmol; 2 equivalents) Huenig's base and dropwise with a solution of 0.042 ml (0.27 mmol) 4-chlorophenylchloroformate in 0.16 ml dioxane (during 10 min). After 5 min at RT, the mixture was dissolved in aqueous saturated $\text{NaHCO}_3/\text{Et}_2\text{O}$ (3x). The organic phase was dried over Na_2SO_4 and evaporated. Flash column chromatography on silica gel with $\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2/\text{MeOH}$ (99:1 to 97:3) yielded 68 mg (61 %) of trans-{4-[3-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-prop-1-ynyl]-cyclohexyl}-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester, MS: 375 (MH^+ , 1Cl).

Example 26.11

[0249] In a similar way as described in example 26.5, trans-{4-(2,2-Dibromo-vinyl)-cyclohexyl}-methyl-carbamic acid tert-butyl ester and dimethylcarbamoylethynyl chloride gave trans-(4-Dimethylcarbamoylethynyl-cyclohexyl)-methyl-carbamic acid tert-butyl ester, mp: 115-117 °C; MS: 309 (MH^+).

Example 27

Example 27.1

[0250] A solution of 975 mg (3.28 mmol) of trans-[4-(2,2-Dibromo-vinyl)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid tert-butyl ester in 20 ml CH_2Cl_2 was treated at 0 °C with 10 ml TFA (for 20 min). After 2 h at RT, the reaction was evaporated, treated with aqueous saturated $\text{NaHCO}_3(+\text{Na}_2\text{CO}_3)/\text{Et}_2\text{O}$ (3x), dried over Na_2SO_4 and evaporated to yield 981 mg (87 %) of trans-[4-(2,2-Dibromo-vinyl)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-amine, MS: 295 (M, 2Br).

Example 27.2

[0251] In analogy to example 26.10 trans-[4-(2,2-Dibromo-vinyl)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-amine and 4-chlorophenylchloroformate were converted to trans-[4-(2,2-Dibromo-vinyl)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester, MS: 449 (M, 2Br, 1 Cl).

Example 27.3

[0252] In analogy to example 26.5, trans-[4-(2,2-Dibromo-vinyl)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester and BuLi (ca 1.6 M in hexane) with paraformaldehyde were converted to trans-[4-(3-Hydroxy-prop-1-ynyl)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester, MS: 321 (M, 1Cl).

Example 27.4

[0253] In analogy to example 26.7, trans-[4-(3-Hydroxy-prop-1-ynyl)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester and methanesulfonylchloride/pyridine were converted to trans-Methanesulfonic acid 3-{4-[(4-chloro-phenoxy-carbonyl)-methyl-amino]-cyclohexyl}-prop-2-ynyl ester, MS: 400 (MH^+ , 1Cl).

Example 27.5

[0254] In analogy to example 26.8, trans-Methanesulfonic acid 3-{4-[(4-chloro-phenoxy-carbonyl)-methyl-amino]-cyclohexyl}-prop-2-ynyl ester and 2-ethylaminoethanol were converted to trans-(4-{3-[Ethyl-(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-amino]-prop-1-ynyl}-cyclohexyl)-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester, MS: 393 (MH^+ , 1Cl).

Example 28

Example 28.1

[0255] A suspension of 65 mg (0.165 mmol) of trans-(4-{3-[Ethyl-(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-amino]-prop-1-ynyl}-cyclohexyl)-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester in 5 ml MeOH and 7 mg Pt/C 10% was hydrogenated (1 atm) for 16 h. The reaction was filtered (Celite) and evaporated. Flash column chromatography on silica gel with CH₂Cl₂/MeOH (9:1) gave 21 mg (32 %) of trans-(4-{3-[Ethyl-(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-amino]-propyl}-cyclohexyl)-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester, MS: 397 (MH⁺, 1Cl).

Example 28.2

[0256] In analogy to example 28.1, trans-N-(4-{3-[Ethyl-(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-amino]-prop-1-ynyl}-cyclohexyl)-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide gave trans-N-(4-{3-[Ethyl-(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-amino]-propyl}-cyclohexyl)-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide, MS: 451 (MH⁺).

Example 28.3

[0257] In analogy to example 28.1, trans-N-(4-{3-[Bis-(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-amino]-prop-1-ynyl}-cyclohexyl)-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide gave trans-N-(4-{3-[Bis-(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-amino]-propyl}-cyclohexyl)-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide, MS: 467 (MH⁺).

Example 29

Example 29.1

[0258] 16.2 g (62.95 mmol) of 4-trans-4-tert-Butoxy carbonylamino-cyclohexanecarboxylic acid methyl ester and 5.87 ml (94.43 mmol) of methyl iodide in 100ml DMF were treated under stirring and ice-cooling with 3.57 g (81.84 mmol) of NaH (55% in oil). The solution was stirred at RT for 20h and then treated under ice-cooling with 1N HCl. The reaction-mixture was dissolved in ether and washed 4 times with water. The ether-phases were concentrated in vacuum to yield 17.5 g of clean trans-4-(tert-Butoxycarbonyl-methyl-amino)-cyclohexanecarboxylic acid methyl ester, MS: 201 (M-OC₄H₉).

Example 29.2

[0259] 17.1 g (62.95 mmol) of trans-4-(tert-Butoxycarbonyl-methyl-amino)-cyclohexanecarboxylic acid methyl ester, dissolved in 150 ml of THF, were treated with 2.74 g (126 mmol) LiBH_4 . The reaction-mixture was stirred under reflux for 6h and then 200 ml of 1N HCl were dropped to the solution under ice-cooling. The mixture was dissolved in ether and washed with water. The solvent was evaporated under reduced pressure yielding 16.2 g trans-(4-Hydroxymethyl-cyclo-hexyl)-methyl-carbamic acid tert-butyl ester.

Example 29.3

[0260] To a dry-ice cooled solution of 8.94 ml (125.9 mmol) DMSO in 150 ml CH_2Cl_2 was added 5.95ml (69.24 mmol) oxalylchloride. After 5 min at -78°C , a solution of 16.2 g (66.5 mmol) trans- (4-Hydroxymethyl-cyclohexyl)-methyl-carbamic acid tert-butyl ester in 50 ml of CH_2Cl_2 , was added slowly. 10 min later, 43.8 ml (314.75 mmol) of Et_3N was added, and the mixture was allowed to attain RT. The mixture was partitioned between Et_2O /1N HCl and water. The solvent was evaporated under reduced pressure yielding 16.12 g of clean (4-Formyl-cyclohexyl)-methyl-carbamic acid tert-butyl ester, MS: 241 (M).

Example 29.4

[0261] To a solution of 13.71 g (56.8 mmol) trans- (4-Formyl-cyclohexyl)-methyl-carbamic acid tert-butyl ester and 17.8 g (83.46 mmol) triethyl-phosphono-acetat in 150 ml ethanol was added under ice-cooling, 6.0g (110 mmol) NaOMe. After stirring the reaction mixture for 20h at RT, it was concentrated under reduced pressure and then extracted with Et_2O and water. The organic layer was evaporated to dryness and the crude product purified by chromatography on silica gel with EtOAc/Hexane 1:4 yielding 8.4 g (56%, 4steps) of clean trans-3-[4-(tert-Butoxy carbonyl methyl-amino)-cyclohexyl]-acrylic acid ethyl-ester, MS: 238 (M- OtBu).

Example 29.5

[0262] A solution of 6 g (19.26 mmol) trans-3-[4-(tert-Butoxy carbonyl methyl-amino)-cyclohexyl]-acrylic acid ethyl-ester and 600mg of Pd/C (10 %) was stirred over H_2 -

atmosphere for 20h. After filtration of the solution, the methanol was evaporated under reduced pressure to yield 5.82 g of clean trans-3-[4-(tert-Butoxycarbonyl methyl-amino)cyclohexyl]-propanoic acid ethyl-ester. To a solution of this ester in 60 ml of THF was added 917 mg (40 mmol) LiBH₄. The solution was refluxed for 8h and then cooled with an ice-bath to 0°C. At this temperature was dropped slowly 1N HCl to the reaction-mixture to destroy excess of LiBH₄. The reaction-mixture was diluted with Et₂O and then washed with water. The organic layers were evaporated to dryness to yield 3.39 g (73%) of clean trans-[4-(3-Hydroxy-propyl)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid tert-butyl ester, MS: 271 (M).

Example 29.6

[0263] 1.4 ml (16.24 mmol) oxalylchloride was added to a dry-ice cooled solution (-78°C) of 1.78 ml (25 mmol) DMSO in 40ml CH₂Cl₂. After 10 min. stirring at -78°C, 2.39g (12.49 mmol) of trans-[4-(3-Hydroxy-propyl)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid tert-butyl ester, dissolved in 5 ml CH₂Cl₂, was added. 15 min later, 8.7 ml (62.4 mmol) Et₃N was added and the reaction-mixture was allowed to attain RT. The mixture was diluted with Et₂O and then washed with 1N HCl and water. After evaporation of the solvents, a solution of crude trans-Methyl-[4-(3-oxo-propyl)-cyclohexyl]-carbamic acid tert-butyl ester (3.24 g, 12.02 mmol) and of 2.73 ml (13.3 mmol) triethyl phosphono acetate in 30 ml ethanol, was treated under ice-cooling with 1.37g (24.05 mmol) NaOMe. The solution was stirred for 20h at RT, and then concentrated in vacuo. The crude residue was dissolved in Et₂O and washed with water. The organic layers were concentrated in vacuo and the crude product purified by chromatography on silica gel with EtOAc/Hexane 1:4 to yield 2.46 g (58%, 2steps) of clean trans-5-[4-(tert-Butoxycarbonyl-methyl-amino)-cyclohexyl]-pent-2-enoic acid ethyl ester, MS: 339 (M).

Example 29.7

[0264] A solution of 2.45 g (7.2 mmol) trans-5-[4-(tert-Butoxycarbonyl-methyl-amino)-cyclohexyl]-pent-2-enoic acid ethyl ester and 200 mg of Pd/C (10%) in 40 ml MeOH was stirred for 20h under H₂-atmosphere. After filtration and evaporation of the methanol under vacuo, 2.39 g 5-[4-(tert-Butoxy carbonyl-methyl-amino)-cyclohexyl]-pentanoic acid ethyl ester could be isolated. 2.05 g (6.0 mmol) of this ester and 470 mg (12 mmol)

of LiAlH_4 were stirred in 20 ml of THF at RT for 5h. Excess of LiAlH_4 was destroyed by adding 10ml of EtOAc and by carefully dropping brine to the reaction-mixture. The solution was dissolved in ether and washed with 1N HCl and water. The organic phase was concentrated under reduced pressure yielding 1.75 g (97%) of clean trans-[4-(5-Hydroxy pentyl)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid tert-butyl ester, MS: 300 (MH^+).

Example 29.8

[0265] To a solution of 1.75 g (5.84 mmol) trans-[4-(5-Hydroxy pentyl)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid tert-butyl ester and 0.5 ml (6.42 mmol) of methanesulfonyl chloride in 20ml CH_2Cl_2 was added, under cooling with an ice bath, 1.56 ml (11.7 mmol) of Et_3N . The mixture was stirred for 3h at RT. The reaction-mixture was then partitioned between ether/1N HCl and water. The ether-solution was concentrated in vacuo to yield 2.12 g (96%) of clean trans-Methansulfonic acid 5-[4-(tert-butoxy carbonyl-methyl-amino)-cyclohexyl]-pentylester.

Example 29.9

[0266] 200 mg (0.53 mmol) of trans-Methansulfonic acid 5-[4-(tert-butoxy carbonyl-methyl-amino)-cyclohexyl]-pentyl ester, dissolved in 2ml of CH_2Cl_2 , was treated with 2ml of TFA. After stirring for 20 min at RT, the solution was concentrated in vacuo to yield 245 mg of pure trans-Methansulfonic acid 5-(4-methyl amino-cyclohexyl)-pentylester-trifluoroacetic acid salt, MS: 278 (MH^+).

Example 29.10

[0267] To a solution of 245 mg (0.53 mmol) trans-Methansulfonic acid 5-(4-methyl amino-cyclohexyl)-pentyl ester-trifluoroacetic acid salt and 143.5 mg (0.75 mmol) 4-chlorophenyl chloroformate in 4 ml dioxane, was added at RT 1.54ml (3.12 mmol) Hünig's base. The mixture was stirred for 1h, then extracted with EtOAc/1N HCl and water. The organic phases were concentrated under reduced pressure and purified by chromatography on silica gel with EtOAc/hexane 1:3 to yield 167 mg (73%, 2steps) of pure trans-Methanesulfonic acid 5-[4-[(4-chloro-phenoxy carbonyl)-methyl-amino]-cyclohexyl]-pentyl ester, MS: 432 (MH^+ , 1Cl).

Example 29.11

[0268] A solution of 160 mg (0.37 mmol) trans-Methanesulfonic acid 5-{4-[(4-chloro-phenoxy-carbonyl)-methyl-amino]-cyclohexyl}-pentyl ester and of 0.21 ml N-allylmethylamine in 3ml of methanol was stirred over night at 60°C. The solution was concentrated in vacuo, and the residue then purified by chromatography on silica gel with 1N NH₃/methanol 1:10 to yield 110 mg pure trans-{4-[5-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-pentyl]-cyclohexyl}-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester, MS: 407 (MH⁺, 1Cl).

Example 29.12

[0269] In analogy to examples 29.10 and 29.11, trans-Methanesulfonic acid 5-(4-methyl-amino-cyclohexyl)-pentyl ester-trifluoroacetic acid salt and 4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl chloroformate were reacted, followed by treatment with N-allylmethylamine to yield trans-{4-[5-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-pentyl]-cyclohexyl}-methyl-carbamic acid 4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl ester, MS: 441 (MH⁺).

Example 29.13

[0270] In analogy to examples 29.10 and 29.11, trans-Methanesulfonic acid 5-(4-methyl-amino-cyclohexyl)-pentyl ester-trifluoroacetic acid salt and 4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl chloroformate were reacted, followed by treatment with 2-ethylamino-ethanol to yield trans-(4-[5-[Ethyl-(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-amino]-pentyl]-cyclohexyl)-methyl-carbamic acid 4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl ester, MS: 459 (MH⁺).

Example 29.14

[0271] In analogy to examples 29.10 and 29.11, trans-Methanesulfonic acid 5-(4-methyl-amino-cyclohexyl)-pentyl ester-Trifluoroacetic acid salt and 4-bromophenyl chloroformate were reacted, followed by treatment with N-allylmethylamine to yield trans-{4-[5-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-pentyl]-cyclohexyl}-methyl-carbamic acid 4-bromo-phenyl ester, MS: 451 (MH⁺, 1Br).

Example 29.15

[0272] In analogy to examples 29.10 and 29.11, trans-Methanesulfonic acid 5-(4-methyl-amino-cyclohexyl)-pentyl ester-Trifluoroacetic acid salt and 4-bromophenyl chloroformate were reacted, followed by treatment with 2-ethylamino-ethanol to yield

trans-(4-{5-[Ethyl-(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-amino]-pentyl}-cyclohexyl)-methyl-carbamic acid 4-bromo-phenyl ester, MS: 469 (MH^+ , 1Br).

Example 29.16

[0273] In analogy to examples 29.10 and 29.11, trans-Methansulfonic acid 5-(4-methyl amino-cyclohexyl)-pentyl ester-Trifluoroacetic acid salt and 3,4-difluoro-phenyl chloroformate were reacted, followed by treatment with N-allylmethylamine to yield trans-{4-[5-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-pentyl]-cyclohexyl}-methyl-carbamic acid 3,4-difluoro-phenyl ester, MS: 409 (MH^+).

Example 29.17

[0274] In analogy to examples 29.10 and 29.11, trans-Methansulfonic acid 5-(4-methyl amino-cyclohexyl)-pentyl ester-Trifluoroacetic acid salt and 3,4-difluoro-phenyl chloroformate were reacted, followed by treatment with 2-ethylamino-ethanol to yield trans-(4-{5-[Ethyl-(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-amino]-pentyl}-cyclohexyl)-methyl-carbamic acid 3,4-difluoro-phenyl ester, MS: 427 (MH^+).

Example 29.18

[0275] In analogy to examples 29.10 and 29.11, trans-Methansulfonic acid 5-(4-methyl amino-cyclohexyl)-pentyl ester-Trifluoroacetic acid salt and 4-(trifluoromethyl)benzenesulphonyl chloride were reacted, followed by treatment with N-allylmethylamine to yield trans-N-{4-[5-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-pentyl]-cyclohexyl}-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide, MS: 461 (MH^+).

Example 29.19

[0276] In analogy to examples 29.10 and 29.11, trans-Methansulfonic acid 5-(4-methyl amino-cyclohexyl)-pentyl ester-Trifluoroacetic acid salt and 4-(trifluoromethyl)benzenesulphonyl chloride were reacted, followed by treatment with 2-ethylamino-ethanol to yield trans-N-{4-[5-[Ethyl-(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-amino]-pentyl]-cyclohexyl}-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide, MS: 479 (MH^+).

Example 29.20

[0277] In analogy to examples 29.10 and 29.11, trans-Methansulfonic acid 5-(4-methyl amino-cyclohexyl)-pentyl ester-Trifluoroacetic acid salt and 3,5-difluoro-phenyl chloroformate were reacted, followed by treatment with N-allyl-N-methylamine to give trans-{4-[5-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-pentyl]-cyclohexyl}-methyl-carbamic acid 3,5-difluoro-phenyl ester, MS: 409 (MH^+).

Example 29.21

[0278] In analogy to examples 29.10 and 29.11, trans-Methansulfonic acid 5-(4-methyl amino-cyclohexyl)-pentyl ester-Trifluoroacetic acid salt and 3,5-difluoro-phenyl chloroformate were reacted, followed by treatment with 2-ethylamino-ethanol to give trans-(4-[5-[Ethyl-(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-amino]-pentyl]-cyclohexyl)-methyl-carbamic acid 3,5-difluoro-phenyl ester, MS: 427 (MH^+).

Example 29.22

[0279] In analogy to examples 29.10 and 29.11, trans-Methansulfonic acid 5-(4-methyl amino-cyclohexyl)-pentyl ester-Trifluoroacetic acid salt and 4-chlorophenyl chloroformate were reacted, followed by treatment with 2-ethylamino-ethanol to give trans-(4-[5-[Ethyl-(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-amino]-pentyl]-cyclohexyl)-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester, MS: 425 (MH^+ , 1Cl).

Example 29.23

[0280] In analogy to examples 29.10 and 29.11, trans-Methansulfonic acid 5-(4-methyl amino-cyclohexyl)-pentyl ester-Trifluoroacetic acid salt and 4-chlorophenyl chloroformate were reacted, followed by treatment with methyl-propyl-amine to give trans-Methyl-{4-[5-(methyl-propyl-amino)-pentyl]-cyclohexyl}-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester, MS: 409 (MH^+ , 1Cl).

Example 29.24

[0281] In analogy to examples 29.10 and 29.11, trans-Methansulfonic acid 5-(4-methyl amino-cyclohexyl)-pentyl ester-Trifluoroacetic acid salt and 4-chlorophenyl chloroformate were reacted, followed by treatment with dimethylamine to give trans-

Methyl-{4-[5-(dimethylamino)-pentyl]-cyclohexyl}-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester, MS: 381 (MH^+ , 1Cl).

Example 29.25

[0282] In analogy to examples 29.10 and 29.11, trans-Methansulfonic acid 5-(4-methyl amino-cyclohexyl)-pentyl ester·Trifluoroacetic acid salt and 4-chlorophenyl chloroformate were reacted, followed by treatment with piperidine to give trans-Methyl-[4-(5-piperidin-1-yl-pentyl)-cyclohexyl]-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester, MS: 421 (MH^+ , 1Cl).

Example 29.26

[0283] In analogy to examples 29.10 and 29.11, trans-Methansulfonic acid 5-(4-methyl amino-cyclohexyl)-pentyl ester·Trifluoroacetic acid salt and 4-chlorophenyl chloroformate were reacted, followed by treatment with N-methyl-piperazine to give trans- Methyl-{4-[5-(4-methyl-piperazin-1-yl)-pentyl]-cyclohexyl}-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester, MS: 436 (MH^+ , 1Cl).

Example 29.27

[0284] In analogy to examples 29.10 and 29.11, trans-Methansulfonic acid 5-(4-methyl amino-cyclohexyl)-pentyl ester·Trifluoroacetic acid salt and 4-chlorophenyl chloroformate were reacted, followed by treatment with N-methyl-N-cyclopropyl-amine to give trans {4-[5-(Cyclopropyl-methyl-amino)-pentyl]-cyclohexyl}-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester, MS: 407 (MH^+ , 1Cl).

Example 29.28

[0285] In analogy to examples 29.10 and 29.11, trans-Methansulfonic acid 5-(4-methyl amino-cyclohexyl)-pentyl ester·Trifluoroacetic acid salt and 4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl sulfonylchloride were reacted, followed by treatment with diethylamine to give trans N-[4-(5-Diethylamino-pentyl)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide. MS: 463 (MH^+).

Example 29.29

[0286] In analogy to examples 29.10 and 29.11, trans-Methansulfonic acid 5-(4-methyl amino-cyclohexyl)-pentyl ester-Trifluoroacetic acid salt and 4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl sulfonylchloride were reacted, followed by treatment with 2-(2-Hydroxy-ethylamino)-ethanol to give trans- N-(4-{5-[Bis-(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-amino]-pentyl}-cyclohexyl)-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide. MS: 495 (MH⁺).

Example 29.30

[0287] In analogy to examples 29.10 and 29.11, trans-Methansulfonic acid 5-(4-methyl amino-cyclohexyl)-pentyl ester-Trifluoroacetic acid salt and 4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl chloroformate were reacted, followed by treatment allylamine to give trans-{4-[5-(Allylamino)-pentyl]-cyclohexyl}-methyl-carbamic acid 4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl ester, MS: 427 (MH⁺).

Example 29.31

[0288] In analogy to examples 29.10 and 29.11, trans-Methansulfonic acid 5-(4-methyl amino-cyclohexyl)-pentyl ester-Trifluoroacetic acid salt and 4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl chloroformate were reacted, followed by treatment with methylamine to give trans-Methyl-[4-(5-methylamino-pentyl)-cyclohexyl]-carbamic acid 4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl ester, MS: 401 (MH⁺).

Example 29.32

[0289] In analogy to examples 29.11, from trans-N-[4-(5-Bromo-pentyl)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide and allylamine was prepared trans- N-[4-(5-Allylamino-pentyl)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide, MS: 447 (MH⁺).

Example 29.33

[0290] In analogy to examples 29.11, from trans-N-[4-(5-Bromo-pentyl)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide and 2-amino-2-methyl-1-propanol was prepared trans-N-[4-[5-(2-Hydroxy-1,1-dimethyl-ethylamino)-pentyl]-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide, MS: 479 (MH⁺).

Example 29.34

[0291] In analogy to examples 29.11, from trans-N-[4-(5-Bromo-pentyl)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide and methylamine was prepared trans- N-Methyl-N-[4-(5-methylamino-pentyl)-cyclohexyl]-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide, MS: 421 (MH⁺).

Example 29.35

[0292] In analogy to examples 29.11, from trans-N-[4-(5-Bromo-pentyl)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide and ethanolamine (6eq, in DMA) was prepared trans-N-[4-[4-(2-Hydroxy-ethylamino)-butyl]-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide, MS: 451 (MH⁺).

Example 29.36

[0293] In analogy to examples 29.11, from trans-N-[4-(5-Bromo-pentyl)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide and ethylamine (6eq, in DMA) was prepared trans-N-[4-(5-Ethylamino-pentyl)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide, MS: 435 (MH⁺).

Example 29.37

[0294] In analogy to examples 29.4-29.9 and 29.12, from trans/cis-(4-Formyl-cyclohexyl)-methyl-carbamic acid tert-butyl ester was prepared (trans)-[4-[5-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-pentyl]-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl ester and (cis){4-[5-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-pentyl]-cyclohexyl}-methyl-carbamic acid 4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl ester, MS: 441 (MH⁺), which could be separated using HPLC (ChiralpakAD, 20um 5x50cm von Daicel Chem. Industrie Ltd, eluent: 9.0 l n-heptane/ 1.0 l isopropanol).

Example 30

Example 30.1

[0295] To a suspension of 1.39 g (4.4 mmol, 2.2 eq) Hydrogen peroxide-Urea adduct in CH_2Cl_2 , 338.5 mg (2.2 mmol, 1.1 eq) phthalic anhydride were added and stirred for 15 min at RT. 800 mg (2.01 mmol) trans-[4-(5-Dimethylamino-pentyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester in CH_2Cl_2 was added and the mixture was stirred at RT for 2h. 5% aqueous K_2CO_3 solution was added and the inorganic phase was extracted with CH_2Cl_2 . The organic phases were washed with water and brine and dried over MgSO_4 . Column chromatography yielded 525 mg (63%) trans-[4-(5-Dimethylamino-pentyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester N-oxide as colourless oil, MS: 413 (MH^+ , 1Cl).

Example 30.2

[0296] In analogy to example 30.1, trans-[4-[5-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-pentyl]-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl ester gave after precipitation ($\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2/\text{Et}_2\text{O}$) trans-[4-[5-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-pentyl]-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl ester N-oxide, MS: 457 (MH^+).

Example 30.3

[0297] 400 mg (8.4 mmol) trans- N-(4-[5-[Ethyl-(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-amino]-pentyl]-cyclohexyl)-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide were suspended in toluene and evaporated (3x), redissolved in 1ml DMF and treated with 102.4 mg (1.5 mmol, 1.8 eq) imidazole. At 0°C , 176 mg (11.7 mmol, 1.4 eq) TBDMSCl in 2 ml DMF were added, and the reaction mixture was stirred at 50°C for 1h. The solution was added to an aqueous solution of NaHCO_3 and extracted with ether. The organic layer was washed with water and brine, and dried over Na_2SO_4 . 509 mg crude trans-N-[4-(5-[[2-(tert-Butyl-dimethyl-silyloxy)-ethyl]-ethyl-amino]-pentyl)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide were isolated as light yellow oil.

Example 30.4

[0298] 175 mg (1.86 mmol) H_2O_2 -Urea adduct suspended in 2ml CH_2Cl_2 were treated with 137 mg (0.9 mmol) phthalic anhydride. After stirring at RT for 15min to this mixture was added 500 mg (8.4 mmol) crude trans-N-[4-(5-[[2-(tert-Butyl-dimethyl-silyloxy)-

ethyl]-ethyl-amino}-pentyl)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide in 3 ml CH₂Cl₂ and the solution was stirred at RT. The mixture was washed with an aqueous solution of NaHCO₃, the organic phase was washed with brine and dried over Na₂SO₄. 348 mg crude trans-N-[4-(5-{[2-(tert-Butyl-dimethyl-silanyloxy)-ethyl]-ethyl-amino}-pentyl)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide N-oxide were isolated as colorless oil.

Example 30.5

[0299] To 335 mg (5.5 mmol) trans-N-[4-(5-{[2-(tert-Butyl-dimethyl-silanyloxy)-ethyl]-ethyl-amino}-pentyl)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide N-oxide in 8 ml THF were added 0.83 ml 1M TBAF at 0°C. The solution was stirred at RT for 1h, partitioned between EtOAc and an aqueous solution of Na₂CO₃. The organic phase was washed with brine and dried over Na₂SO₄. Column chromatography with CH₂Cl₂/MeOH 9:1 yielded 190 mg (44%, 3 steps) trans-N-(4-[5-[Ethyl-(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-amino]-pentyl]-cyclohexyl)-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide N-oxide as colorless oil, MS: 495 (MH⁺).

Example 31

Example 31.1

[0300] 5.85 g (14.71 mmol) of trans-[Toluene-4-sulfonic acid 4-(tert-butoxycarbonyl-methyl-amino)-cyclohexylmethyl ester] (synthesized from trans-(4-Hydroxymethyl-cyclohexyl)-methyl-carbamic acid tert-butyl ester and toluene sulfonyl chloride in pyridine), and 1.45g (29.43 mmol) of sodium cyanide were stirred in 50 ml DMF for 48h at 100 °C. The reaction-mixture was partitioned between ether and water. After drying (Na₂SO₄) and concentration of the ether-phase in vacuo, 3.74 g of crude trans-[(4-Cyanomethyl-cyclohexyl)-methyl-carbamic acid tert-butyl ester] could be isolated. This crude product (14.82 mmol), dissolved in 30ml THF, was treated at -78 °C with 13.5 ml (16.18 mmol) of a 1.2M DIBALH-solution in Toluene. The reaction-mixture was stirred 30 min at -78 °C and 15 min at RT. To the reaction-mixture was then carefully dropped 30 ml of 1N HCl. The reaction-mixture was dissolved in ether and washed with water. The ether-solution was dried (Na₂SO₄) and concentrated under reduced pressure to yield

3.47 g (92%, 2 steps) of crude trans-[Methyl-[4-(2-oxo-ethyl)-cyclohexyl]-carbamic acid tert-butyl ester].

Example 31.2

[0301] 3.47 g (13.58 mmol) of the crude trans-[Methyl-[4-(2-oxo-ethyl)-cyclohexyl]-carbamic acid tert-butyl ester] and 5.39 g (14.7 mmol) of (Triphenyl-15-phosphanylidene)-acetic acid ethyl ester were stirred in 40ml of CH_2Cl_2 over night at RT. The reaction-mixture was concentrated in vacuo and then purified by chromatography on silica gel with EtOAc/hexane 1:3 to give 1.57 g (36%) pure 4-[4-(tert-Butoxycarbonyl-methyl-amino)-cyclohexyl]-but-2-enoic acid ethyl ester.

Example 31.3

[0302] A solution of 1.57 g (4.82 mmol) 4-[4-(tert-Butoxycarbonyl-methyl-amino)-cyclohexyl]-but-2-enoic acid ethyl ester and 200 mg of Pd/C (10%) in 20ml of MeOH was stirred at RT under H_2 -atmosphere for 3h. After filtration, the solution was concentrated under reduced pressure to dryness, to give 1.58 g of clean trans-4-[4-(tert-Butoxycarbonyl-methyl-amino)-cyclohexyl]-butyric acid ethyl ester. 1.58 g (4.82 mmol) trans-4-[4-(tert-Butoxycarbonyl-methyl-amino)-cyclohexyl]-butyric acid ethyl ester in 20ml of THF, was treated at RT with 390 mg of LiAlH_4 . After stirring the solution for 30min at RT, the excess of LiAlH_4 was destroyed by adding dropwise 10 ml of saturated brine under ice-cooling. The reaction mixture was partitioned between Et_2O / 1M HCl and H_2O . The ether-solution was concentrated in vacuo, to give 1.37 g (99%) of pure trans-[4-(4-Hydroxy-butyl)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid tert-butyl ester.

Example 31.4

[0303] To a stirred, ice-cooled solution of 1.37 g (4.8 mmol) of trans-[4-(4-Hydroxy-butyl)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid tert-butyl ester and 0.95 ml NEt_3 in 15ml CH_2Cl_2 was added 0.5ml (6.8 mmol) methanesulfonyl chloride. After stirring at RT for 2h, the reaction mixture was partitioned between Et_2O , 1M HCl and water. The ether-layer was concentrated in vacuo to give 1.745 g of clean trans-Methanesulfonic acid 4-[4-(tert-butoxycarbonyl-methyl-amino)-cyclohexyl]-butyl ester, that was treated in 5ml CH_2Cl_2 with 5ml of trifluoro acetic acid. After stirring the solution for 30min at RT, the solution

was evaporated under reduced pressure to dryness to give 2.25 g (quant.) trans-Methanesulfonic acid 4-(4-methylamino-cyclohexyl)-butyl ester-trifluoro-acetic acid.

Example 31.5

[0304] To a stirred solution of 590 mg (~1.25mmol) of trans-Methanesulfonic acid 4-(4-methylamino-cyclohexyl)-butyl ester; compound with trifluoro-acetic acid and 0.644ml of 4-ethylmorpholine in 6ml CH₂Cl₂ was added 365 mg (1.91 mmol) of 4-chlorophenyl-chloroformate at RT. The reaction-mixture was stirred at RT for 1h and then partitioned between Et₂O, 1M HCl and water. After concentration of the ether-layer under reduced pressure, the residue was purified by chromatography over silica gel with EtOAc/hexane 1:2 to, give 421 mg (81%) of pure trans-Methanesulfonic acid 4-{4-[(4-chloro-phenoxy-carbonyl)-methyl-amino]-cyclohexyl}-butyl ester.

Example 31.6

[0305] A solution of 219 mg (0.524 mmol) of trans-Methanesulfonic acid 4-{4-[(4-chloro-phenoxy-carbonyl)-methyl-amino]-cyclohexyl}-butyl ester and 0.48ml of N-allyl methylamine in 1 ml of MeOH was stirred over night at RT, and for 2h under reflux. After concentration of the reaction-mixture in vacuo, the crude product was purified by chromatography over silica gel with EtOAc/H₂O/AcOH/Aceton (6:2:1:1) to give 165 mg (80%) of clean trans-{4-[4-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-butyl]-cyclohexyl}-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester, MS: 393 (MH⁺, 1Cl).

Example 31.7

[0306] In analogy to examples 31.6, trans-Methanesulfonic acid 4-{4-[(4-chloro-phenoxy-carbonyl)-methyl-amino]-cyclohexyl}-butyl ester was treated with 2-ethylamino-ethanol to give trans- (4-[4-[Ethyl-(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-amino]-butyl]-cyclohexyl)-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester, MS: 411 (MH⁺, 1Cl).

Example 31.8

[0307] In analogy to examples 31.5 and 31.6, trans-Methanesulfonic acid 4-(4-methylamino-cyclohexyl)-butyl ester-trifluoro-acetic acid and 4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl-chloroformate were reacted, followed by treatment with N-allyl-N-methylamine to give trans- {4-[4-

(Allyl-methyl-amino)-butyl]-cyclohexyl}-methyl-carbamic acid 4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl ester, MS: 427 (MH^+).

Example 31.9

[0308] In analogy to examples 31.5 and 31.6, trans-Methanesulfonic acid 4-(4-methylamino-cyclohexyl)-butyl ester-trifluoro-acetic acid and 4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl-chloroformate were reacted, followed by treatment with 2-ethylamino-ethanol to give trans- (4-{4-[Ethyl-(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-amino]-butyl]-cyclohexyl}-methyl-carbamic acid 4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl ester, MS: 445 (MH^+).

Example 31.10

[0309] In analogy to examples 31.5 and 31.6, trans-Methanesulfonic acid 4-(4-methylamino-cyclohexyl)-butyl ester-trifluoro-acetic acid and 4-bromophenyl-chloroformate were reacted, followed by treatment with N-allyl-N-methylamine to give trans- {4-[4-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-butyl]-cyclohexyl}-methyl-carbamic acid 4-bromo-phenyl ester, MS: 437 (MH^+ , 1Br).

Example 31.11

[0310] In analogy to examples 31.5 and 31.6, trans-Methanesulfonic acid 4-(4-methylamino-cyclohexyl)-butyl ester-trifluoro-acetic acid and 4-bromo phenyl-chloroformate were reacted, followed by treatment with 2-ethylamino-ethanol to give trans- (4-{4-[Ethyl-(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-amino]-butyl]-cyclohexyl}-methyl-carbamic acid 4-bromo-phenyl ester, MS: 455 (MH^+ , 1Br).

Example 31.12

[0311] In analogy to examples 31.5 and 31.6, trans-Methanesulfonic acid 4-(4-methylamino-cyclohexyl)-butyl ester-trifluoro-acetic acid and 4-bromophenyl-chloroformate were reacted, followed by treatment with N-methyl-propyl-amine to give trans- Methyl-{4-[4-(methyl-propyl-amino)-butyl]-cyclohexyl}-carbamic acid 4-bromo-phenyl ester, MS: 439 (MH^+ , 1Br).

Example 31.13

[0312] In analogy to examples 31.5 and 31.6, trans-Methanesulfonic acid 4-(4-methylamino-cyclohexyl)-butyl ester-trifluoro-acetic acid and 4-bromophenyl-chloroformate were reacted, followed by treatment with diethylamine to give trans- Methyl-{4-[4-(diethylamino)-butyl]-cyclohexyl}-carbamic acid 4-bromo-phenyl ester, MS: 439 (MH^+ , 1Br).

Example 31.14

[0313] In analogy to examples 31.5 and 31.6, trans-Methanesulfonic acid 4-(4-methylamino-cyclohexyl)-butyl ester-trifluoro-acetic acid and 4-bromophenyl-chloroformate were reacted, followed by treatment with dimethylamine to give trans- Methyl-{4-[4-(dimethylamino)-butyl]-cyclohexyl}-carbamic acid 4-bromo-phenyl ester, MS: 411 (MH^+ , 1Br).

Example 31.15

[0314] In analogy to examples 31.5 and 31.6, trans-Methanesulfonic acid 4-(4-methylamino-cyclohexyl)-butyl ester-trifluoro-acetic acid and 4-bromophenyl-chloroformate were reacted, followed by treatment with piperidine to give trans- Methyl-{4-(4-piperidin-1-yl-butyl)-cyclohexyl}-carbamic acid 4-bromo-phenyl ester, MS: 451 (MH^+ , 1Br).

Example 31.16

[0315] In analogy to examples 31.5 and 31.6, trans-Methanesulfonic acid 4-(4-methylamino-cyclohexyl)-butyl ester-trifluoro-acetic acid and 4-bromophenyl-chloroformate were reacted, followed by treatment with N-methyl-piperazine to give trans-Methyl-{4-[4-(4-methyl-piperazin-1-yl)-butyl]-cyclohexyl}-carbamic acid 4-bromo-phenyl ester, MS: 466 (MH^+ , 1Br).

Example 31.17

[0316] In analogy to examples 31.5 and 31.6, trans-Methanesulfonic acid 4-(4-methylamino-cyclohexyl)-butyl ester-trifluoro-acetic acid and 4-bromophenyl-chloroformate were

reacted, followed by treatment with morpholine to give trans- Methyl-[4-(4-morpholin-4-yl-butyl)-cyclohexyl]-carbamic acid 4-bromo-phenyl ester, MS: 453 (MH^+ , 1Br).

Example 31.18

[0317] In analogy to examples 31.5 and 31.6, trans-Methanesulfonic acid 4-(4-methylamino-cyclohexyl)-butyl ester-trifluoro-acetic acid and 4-bromophenyl-chloroformate were reacted, followed by treatment with thiomorpholine to give trans-Methyl-[4-(4-thiomorpholin-4-yl-butyl)-cyclohexyl]-carbamic acid 4-bromo-phenyl ester, MS: 469 (MH^+ , 1Br).

Example 31.19

[0318] In analogy to examples 31.5 and 31.6, trans-Methanesulfonic acid 4-(4-methylamino-cyclohexyl)-butyl ester-trifluoro-acetic acid and 4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl-chloroformate were reacted, followed by treatment with piperidine to give trans- Methyl-[4-(4-piperidin-1-yl-butyl)-cyclohexyl]-carbamic acid 4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl ester, MS: 441 (MH^+).

Example 31.20

[0319] In analogy to examples 31.5 and 31.6, trans-Methanesulfonic acid 4-(4-methylamino-cyclohexyl)-butyl ester-trifluoro-acetic acid and 4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl-chloroformate were reacted, followed by treatment with dimethylamine to give trans-[4-(4-Dimethylamino-butyl)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl ester, MS: 401 (MH^+).

Example 31.21

[0320] In analogy to examples 31.5 and 31.6, trans-Methanesulfonic acid 4-(4-methylamino-cyclohexyl)-butyl ester-trifluoro-acetic acid and 4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl-chloroformate were reacted, followed by treatment with thiomorpholine to give trans- Methyl-[4-(4-thiomorpholin-4-yl-butyl)-cyclohexyl]-carbamic acid 4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl ester, MS: 459 (MH^+).

Example 31.22

[0321] In analogy to examples 31.5 and 31.6, trans-Methanesulfonic acid 4-(4-methylamino-cyclohexyl)-butyl ester-trifluoro-acetic acid and 4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl-chloroformate were reacted, followed by treatment with methyl-propyl-amine to give trans- Methyl-{4-[4-(methyl-propyl-amino)-butyl]-cyclohexyl}-carbamic acid 4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl ester, MS: 429 (MH⁺).

Example 31.23

[0322] In analogy to examples 31.5 and 31.6, trans-Methanesulfonic acid 4-(4-methylamino-cyclohexyl)-butyl ester-trifluoro-acetic acid and 4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl-sulfonylchloride were reacted, followed by treatment with N-allyl-N-methylamine to give trans-N-{4-[4-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-butyl]-cyclohexyl}-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide, MS: 447 (MH⁺).

Example 31.24

[0323] In analogy to examples 31.5 and 31.6, trans-Methanesulfonic acid 4-(4-methylamino-cyclohexyl)-butyl ester-trifluoro-acetic acid and 4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl-sulfonylchloride were reacted, followed by treatment with 2-ethylamino-ethanol to give trans- N-(4-{4-[Ethyl-(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-amino]-butyl}-cyclohexyl)-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide, MS: 465 (MH⁺).

Example 31.25

[0324] In analogy to examples 31.5 and 31.6, trans-Methanesulfonic acid 4-(4-methylamino-cyclohexyl)-butyl ester-trifluoro-acetic acid and 4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl-sulfonylchloride were reacted, followed by treatment with piperidine to give trans- N-Methyl-N-[4-(4-piperidin-1-yl-butyl)-cyclohexyl]-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide, MS: 461 (MH⁺).

Example 31.26

[0325] In analogy to examples 31.5 and 31.6, trans-Methanesulfonic acid 4-(4-methylamino-cyclohexyl)-butyl ester-trifluoro-acetic acid and 4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl-sulfonylchloride were reacted, followed by treatment with dimethylamine to give trans- N-

[4-(4-Dimethylamino-butyl)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide, MS: 421 (MH^+).

Example 31.27

[0326] In analogy to examples 31.5 and 31.6, trans-Methanesulfonic acid 4-(4-methylamino-cyclohexyl)-butyl ester-trifluoro-acetic acid and 4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl-sulfonylchloride were reacted, followed by treatment with methyl-propyl-amine to give trans- N-Methyl-N-{4-[4-(methyl-propyl-amino)-butyl]-cyclohexyl}-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide, MS: 449 (MH^+).

Example 31.28

[0327] In analogy to examples 31.5 and 31.6, trans-Methanesulfonic acid 4-(4-methylamino-cyclohexyl)-butyl ester-trifluoro-acetic acid and 4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl-sulfonylchloride were reacted, followed by treatment with 2-(2-Hydroxy-ethylamino)-ethanol to give trans N-(4-{4-[Bis-(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-amino]-butyl}-cyclohexyl)-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide, MS: 481 (MH^+).

Example 32

Example 32.1

[0328] A solution of 6.02 g (17.43 mmol) of trans-Methanesulfonic acid 3-[4-(tert-butoxycarbonyl-methyl-amino)-cyclohexyl]-prop-2-ynyl ester in 95 ml CH_2Cl_2 was treated at 0 °C with 45 ml TFA (for 20 min). After 30 min at this temperature, the reaction was evaporated and evaporated again with toluene (4 times) to give 8.17 g (quantitative) of crude trans-Methanesulfonic acid 3-(4-methylamino-cyclohexyl)-prop-2-ynyl ester.trifluoroacetate, MS: 245 (M).

Example 32.2

[0329] A solution of 1.41 g (corresponds to 3.0 mmol) of trans-Methanesulfonic acid 3-(4-methylamino-cyclohexyl)-prop-2-ynyl ester trifluoroacetate in 20 ml CH_2Cl_2 was first cooled at 0°C, treated with 0.5 ml (3.6 mmol) 4-chlorophenylchloroformate and then

with 2.57 ml (15 mmol; 5 equivalents) of Huenigsbase (during 3 min). After 45 min at RT, the mixture was dissolved in aqueous 10% KHSO₄ /Et₂O (3x). The organic phases were washed with aqueous 10% NaCl, dried over Na₂SO₄ and evaporated to give 1.41 g (quantitative) of crude trans-Methanesulfonic acid 3-{4-[(4-chloro-phenoxy)carbonyl]-methyl-amino}-cyclohexyl)-prop-2-ynyl ester, MS: 400 (MH⁺, 1Cl). The crude product was directly used in the next step.

Example 32.3

[0330] In analogy to example 32.2, trans-Methanesulfonic acid 3-(4-methylamino-cyclohexyl)-prop-2-ynyl ester trifluoroacetate and 4-trifluoromethylphenylchloroformate were converted to trans-Methanesulfonic acid 3-{4-[methyl-(4-trifluoromethyl-phenoxy)carbonyl]-amino}-cyclohexyl)-prop-2-ynyl ester, MS: 434 (MH⁺).

Example 32.4

[0331] In analogy to example 32.2, trans-Methanesulfonic acid 3-(4-methylamino-cyclohexyl)-prop-2-ynyl ester trifluoroacetate and p-tolyl chloroformate were converted to trans-Methanesulfonic acid 3-{4-(methyl-p-tolyloxy)carbonyl-amino}-cyclohexyl)-prop-2-ynyl ester, MS: 380 (MH⁺).

Example 32.5

[0332] In analogy to example 32.2, trans-Methanesulfonic acid 3-(4-methylamino-cyclohexyl)-prop-2-ynyl ester trifluoroacetate and 4-methoxyphenyl chloroformate were converted to trans-Methanesulfonic acid 3-{4-[(4-methoxy-phenoxy)carbonyl]-methyl-amino}-cyclohexyl)-prop-2-ynyl ester, MS: 396 (MH⁺).

Example 32.6

[0333] In analogy to example 32.2, trans-Methanesulfonic acid 3-(4-methylamino-cyclohexyl)-prop-2-ynyl ester trifluoroacetate and 4-(trifluoromethyl)benzenesulfonylchloride were converted to trans-Methanesulfonic acid 3-{4-[methyl-(4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonyl)-amino]-cyclohexyl)-prop-2-ynyl ester, MS: 454 (MH⁺).

Example 32.7

[0334] In analogy to example 32.2, trans-Methanesulfonic acid 3-(4-methylamino-cyclohexyl)-prop-2-ynyl ester trifluoroacetate and 4-acedamidophenylsulfonyl chloride were converted to trans-Methanesulfonic acid 3-{4-[(4-acetylamino-benzenesulfonyl)-methyl-amino]-cyclohexyl}-prop-2-ynyl ester, MS: 443 (MH⁺).

Example 32.8

[0335] In analogy to example 32.2, trans-Methanesulfonic acid 3-(4-methylamino-cyclohexyl)-prop-2-ynyl ester trifluoroacetate and 4-chlorobenzoylchloride were converted to trans-Methanesulfonic acid 3-{4-[(4-chloro-benzoyl)-methyl-amino]-cyclohexyl}-prop-2-ynyl ester, MS: 398 (MH⁺, 1Cl).

Example 32.9

[0336] A solution of 1.38 g (corresponds to 3.0 mmol) of trans-Methanesulfonic acid 3-(4-methylamino-cyclohexyl)-prop-2-ynyl ester trifluoroacetate in 7 ml dioxane was first cooled to 8°C, treated with 0.69 g (4.5 mmol) 4-chlorophenyl isocyanate and then with 1.2 ml (15 mmol; 5 equivalents) of pyridine (during 3 min). After 45 min at RT, the mixture was dissolved in aqueous 10% KHSO₄ /Et₂O (3x). The organic phases were washed with aqueous 10% NaCl, dried over Na₂SO₄ and evaporated to give 1.22 g (quantitative) of crude trans-Methanesulfonic acid 3-{4-[3-(4-chloro-phenyl)-1-methyl-ureido]-cyclohexyl}-prop-2-ynyl ester, MS: 398 (MH⁺, 1Cl). The crude product was directly used in the next step.

Example 32.10

[0337] In analogy to example 32.2, trans-Methanesulfonic acid 3-(4-methylamino-cyclohexyl)-prop-2-ynyl ester trifluoroacetate and 4-chlorobenzenesulfonylchloride were converted to trans-Methanesulfonic acid 3-{4-[(4-chloro-benzenesulfonyl)-methyl-amino]-cyclohexyl}-prop-2-ynyl ester, MS: 420 (MH⁺, 1Cl).

Example 33

[0338] A solution of 235 mg (corresponds to 0.5 mmol) of trans-Methanesulfonic acid 3-{4-[(4-chloro-phenoxy-carbonyl)-methyl-amino]-cyclohexyl}-prop-2-ynyl ester in 2.5 ml of

DMA was cooled at 0°C, treated with 0.76 ml (1 mmol) of N-methylpropylamine and stirred over night at RT. The solvent was evaporated and the residue extracted with aqueous saturated NaHCO₃ /Et₂O (3x). The organic phase was dried with Na₂SO₄, filtered and evaporated. Purification by flash column chromatography on silica gel (CH₂Cl₂/MeOH 98:2) gave 153 mg (81 %) of pure trans-Methyl-[4-[3-(methyl-propyl-amino)-prop-1-ynyl]-cyclohexyl]-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester, MS: 377 (MH⁺, 1Cl).

[0339] The hydrochloride salt was optionally obtained after dissolving the amine in dioxane and addition of 1 equivalent of 4N HCl (in dioxane). Lyophilisation gave trans-Methyl-[4-[3-(methyl-propyl-amino)-prop-1-ynyl]-cyclohexyl]-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester; compound with HCl as white powder, MS: 377 (MH⁺, 1Cl).

[0340] The following compounds were prepared from the corresponding mesylates and secondary amines (In case the reaction was not finished after 16 h, an additional 2 equivalents of the amine was added. For Dimethylamine, 33% in EtOH 5.6M, 10 equivalents were added.):

Example	Compound	MS MH ⁺	Mesylate	Secondary amine
33.1	trans-[4-(3-Dimethylamino-prop-1-ynyl)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester	349, 1Cl	trans-Methanesulfonic acid 3-{4-[(4-chloro-phenoxy-carbonyl)-methyl-amino]-cyclohexyl}-prop-2-ynyl ester	Dimethylamine, 33% in EtOH 5.6M
33.2	trans-Methyl-[4-(3-piperidin-1-yl-prop-1-ynyl)-cyclohexyl]-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester	389, 1Cl	trans-Methanesulfonic acid 3-{4-[(4-chloro-phenoxy-carbonyl)-methyl-amino]-cyclohexyl}-prop-2-ynyl ester	Piperidine

33.3	trans-(4-[3-[Bis-(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-amino]-prop-1-ynyl]-cyclohexyl)-methyl-carbamic acid 4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl ester	443	trans-Methanesulfonic acid 3-[4-[methyl-(4-trifluoromethyl-phenoxy-carbonyl)-amino]-cyclohexyl]-prop-2-ynyl ester	Diethanolamine
33.4	trans-[4-(3-Dimethylamino-prop-1-ynyl)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl ester	383	trans-Methanesulfonic acid 3-[4-[methyl-(4-trifluoromethyl-phenoxy-carbonyl)-amino]-cyclohexyl]-prop-2-ynyl ester	Dimethylamine, 33% in EtOH 5.6M
33.5	trans-Methyl-[4-[3-(methyl-propyl-amino)-prop-1-ynyl]-cyclohexyl]-carbamic acid 4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl ester	411	trans-Methanesulfonic acid 3-[4-[methyl-(4-trifluoromethyl-phenoxy-carbonyl)-amino]-cyclohexyl]-prop-2-ynyl ester	N-Methylpropylamine
33.6	trans-Methyl-[4-(3-piperidin-1-yl-prop-1-ynyl)-cyclohexyl]-carbamic acid 4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl ester	423	trans-Methanesulfonic acid 3-[4-[methyl-(4-trifluoromethyl-phenoxy-carbonyl)-amino]-cyclohexyl]-prop-2-ynyl ester	Piperidine

Example 34

[0341] A solution of 200 mg (corresponds to 0.43 mmol) of trans-Methanesulfonic acid 3-[4-[(4-chloro-phenoxy-carbonyl)-methyl-amino]-cyclohexyl]-prop-2-ynyl ester in 4.3 ml of methanol was cooled to 0°C, treated with 0.44 ml (1 mmol) of Ethyl-(2-methoxy-ethyl)-amine and stirred over night at RT. The solvent was evaporated and the residue extracted with aqueous saturated NaHCO₃/Et₂O (3x). The organic phase was dried with

Na₂SO₄, filtered and evaporated. Purification by flash column chromatography on silica gel (CH₂Cl₂/MeOH 99:1) gave 144 mg (83 %) of pure trans-(4-{3-[Ethyl-(2-methoxy-ethyl)-amino]-prop-1-ynyl}-cyclohexyl)-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester, MS: 407 (MH⁺, 1Cl). The following compounds were prepared from the corresponding mesylates and secondary amines:

Example	Compound	MS MH ⁺	Mesylate	Secondary amine
34.1	trans-Methyl-{4-[3-(methyl-propyl-amino)-prop-1-ynyl]-cyclohexyl}-carbamic acid p-tolyl ester	357	trans-Methanesulfonic acid 3-[4-(methyl-p-tolyloxycarbonyl-amino)-cyclohexyl]-prop-2-ynyl ester	N-Methylpropylamine
34.2	trans-Methyl-{4-[3-(methyl-propyl-amino)-prop-1-ynyl]-cyclohexyl}-carbamic acid 4-methoxy-phenyl ester	373	trans-Methanesulfonic acid 3-[4-[(4-methoxy-phenoxy)carbonyl]-methyl-amino]-cyclohexyl]-prop-2-ynyl ester	N-Methylpropylamine
34.3	trans-N-(4-{3-[Ethyl-(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-amino]-prop-1-ynyl}-cyclohexyl)-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide	447	trans-Methanesulfonic acid 3-[4-[methyl-(4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonyl)-amino]-cyclohexyl]-prop-2-ynyl ester	Ethyl-(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-amine
34.4	trans-N-(4-{3-[Bis-(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-amino]-prop-1-ynyl}-cyclohexyl)-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide	463	trans-Methanesulfonic acid 3-[4-[methyl-(4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonyl)-amino]-cyclohexyl]-prop-2-ynyl ester	Diethanolamine

34.5	trans-N-Methyl-N-{4-[3-(methyl-propyl-amino)-prop-1-ynyl]-cyclohexyl}-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide	431	trans-Methanesulfonic acid 3-[4-[methyl-(4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonyl)-amino]-cyclohexyl]-prop-2-ynyl ester	N-Methylpropylamine
34.6	trans-N-[4-(3-Dimethylamino-prop-1-ynyl)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide	403	trans-Methanesulfonic acid 3-[4-[methyl-(4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonyl)-amino]-cyclohexyl]-prop-2-ynyl ester	Dimethylamine, 33% in EtOH 5.6M
34.7	trans-N-(4-{3-[Ethyl-(2-methoxy-ethyl)-amino]-prop-1-ynyl}-cyclohexyl)-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide	461	trans-Methanesulfonic acid 3-[4-[methyl-(4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonyl)-amino]-cyclohexyl]-prop-2-ynyl ester	N-(2-Methoxyethyl)ethylamine
34.8	trans-N-[4-(Methyl-{4-[3-(methyl-propyl-amino)-prop-1-ynyl]-cyclohexyl}-sulfamoyl)-phenyl]-acetamide	431	trans-Methanesulfonic acid 3-[4-[(4-acetylamino-benzenesulfonyl)-methyl-amino]-cyclohexyl]-prop-2-ynyl ester	N-Methylpropylamine
34.9	trans-4-Chloro-N-methyl-N-{4-[3-(methyl-propyl-amino)-prop-1-ynyl]-cyclohexyl}-benzamide	361, 1Cl	trans-Methanesulfonic acid 3-[4-[(4-chloro-benzoyl)-methyl-amino]-cyclohexyl]-prop-2-ynyl ester	N-Methylpropylamine

34.10	trans-4-Chloro-N-(4-[3-ethyl-(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-amino]-prop-1-ynyl)-cyclohexyl)-N-methylbenzamide	377, 1Cl	trans-Methanesulfonic acid 3-{4-[(4-chlorobenzoyl)-methyl-amino]-cyclohexyl}-prop-2-ynyl ester	Ethyl-(2-hydroxyethyl)-amine
34.11	trans-3-(4-Chloro-phenyl)-1-methyl-1-{4-[3-(methyl-propyl-amino)-prop-1-ynyl]-cyclohexyl}-urea	376, 1Cl	trans-Methanesulfonic acid 3-{4-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1-methyl-ureido]-cyclohexyl}-prop-2-ynyl ester	N-Methylpropylamine
34.12	trans-3-(4-Chloro-phenyl)-1-(4-{3-[ethyl-(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-amino]-prop-1-ynyl}-cyclohexyl)-1-methyl-urea	392, 1Cl	trans-Methanesulfonic acid 3-{4-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1-methyl-ureido]-cyclohexyl}-prop-2-ynyl ester	Ethyl-(2-hydroxyethyl)-amine
34.13	trans-4-Chloro-N-methyl-N-[4-(3-piperidin-1-yl-prop-1-ynyl)-cyclohexyl]-benzenesulfonamide	409, 1Cl	trans-Methanesulfonic acid 3-{4-[(4-chlorobenzenesulfonyl)-methyl-amino]-cyclohexyl}-prop-2-ynyl ester	Piperidine
34.14	trans-4-Chloro-N-methyl-N-{4-[3-(methyl-propyl-amino)-prop-1-ynyl]-cyclohexyl}-benzenesulfonamide	397, 1Cl	trans-Methanesulfonic acid 3-{4-[(4-chlorobenzenesulfonyl)-methyl-amino]-cyclohexyl}-prop-2-ynyl ester	N-Methylpropylamine

34.15	trans-4-Chloro-N-[4-(3-dimethylamino-prop-1-ynyl)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide	369, 1Cl	trans-Methanesulfonic acid 3-[4-[(4-chloro-benzenesulfonyl)-methyl-amino]-cyclohexyl]-prop-2-ynyl ester	Dimethylamine, 33% in EtOH 5.6M
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Example 35

[0342] A solution of 44.3 mg (0.1 mmol) of trans-N-[4-(Methyl-{4-[3-(methyl-propyl-amino)-prop-1-ynyl]-cyclohexyl}-sulfamoyl)-phenyl]-acetamide in 5 ml MeOH was treated with 0.37 ml (2 mmol) of sodium methylate (5.4 M in MeOH) and heated at 70 °C for 30 h. The solvent was evaporated and the residue extracted with aqueous saturated $\text{NaHCO}_3/\text{Et}_2\text{O}$ (3x). The organic phase was dried with Na_2SO_4 , filtered and evaporated. Purification by flash column chromatography on silica gel ($\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2/\text{MeOH}$ 97:3) gave 31 mg (82 %) of pure trans-4-Amino-N-methyl-N-[4-[3-(methyl-propyl-amino)-prop-1-ynyl]-cyclohexyl]-benzenesulfonamide, MS: 378 (MH^+).

Example 36

Example 36.1

[0343] A suspension of 3.4 g (12.72 mmol) of trans-[4-(3-Hydroxy-prop-1-ynyl)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid tert-butyl ester in 125 ml ethanol and 810 mg of $\text{PtO}_2 \cdot \text{H}_2\text{O}$ was hydrogenated (1 atm) for 7 h. The reaction was filtered (Celite) and evaporated to give 3.5 g (quantitative) of trans-[4-(3-Hydroxy-propyl)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid tert-butyl ester, MS: 271 (MH).

Example 36.2

[0344] In analogy to example 26.7, 32.1 and 32.2 trans-[4-(3-Hydroxy-propyl)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid tert-butyl ester and 4-chlorophenylchloroformate gave trans-

Methanesulfonic acid 3-[4-[(4-chloro-phenoxy-carbonyl)-methyl-amino]-cyclohexyl]-propyl ester, MS: 404 (MH^+ , 1Cl).

Example 36.3

[0345] In analogy to example 26.7, 32.1 and 32.2 trans-[4-(3-Hydroxy-propyl)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid tert-butyl ester and 4-trifluoromethylphenylchloroformate gave trans-Methanesulfonic acid 3-[4-[methyl-(4-trifluoromethyl-phenoxycarbonyl)-amino]-cyclohexyl]-propyl ester, MS: 438 (MH^+).

Example 36.4

[0346] In analogy example 26.7, 32.1 and 32.2 trans-[4-(3-Hydroxy-propyl)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid tert-butyl ester and p-tolyl chloroformate gave trans-Methanesulfonic acid 3-[4-(methyl-p-tolyloxycarbonyl-amino)-cyclohexyl]-propyl ester, MS: 384 (MH^+).

Example 37

[0347] A solution of 293 mg (corresponds to 0.5 mmol) of trans-Methanesulfonic acid 3-[4-[methyl-(4-trifluoromethyl-phenoxycarbonyl)-amino]-cyclohexyl]-propyl ester in 2.5 ml of DMA was cooled to 0 °C, treated with 0.195 ml (2 mmol) of Ethyl-(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-amine and stirred over night at RT. A catalytic amount of NaI and 0.195 ml (2 mmol) of Ethyl-(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-amine and after 9 h, 0.88 ml (1 mmol) of Ethyl-(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-amine were added. After 16 h, the solvent was evaporated and the residue extracted with aqueous saturated $NaHCO_3$ / Et_2O (3x). The organic phase was dried with Na_2SO_4 , filtered and evaporated. Purification by flash column chromatography on silica gel (CH_2Cl_2 /MeOH 9:1) gave 48 mg (22 %) of pure trans-(4-[3-[Ethyl-(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-amino]-propyl]-cyclohexyl)-methyl-carbamic acid 4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl ester, MS: 431 (MH^+). The following compounds were prepared in analogy:

Example	Compound	MS MH^+	Mesylate	Secondary amine

37.1	trans-[4-[3-[Bis-(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-amino]-propyl]-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl ester	447	trans-Methanesulfonic acid 3-[4-[methyl-(4-trifluoromethyl-phenoxy-carbonyl)-amino]-cyclohexyl]-propyl ester	Diethanolamine
37.2	trans-[4-(3-Dimethylamino-propyl)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester	353, 1Cl	trans-Methanesulfonic acid 3-[4-[(4-chloro-phenoxy-carbonyl)-methyl-amino]-cyclohexyl]-propyl ester	Dimethylamine, 33% in EtOH 5.6M
37.3	trans-Methyl-[4-[3-(methyl-propyl-amino)-propyl]-cyclohexyl]-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester	381, 1Cl	trans-Methanesulfonic acid 3-[4-[(4-chloro-phenoxy-carbonyl)-methyl-amino]-cyclohexyl]-propyl ester	N-Methylpropylamine
37.4	trans-Methyl-[4-[3-(methyl-propyl-amino)-propyl]-cyclohexyl]-carbamic acid p-tolyl ester	361	trans-Methanesulfonic acid 3-[4-(methyl-p-tolyloxy-carbonyl)-amino]-cyclohexyl]-propyl ester	N-Methylpropylamine

Example 38

Example 38.1

[0348] A suspension of 4.5 g (16.8 mmol) of trans-[4-(3-Hydroxy-prop-1-ynyl)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid tert-butyl ester in 180 ml Et₂O was cooled (0 °C) and treated slowly with a solution of 13.46 ml (47.1 mmol) of Red-Al (70% in toluene). The solution was stirred 2 h at RT, cooled (0 °C) and treated again with 1.3 ml (4.7 mmol) of Red-Al (70% in toluene). After 2 h at RT, the reaction was cooled (-50 °C) and hydrolyzed with a suspension of 3 g MgSO₄·7H₂O, 3 g silicagel in 4 ml aqueous 10% KHSO₄. The cooling bath was removed, THF was added, the mixture was filtered. After evaporation, the

residue was dissolved in CH_2Cl_2 , dried over Na_2SO_4 and evaporated to yield 3.59 g (quantitative) of trans-(1E)-[4-(3-Hydroxy-propenyl)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid tert-butyl ester, MS: 270 (MH^+).

Example 38.2

[0349] A solution of 4.37 g (16.35 mmol) of trans-(1E)-[4-(3-Hydroxy-propenyl)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid tert-butyl ester in 120 ml CH_2Cl_2 was treated at 0 °C with 1.4 ml (17.98 mmol) of methanesulfonylchloride, 1.97 ml (24.52 mmol) pyridine and 2 g (16.35 mmol) of DMAP. The reaction mixture was stirred at RT for 3 h, water (5 ml) was added and the reaction was stirred for 5 min. After extraction with aqueous 10% $\text{KHSO}_4/\text{Et}_2\text{O}$ (3x), the organic phases were washed with aqueous saturated NaHCO_3 (2x), aqueous 10% NaCl , dried over Na_2SO_4 and evaporated to yield 3.51 g (75 %) of trans-(1E)-[4-(3-Chloro-propenyl)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid tert-butyl ester, mp: 42.5-43.9 °C; MS: 387 (MH^+ , 1Cl).

Example 38.3

[0350] In analogy to example 32.1 and 32.2, trans-(1E)-[4-(3-Chloro-propenyl)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid tert-butyl ester and 4-chlorophenylchloroformate gave trans-(1E)-[4-(3-Chloro-propenyl)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester, MS: 342 (MH^+ , 2Cl).

Example 38.4

[0351] In analogy to example 32.1 and 32.2, trans-(1E)-[4-(3-Chloro-propenyl)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid tert-butyl ester and 4-trifluoromethylphenylchloroformate gave trans-(1E)-[4-(3-Chloro-propenyl)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl ester, MS: 376 (MH^+ , 1Cl).

Example 38.5

[0352] In analogy to example 32.1 and 32.2, trans-(1E)-[4-(3-Chloro-propenyl)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid tert-butyl ester and 4-(trifluoromethyl)benzenesulfonylchloride gave trans-(1E)-N-[4-(3-Chloro-propenyl)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide, MS: 360 (M-Cl).

Example 39

[0353] A solution of 80 mg (0.23 mmol) of trans-(1E)-[4-(3-Chloro-propenyl)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester in 4.3 ml of methanol was treated with 0.24 ml (2.34 mmol) N-methylpropylamine and stirred over night at RT. The solvent was evaporated and the residue extracted with aqueous saturated NaHCO_3 / Et_2O (3x). The organic phase was dried with Na_2SO_4 , filtered and evaporated. Purification by flash column chromatography on silica gel (CH_2Cl_2 /MeOH 95:5) gave 46 mg (52 %) of trans-(1E)-Methyl-[4-[3-(methyl-propyl-amino)-propenyl]-cyclohexyl]-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester, MS: 379 (MH^+ , 1Cl).

[0354] The following compounds were prepared from the corresponding chlorides and secondary amines (In case the reaction was not finished after 16 h, the reaction was heated for 2 h at reflux.):

Example	Compound	MS MH^+	Chlorides	Secondary amine
39.1	trans-(1E)-[4-[3-[Ethyl-(2-methoxy-ethyl)-amino]-propenyl]-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester	409, 1Cl	trans-(1E)-[4-(3-Chloro-propenyl)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester	N-(2-Methoxyethyl)ethylamine
39.2	trans-(1E)-[4-[3-[Ethyl-(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-amino]-propenyl]-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester	395, 1Cl	trans-(1E)-[4-(3-Chloro-propenyl)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester	Ethyl-(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-amine
39.3	trans-(1E)-Methyl-[4-[3-(methyl-propyl-amino)-propenyl]-cyclohexyl]-carbamic acid 4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl ester	413	trans-(1E)-[4-(3-Chloro-propenyl)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl ester	N-Methylpropylamine

39.4	trans-(1E)-N-Methyl-N-[4-[3-(methyl-propyl-amino)-propenyl]-cyclohexyl]-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide	433	trans-(1E)-N-[4-(3-Chloro-propenyl)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfon-amide	N-Methylpropylamine
39.5	trans-(1E)-N-[4-(3-Dimethylamino-propenyl)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide	405	trans-(1E)-N-[4-(3-Chloro-propenyl)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfon-amide	Dimethylamine, 33% in EtOH 5.6M
39.6	trans-(1E)-N-[4-[3-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-propenyl]-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide	431	trans-(1E)-N-[4-(3-Chloro-propenyl)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfon-amide	N-Allylmethylamine
39.7	Trans-(1E)-N-(4-[3-[Ethyl-(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-amino]-propenyl]-cyclohexyl)-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide	405	trans-(1E)-N-[4-(3-Chloro-propenyl)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfon-amide	Ethyl-(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-amine
39.8	trans-(1E)-[4-(3-Dimethylamino-propenyl)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl ester	385	trans-(1E)-[4-(3-Chloro-propenyl)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl ester	Dimethylamine, 33% in EtOH 5.6M
39.9	trans-(1E)-[4-(3-Dimethylamino-propenyl)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester	351, 1Cl	trans-(1E)-[4-(3-Chloro-propenyl)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester	Dimethylamine, 33% in EtOH 5.6M

39.10	trans-(1E)-Methyl-[4-(3-piperidin-1-yl-propenyl)-cyclohexyl]-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester	391, 1Cl	trans-(1E)-[4-(3-Chloro-propenyl)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester	Piperidine
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Example 40

Example 40.1

[0355] A solution of 10.0 g (25.2 mmol) of trans-[4-(2,2-Dibromo-vinyl)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid tert-butyl ester in 400 ml THF was treated at -78 °C with 33.0 ml (68.3 mmol) of BuLi (ca 1.6 M in hexane) and stirred for 2h, then 27.8 ml (230.4 mmol) of DMPU were added and 10 min later 19.0 ml (125.9 mmol) of 2-(2-bromoethoxy)tetrahydro-2H-pyran dissolved in 20 ml were dropped in during 20 min. The reaction was warmed up to RT and stirred over night (approx. 16 h). An aqueous solution of saturated NH₄Cl was added and the mixture was extracted with ether (3x). The organic phase was washed with H₂O (2x), aqueous 10% NaCl and dried with Na₂SO₄, filtered and evaporated to give after flash column chromatography on silica gel (Hexane/EtOAc 19:1 to 3:1) 3.5 g (38 %) of trans-Methyl-[4-[4-(tetrahydro-pyran-2-yloxy)-but-1-ynyl]-cyclohexyl]-carbamic acid tert-butyl ester, MS : 366 (MH⁺).

Example 40.2

[0356] A solution of 3.45 g (9.44 mmol) of trans-Methyl-[4-[4-(tetrahydro-pyran-2-yloxy)-but-1-ynyl]-cyclohexyl]-carbamic acid tert-butyl ester and 0.7 g (2.83mmol) of pyrimidium toluene-4-sulfonate in 25 ml MeOH was stirred at 55 °C for 1.5 h. The reaction was partitioned between aqueous solution of 10% KHSO₄ /ether (3x). The organic phases were washed with aqueous saturated NaHCO₃, 10% NaCl, dried over Na₂SO₄ and evaporated to give 2.85 g (quantitative) of trans-[4-(4-Hydroxy-but-1-ynyl)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid tert-butyl ester, MS: 281 (M).

Example 40.3

[0357] A solution of 2.66 g (9.44 mmol) of trans-[4-(4-Hydroxy-but-1-ynyl)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid tert-butyl ester in 75 ml CH₂Cl₂ was treated at 0 °C with 0.81 ml (10.38 mmol) methanesulfonylchloride, 1.14 ml (14.16 mmol) pyridine and 1.15 g (9.44 mmol) DMAP. The reaction mixture was stirred at RT for 3 h, water (19 ml) was added and the reaction was stirred for 5 min. After extraction with aqueous 10% KHSO₄/Et₂O (3x) the organic phases were washed with aqueous saturated NaHCO₃ (2x), aqueous 10% NaCl, dried over Na₂SO₄ and evaporated to yield 3.57 g (quantitative) of trans-Methanesulfonic acid 4-[4-(tert-butoxycarbonyl-methyl-amino)-cyclohexyl]-but-3-ynyl ester, MS: 360 (MH⁺).

Example 40.4

[0358] In analogy to example 32.1, trans-Methanesulfonic acid 4-[4-(tert-butoxycarbonyl-methyl-amino)-cyclohexyl]-but-3-ynyl ester with TFA was converted to trans-Methanesulfonic acid 4-(4-methylamino-cyclohexyl)-but-3-ynyl ester trifluoroacetate, MS: 260 (MH⁺).

Example 40.5

[0359] In analogy to example 32.2, trans-Methanesulfonic acid 4-(4-methylamino-cyclohexyl)-but-3-ynyl ester trifluoroacetate and 4-chlorophenylchloroformate were converted to trans-Methanesulfonic acid 4-{4-[(4-chloro-phenoxycarbonyl)-methyl-amino]-cyclohexyl}-but-3-ynyl ester, MS: 414 (MH⁺, 1Cl).

Example 40.6

[0360] In analogy to example 32.2, trans-Methanesulfonic acid 4-(4-methylamino-cyclohexyl)-but-3-ynyl ester trifluoroacetate and 4-trifluoromethylphenylchloroformate were converted to trans-Methanesulfonic acid 4-{4-[methyl-(4-trifluoromethyl-phenoxycarbonyl)-amino]-cyclohexyl}-but-3-ynyl ester, which was directly used in the next reaction.

Example 40.7

[0361] In analogy to example 32.2, trans-Methanesulfonic acid 4-(4-methylamino-cyclohexyl)-but-3-ynyl ester trifluoroacetate and 4-(trifluoromethyl)benzenesulfonylchloride were converted to trans-Methanesulfonic acid 4-{4-[methyl-(4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonyl)-amino]-cyclohexyl}-but-3-ynyl ester, MS: 468 (MH⁺).

Example 41

[0362] A solution of 400 mg (corresponds to 0.69 mmol) of crude trans-Methanesulfonic acid 4-{4-[(4-chloro-phenoxy-carbonyl)-methyl-amino]-cyclohexyl}-but-3-ynyl ester in 4 ml of methanol was treated with 1.23 ml (6.88 mmol) Dimethylamine (33% in EtOH, 5.6M) and stirred over night at RT. The reaction was heated at 70 °C for 2 h, cooled, evaporated and the residue extracted with aqueous saturated NaHCO₃ /Et₂O (3x). The organic phase was dried with Na₂SO₄, filtered and evaporated. Purification by flash column chromatography on silica gel (CH₂Cl₂/MeOH 99:1 to 9:1) gave 84 mg (34 %) of trans-[4-(4-Dimethylamino-but-1-ynyl)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester, MS: 363 (MH⁺, 1Cl).

[0363] The following compounds were prepared from the corresponding mesylates and secondary amines (In case the reaction was not finished after 16 h, additional amine (10 eq) and catalytic amount of NaI was added. The reaction was heated at reflux until completion of the reaction. In some cases DMA was used as solvent instead of MeOH.):

Example	Compound	MS MH ⁺	Mesylate	Secondary amine
41.1	trans-{4-[4-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-but-1-ynyl]-cyclohexyl}-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester	389, 1Cl	trans-Methanesulfonic acid 4-{4-[(4-chloro-phenoxy-carbonyl)-methyl-amino]-cyclohexyl}-but-3-ynyl ester	N-Allylmethylamine

41.2	trans-Methyl-{4-[4-(methyl-propyl-amino)-but-1-ynyl]-cyclohexyl}-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester	391, 1Cl	trans-Methanesulfonic acid 4-[4-[(4-chloro-phenoxycarbonyl)-methyl-amino]-cyclohexyl]-but-3-ynyl ester	N-Methylpropyl-amine
41.3	trans-(4-[4-[Ethyl-(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-amino]-but-1-ynyl]-cyclohexyl)-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester	407, 1Cl	trans-Methanesulfonic acid 4-[4-[(4-chloro-phenoxycarbonyl)-methyl-amino]-cyclohexyl]-but-3-ynyl ester	Ethyl-(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-amine
41.4	trans-(4-[4-[Ethyl-(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-amino]-but-1-ynyl]-cyclohexyl)-methyl-carbamic acid 4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl ester	441	trans-Methanesulfonic acid 4-[4-[methyl-(4-trifluoromethyl-phenoxycarbonyl)-amino]-cyclohexyl]-but-3-ynyl ester	Ethyl-(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-amine
41.5	trans-{4-[4-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-but-1-ynyl]-cyclohexyl}-methyl-carbamic acid 4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl ester	423	trans-Methanesulfonic acid 4-[4-[methyl-(4-trifluoromethyl-phenoxycarbonyl)-amino]-cyclohexyl]-but-3-ynyl ester	N-Allylmethylamine
41.6	trans-[4-(4-Dimethylamino-but-1-ynyl)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl ester	397	trans-Methanesulfonic acid 4-[4-[methyl-(4-trifluoromethyl-phenoxycarbonyl)-amino]-cyclohexyl]-but-3-ynyl ester	Dimethylamine, 33% in EtOH 5.6M

41.7	trans-Methyl-[4-[4-(methyl-propyl-amino)-but-1-ynyl]-cyclohexyl]-carbamic acid 4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl ester	425	trans-Methanesulfonic acid 4-[4-[methyl-(4-trifluoromethyl-phenoxy-carbonyl)-amino]-cyclohexyl]-but-3-ynyl ester	N-Methylpropyl-amine
41.8	trans-N-(4-[4-[Ethyl-(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-amino]-but-1-ynyl]-cyclohexyl)-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide	461	trans-Methanesulfonic acid 4-[4-[methyl-(4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonyl)-amino]-cyclohexyl]-but-3-ynyl ester	Ethyl-(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-amine
41.9	trans-N-Methyl-N-[4-[4-(methyl-propyl-amino)-but-1-ynyl]-cyclohexyl]-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide	445	trans-Methanesulfonic acid 4-[4-[methyl-(4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonyl)-amino]-cyclohexyl]-but-3-ynyl ester	N-Methylpropyl-amine
41.10	trans-N-[4-(4-Dimethylamino-but-1-ynyl)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide	417	trans-Methanesulfonic acid 4-[4-[methyl-(4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonyl)-amino]-cyclohexyl]-but-3-ynyl ester	Dimethylamine, 33% in EtOH 5.6M

Example 42

Example 42.1

[0364] In analogy to example 40.1, trans-[4-(2,2-Dibromo-vinyl)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid tert-butyl ester and 1-chloro-3-iodopropane were converted to trans-[4-

(5-Chloro-pent-1-ynyl)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid tert-butyl ester, which was used with no purification directly for the next step.

Example 42.2

[0365] In analogy to example 32.1, trans-[4-(5-Chloro-pent-1-ynyl)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid tert-butyl ester was converted to trans-[4-(5-Chloro-pent-1-ynyl)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-ammonium trifluoroacetate. The compound was purified by dissolving the salt in water, washing it with Et₂O (3x). The water phase was adjusted to pH 8 (with aqueous saturated NaHCO₃) and extracted with EtOAc (3x) to give trans-[4-(5-Chloro-pent-1-ynyl)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-amine, MS: 314 (MH⁺, 1Cl).

Example 42.3

[0366] In analogy to example 32.2, trans-[4-(5-Chloro-pent-1-ynyl)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-amine and 4-(trifluoromethyl)benzenesulfonylchloride was converted to trans-N-[4-(5-Chloro-pent-1-ynyl)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide, MS: 356 (M-[SO₂+H⁺]).

Example 42.4

[0367] A solution of 250 mg (0.59 mmol) of trans-N-[4-(5-Chloro-pent-1-ynyl)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide in 10 ml butan-2-one was treated with 136 mg of NaI (0.91 mmol) and heated at 80°C for 48h. Evaporation gave 330 mg of crude trans-N-[4-(5-Iodo-pent-1-ynyl)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide which was used directly for the next step, MS: 514 (MH⁺).

Example 43

Example 43.1

[0368] In analogy to example 40.1, trans-[4-(2,2-Dibromo-vinyl)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid tert-butyl ester and 2-(3-bromopropoxy)tetrahydro-2H-pyran gave trans-

Methyl-{4-[5-(tetrahydro-pyran-2-yloxy)-pent-1-ynyl]-cyclohexyl}-carbamic acid tert-butyl ester, MS: 378 (M-H).

Example 43.2

[0369] In analogy to example 40.2, trans-Methyl-{4-[5-(tetrahydro-pyran-2-yloxy)-pent-1-ynyl]-cyclohexyl}-carbamic acid tert-butyl ester gave trans-[4-(5-Hydroxy-pent-1-ynyl)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid tert-butyl ester, MS: 296 (MH⁺).

Example 43.3

[0370] In analogy to example 40.3, trans-[4-(5-Hydroxy-pent-1-ynyl)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid tert-butyl ester gave trans-Methanesulfonic acid 5-[4-(tert-butoxycarbonyl-methyl-amino)-cyclohexyl]-pent-4-ynyl ester, MS: 373 (M).

Example 43.4

[0371] In analogy to example 32.1, trans-Methanesulfonic acid 5-[4-(tert-butoxycarbonyl-methyl-amino)-cyclohexyl]-pent-4-ynyl ester gave trans-Methanesulfonic acid 5-(4-methylamino-cyclohexyl)-pent-4-ynyl ester trifluoroacetate, MS: 274 (MH⁺).

Example 43.5

[0372] In analogy to example 32.2, trans-Methanesulfonic acid 5-(4-methylamino-cyclohexyl)-pent-4-ynyl ester trifluoroacetate and 4-chlorophenylchloroformate gave trans-Methanesulfonic acid 5-[4-[(4-chloro-phenoxy-carbonyl)-methyl-amino]-cyclohexyl]-pent-4-ynyl ester, MS: 428 (MH⁺, 1Cl).

Example 44

[0373] 320 mg (corresponds to 0.59 mmol) of crude trans-N-[4-(5-Iodo-pent-1-ynyl)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide in 6 ml MeOH was treated with 0.6 ml (5.93 mmol) of N-methylpropylamine. The reaction was stirred overnight at 65 °C and partitioned between aqueous 1N NaOH /Et₂O (3x), the organic phases were dried over Na₂SO₄ and evaporated. Purification by flash column chromatography on silica gel (CH₂Cl₂, then CH₂Cl₂/MeOH 95:5 to 9:1) gave 128 mg (47 % over two steps) of

trans-N-Methyl-N-{4-[5-(methyl-propyl-amino)-pent-1-ynyl]-cyclohexyl}-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide, MS: 459 (MH⁺). The following compounds can be obtained in analogy:

Example	Compound	MS MH ⁺	Iodide or Mesylate	Secondary amine
44.1	trans-N-(4-{5-[Ethyl-(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-amino]-pent-1-ynyl}-cyclohexyl)-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide	475	trans-N-[4-(5-Iodo-pent-1-ynyl)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide	Ethyl-(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-amine
44.2	trans-(4-{5-[Ethyl-(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-amino]-pent-1-ynyl}-cyclohexyl)-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester	421, 1Cl	trans-Methanesulfonic acid 5-{4-[(4-chloro-phenoxy-carbonyl)-methyl-amino]-cyclohexyl}-pent-4-ynyl ester	Ethyl-(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-amine
44.3	Trans-Methyl-[4-[5-(methyl-propyl-amino)-pent-1-ynyl]-cyclohexyl]-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester	405, 1Cl	trans-Methanesulfonic acid 5-{4-[(4-chloro-phenoxy-carbonyl)-methyl-amino]-cyclohexyl}-pent-4-ynyl ester	N-Methylpropylamine
44.4	Trans-[4-(5-Dimethylamino-pent-1-ynyl)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester	377, 1Cl	trans-Methanesulfonic acid 5-{4-[(4-chloro-phenoxy-carbonyl)-methyl-amino]-cyclohexyl}-pent-4-ynyl ester	Dimethylamine, 33% in EtOH 5.6M

Example 45

Example 45.1

[0374] In analogy to example 26.3, trans-[4-(Methoxy-methyl-carbamoyl)-cyclohexyl]-carbamic acid tert-butyl ester gave trans-(4-Formyl-cyclohexyl)-carbamic acid tert-butyl ester, which was directly used in the next reaction.

Example 45.2

[0375] A solution of 14.4 g (63.34 mmol) of trans-(4-Formyl-cyclohexyl)-carbamic acid tert-butyl ester in 180 ml 2-methyl-2-butanol was treated with 36.5 g (76.32 mmol) (4-bromobutyl)triphenylphosphonium bromide and 82.8 g (254.2 mmol) of cesium carbonate and was heated at 65 °C for 7 h. The reaction was cooled (RT), diluted with hexane/ETOAc (9:1, 500 ml) and filtered. Purification by flash column chromatography on silica gel (hexane/EtOAc 9:1) gave 16.1 g (73 %) of trans-(1E/Z)-[4-(5-Bromo-pent-1-enyl)-cyclohexyl]-carbamic acid tert-butyl ester, MS: 289 (M-butene, 1Br).

Example 45.3

[0376] A solution of 14.0 g (40.4 mmol) of trans-(1E/Z)-[4-(5-Bromo-pent-1-enyl)-cyclohexyl]-carbamic acid tert-butyl ester in 140 ml EtOH was treated with 7 ml AcOH and 1.4 g Pt/C 5 % and hydrogenated with H₂ (1 atm) for 1.5 h. The reaction was filtered and evaporated (1x toluene). The residue was dissolved at RT in MeOH (105 ml) and treated with 15.5 ml water. After cooling (0 °C) and filtration, 7.43 g (53 %) of trans-[4-(5-Bromo-pentyl)-cyclohexyl]-carbamic acid tert-butyl ester were received, MS: 291 (M-butene, 1Br).

Example 45.4

[0377] At 0 °C, a solution of 4.4 g (12.63 mmol) of trans-[4-(5-Bromo-pentyl)-cyclohexyl]-carbamic acid tert-butyl ester were received in 9 ml MeOH was added to 40 ml of a HBr solution in MeOH (made by dropping at 0 °C, 4.7 ml (63.07 mmol) of acetyl bromide to 35 ml MeOH). The suspension was stirred for 16 h at RT, diluted with toluene and evaporated (2x). The residue was suspended in EtOAc (40 ml) cooled (-10 to -15 °C) and filtered to give 4.05 g (97 %) of trans-4-(5-Bromo-pentyl)-cyclohexylamine as hydrobromide salt, MS: 248 (MH⁺, 1Br).

Example 45.5

[0378] A solution of 1.0 g (3.04 mmol) of trans-4-(5-Bromo-pentyl)-cyclohexylammonium bromide in 12 ml CH_2Cl_2 was first cooled at 0°C , treated with 0.8 g (3.27 mmol) 4-(trifluoromethyl)benzenesulfonylchloride and then with 1.2 ml (7.01 mmol; 2.3 equivalents) of Hünigsbase (during 30 min). After total 1.5 h at 0°C , the mixture was dissolved in aqueous 10% KHSO_4 /TBME (3x). The organic phases were washed with aqueous saturated NaHCO_3 and aqueous 10% NaCl , dried over Na_2SO_4 and evaporated to give 1.38 g crude product which was crystallized (CH_2Cl_2 /hexane) to give 1.26 g (91 %) of pure trans-N-[4-(5-Bromo-pentyl)-cyclohexyl]-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide, MS: 454 (M^+ , 1Br).

Example 46

Example 46.1

[0379] A solution of 2.4 mg (5.26 mmol) of trans-N-[4-(5-Bromo-pentyl)-cyclohexyl]-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide in 36 ml of EtOH was treated with 2.1 ml (21.53 mmol) of ethyl-(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-amine, 1.8 g (21.43 mmol) of NaHCO_3 and stirred over night at 90°C . The reaction cooled, filtered, evaporated and the residue extracted with aqueous saturated NaHCO_3 /EtOAc (3x). The organic phases were washed with aqueous 10% NaCl , dried (Na_2SO_4), filtered and evaporated. Purification by flash column chromatography on silica gel (EtOAc/EtOH/ NH_3 25% 98:2:1) gave 1.96 g (80 %) of trans-N-(4-[5-[Ethyl-(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-amino]-pentyl]-cyclohexyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide, MS: 463 (M^+).

Example 46.2

[0380] In analogy to example 46.1, trans-N-[4-(5-Bromo-pentyl)-cyclohexyl]-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide and ethanolamine gave trans-N-[4-[5-(2-Hydroxy-ethylamino)-pentyl]-cyclohexyl]-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide, MS: 437 (MH^+).

Example 46.3

[0381] In analogy to example 46.1 but without NaHCO_3 and at 60 °C for 19 h, trans-N-[4-(5-Bromo-pentyl)-cyclohexyl]-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide and 18 equivalent of ethylamine (70% in water) gave trans- N-[4-(5-Ethylamino-pentyl)-cyclohexyl]-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide, MS: 421 (MH^+).

Example 47

Example 47.1

[0382] A well stirred solution of 100 g (774 mmol) of cis-4-Methylamino-cyclohexanol [Schut, Robert N. Analgesic 3-(methylamino)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydrocarbazole from 4-(methylamino)cyclohexanone. Fr. (1968), 3 pp. FR 1515629 19680301] in 775 ml EtOAc was treated with 1.55 l of aqueous 1M NaHCO_3 and with 110 ml (774 mmol) of benzyl chloroformate (30 min, T_{max} 30 °C). The phases were separated after 2 h at RT. The aqueous phase was extracted (EtOAc), the organic phases were dried (Na_2SO_4), filtered and evaporated. Purification by column chromatography on silica gel (hexane/EtOAc 2:1) gave 139 g (68 %) of cis-(4-Hydroxy-cyclohexyl)-methyl-carbamic acid benzyl ester, MS: 263 (M).

Example 47.2

[0383] A solution of 2.63 g (10 mmol) of cis-(4-Hydroxy-cyclohexyl)-methyl-carbamic acid benzyl ester in 16 ml CH_2Cl_2 was treated with a solution 0.24 g (2 mmol) of KBr and 0.28 g (3.33 mmol) of NaHCO_3 in 5 ml of water. The suspension was cooled (0-5 °C) and 8 mg (0.05 mmol) of TEMPO and then 5.7 ml (12.5 mmol) of NaOCl (13%, 2.18 M in water) were added during 20 min. After 1 h at this temperature, again 8 mg (0.05 mmol) of TEMPO and then 2.85 ml (6.25 mmol) of NaOCl (13%, 2.18 M in water) were added. After 1 h, 5 ml of 1M sodium thiosulfat solution was added. The aqueous phase was extracted with CH_2Cl_2 (2x), the organic phase was dried (Na_2SO_4), filtered and evaporated to give 2.57 g (99 %) of Methyl-(4-oxo-cyclohexyl)-carbamic acid benzyl ester, MS: 261 (M).

Example 47.3

[0384] A suspension of 749.88 g (2187.5 mmol) (methoxymethyl)triphenylphosphonium chloride in 2.5 l THF was cooled to -10 °C and deprotonated with 245.5 g (2187.5 mmol) potassium t-butoxide. The dark red solution was stirred at 0-5 °C for 0.5 h, cooled to -20 °C and 457.32 g (261.33 mmol) of Methyl-(4-oxo-cyclohexyl)-carbamic acid benzyl ester in 1.25 l THF were added over a period of 1.25 h. After 1.3 h at RT, the reaction was treated with 1.75 l aqueous 1M NaHCO₃ and stirred for 45 min. The phases were separated, the aqueous phase was extracted with TBME (700 ml), the organic phase was dried (Na₂SO₄), filtered and evaporated. The residue was suspended in hexane (5 l), cooled (0 °C), filtered and evaporated to give 495.2 g (98 %) of (4-Methoxymethylene-cyclohexyl)-methyl-carbamic acid benzyl ester, MS: 289 (M).

Example 47.4

[0385] A solution of 495 g (1710.6 mmol) of (4-Methoxymethylene-cyclohexyl)-methyl-carbamic acid benzyl ester in 1.7 l THF was treated with 3.42 l of aqueous 1N HCl at RT and heated at reflux for 2 h. The reaction was cooled to RT and extracted with TBME (1.7 and 0.9 l). The organic phase was washed with aqueous 1M NaHCO₃, dried (Na₂SO₄), filtered and evaporated to give 457.4 (97 %) of crude (4-Formyl-cyclohexyl)-methyl-carbamic acid benzyl ester (trans:cis ca 70:30).

[0386] A solution of 133.2 g (483.7 mmol) of crude (4-Formyl-cyclohexyl)-methyl-carbamic acid benzyl ester in 330ml MeOH was treated with 24ml 1M NaOH and stirred at RT for 0.5h, then 1.40ml (24.2mmol) acetic acid were added and the mixture was evaporated to give 144.2g crude (4-Formyl-cyclohexyl)-methyl-carbamic acid benzyl ester as an oil (trans:cis ca 92:8). A solution of crude 144.2 g (4-Formyl-cyclohexyl)methyl-carbamic acid benzyl ester in 670ml TBME was added to a solution of 184.0g (968 mmol) of disodium pyrosulfite in 670ml water at RT. The reaction was stirred at RT for 16h, filtered and washed (200ml TBME) to give 147.2 g of the sodium salt of [4-(Benzyloxycarbonyl-methyl-amino)-cyclohexyl]-hydroxy-methanesulfonic acid . This compound was suspended in 250ml TBME and 780ml aqueous 1M Na₂CO₃ and stirred at RT for 0.25 h. The phases were separated, the aqueous phase was extracted with TBME (250ml), the organic phase was dried (Na₂SO₄), filtered and evaporated to give 98.9 g (72

% over the two steps) of trans-(4-Formyl-cyclohexyl)-methyl-carbamic acid benzyl ester (trans:cis 99.3:0.7), MS: 275 (M).

Example 47.5

[0387] A solution of 126.5 g (459.4 mmol) of trans-(4-Formyl-cyclohexyl)-methyl-carbamic acid benzyl ester in 1.27 l 2-methyl-2-butanol was treated with 263.6 g (551.3 mmol) (4-bromobutyl)triphenylphosphonium bromide and 254 g (1838 mmol) of K_2CO_3 and was heated at reflux for 3.5 h. The reaction was cooled (RT), filtered and evaporated. The residue was suspended in hexane (1.8 l, first at RT then at 0 °C) and filtered. Purification by column chromatography on silica gel (hexane/EtOAc 4:1) gave 149.9 g (83 %) of trans-(1E/Z)-[4-(5-Bromo-pent-1-enyl)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid benzyl ester, MS: 293 (M, 1Br).

Example 47.6

[0388] A solution of 38.61 g (97.9 mmol) of trans-(1E/Z)-[4-(5-Bromo-pent-1-enyl)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid benzyl ester in 500 ml toluene was treated with 4.5 g Pt/C 5 % and hydrogenated with H_2 (1 atm) for 3 days. The reaction was filtered and evaporated to give 36.06 g (93 %) of trans-[4-(5-Bromo-pentyl)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid benzyl ester, MS: 396 (MH^+ , 1Br).

Example 47.7

[0389] 22.55 g (56.89 mmol) of trans-[4-(5-Bromo-pentyl)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid benzyl ester were dissolved at RT in 100 ml HBr (33% in acetic acid). After 20 min, the reaction was evaporated, suspended in toluene (2x) and evaporated again. The suspension was taken up in hexane and filtered to give 17.49 g (90 %) of trans-[4-(5-Bromo-pentyl)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-amine hydrobromide, MS: 262 (MH^+ , 1Br).

Example 47.8

[0390] In analogy to 32.2, trans-[4-(5-Bromo-pentyl)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-amine hydrobromide and 4-trifluoromethylphenylchloroformate were converted to trans-[4-(5-Bromo-pentyl)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl ester, MS: 450 (MH^+ , 1Br).

Example 47.9

[0391] In analogy to 32.2, trans-[4-(5-Bromo-pentyl)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-amine hydrobromide and 4-(trifluoromethyl)benzenesulfonylchloride were converted to trans-N-[4-(5-Bromo-pentyl)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide, MS: 470 (MH⁺, 1Br).

Example 47.10

[0392] In analogy to examples 47.5-7, 47.9 and 46.1, from trans/cis-(4-Formyl-cyclohexyl)-methyl-carbamic acid benzyl ester was prepared trans-N-(4-{5-[Ethyl-(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-amino]-pentyl}-cyclohexyl)-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide and cis-N-(4-{5-[Ethyl-(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-amino]-pentyl}-cyclohexyl)-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide RO-72-5688/000, MS: 479 (MH⁺), which could be separated using HPLC (ChiralpakAD, 20um 5x50cm von Dacel Chem. Industrie Ltd, eluent: 8.0 l n-heptane/ 2.0 l ethanol und 0.1% CF₃COOH).

Example 48

[0393] To 500 mg (10.5 mmol) trans-N-(4-{5-[Ethyl-(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-amino]-pentyl}-cyclohexyl)-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide in 6 ml CH₂Cl₂ were added 0.2 ml (1.6 mmol) DAST at -78°C. After 3.5 h at that temperature additional 0.2 ml (1.6 mmol) DAST were added and the mixture was slowly warmed to RT over night. The solution was added to a cooled aqueous solution of Na₂CO₃ and extracted with EtOAc. The organic phase was washed with brine and dried over Na₂SO₄. Column chromatography CH₂Cl₂/MeOH 98:2 yielded 125.4 mg (25%) trans-N-(4-{5-[Ethyl-(2-fluoro-ethyl)-amino]-pentyl}-cyclohexyl)-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide as brown oil, MS: 481 (MH⁺).

Example 49

Example 49.1

[0394] To 350 mg (1 mmol) trans-4-Bromo-N-(4-hydroxy-cyclohexyl)-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide in 6 ml toluene was added 344 mg (2.0 mmol) 2-diethylamino-

ethylchlorid-hydrochloride and a catalytic amount of Bu_4NHSO_4 followed by 4ml 50%NaOH. The mixture was stirred at RT over night, the phases were separated and the organic phase dried over Na_2SO_4 . Column chromatography on silica gel with $\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2/\text{MeOH}$ 15:1 yielded 380 mg (84%) trans-4-Bromo-N-[4-(2-diethylamino-ethoxy)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide as light yellow oil, MS: 447 (MH^+ , 1Br).

Example 49.2

[0395] In analogy to example 49.1, from trans-4-Bromo-N-(4-hydroxy-cyclohexyl)-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide and 1-(2-Chlorethyl)-piperidine HCl was prepared trans-4-Bromo-N-methyl-N-[4-(2-piperidin-1-yl-ethoxy)-cyclohexyl]-benzenesulfonamide as light yellow oil, MS: 459 (MH^+ , 1Br).

Example 49.3

[0396] In analogy to example 49.1, from trans-4-Bromo-N-(4-hydroxy-cyclohexyl)-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide and 4-(2-Chlorethyl)morpholine hydrochloride was prepared trans-4-Bromo-N-methyl-N-[4-(2-morpholin-4-yl-ethoxy)-cyclohexyl]-benzenesulfonamide as colorless oil, MS: 461 (MH^+ , 1Br).

Example 49.4

[0397] In analogy to the example 49.1, from trans-4-Bromo-N-(4-hydroxy-cyclohexyl)-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide and Chlorethylpyrrolidine-hydrochloride was prepared trans-4-Bromo-N-methyl-N-[4-(2-pyrrolidin-1-yl-ethoxy)-cyclohexyl]-benzenesulfonamide as colorless oil, MS: 445 (MH^+ , 1Br).

Example 49.5

[0398] In analogy to the example 49.1, from trans-4-Bromo-N-(4-hydroxy-cyclohexyl)-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide and diisopropylaminoethylchloride-hydrochloride was prepared trans-4-Bromo-N-[4-(2-diisopropylamino-ethoxy)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide as colorless oil, MS: 475 (MH^+ , 1Br).

Example 49.6

[0399] In analogy to example 49.1, from trans-N-(4-Hydroxy-cyclohexyl)-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide and Diethylaminoethylchloride-hydrochloride was prepared trans-N-[4-(2-Diethylamino-ethoxy)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide as light yellow oil, MS: 437 (MH⁺).

Example 49.7

[0400] In analogy to example 49.1, from trans-N-(4-Hydroxy-cyclohexyl)-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide and 1-(2-Chloroethyl)piperidine-hydrochloride was prepared trans-N-Methyl-N-[4-(2-piperidin-1-yl-ethoxy)-cyclohexyl]-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide as light yellow oil, MS: 449 (MH⁺).

Example 49.8

[0401] In analogy to example 49.1, from trans-N-(4-Hydroxy-cyclohexyl)-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide and diisopropylaminoethylchloride-hydrochloride was prepared trans-N-[4-(2-Diisopropylamino-ethoxy)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide as light yellow oil, MS: 465 (MH⁺).

Example 49.9

[0402] In analogy to example 49.1, from trans-N-(4-Hydroxy-cyclohexyl)-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide and chloroethylpyrrolidine-hydrochloride was prepared trans-N-Methyl-N-[4-(2-pyrrolidin-1-yl-ethoxy)-cyclohexyl]-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide as light yellow oil, MS: 435 (MH⁺).

Example 49.10

[0403] In analogy to example 49.1, from trans-N-(4-Hydroxy-cyclohexyl)-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide and 4-chloroethylmorpholine-hydrochloride was prepared trans-N-Methyl-N-[4-(2-morpholin-4-yl-ethoxy)-cyclohexyl]-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide as colorless oil, MS: 451 (MH⁺).

Example 50

Example 50.1

[0404] 1.71 g (10 mmol) (1,4-dioxo-spiro[4.5]dec-8-yl)-methyl-amine (e.g. Reductive amination: Avenell, Kim Y.; Boyfield, Izzy; Hadley, Michael S.; Johnson, Christopher N.; Nash, David J.; Riley, Graham J.; Stemp, Geoffrey; BMCLE8; Bioorg.Med.Chem.Lett.; EN; 9; 18; 1999; 2715 - 2720.) were stirred with 20 ml (20 mmol) 1M HCl for 1h. At RT 2.12 g (20 mmol) Na₂CO₃ were added, followed by the addition of 2.4 g (11.0 mmol) di-tert.butylidicarbonate in 20 ml EtOAc. The solution was stirred at RT for 4h, the phases were separated and the inorganic one extracted with EtOAc. The combined organic phases were dried over Na₂SO₄ and concentrated. Crystallization from methylcyclohexane gave 0.95 g (42%) Methyl-(4-oxo-cyclohexyl)-carbamic acid tert-butyl ester.

Example 50.2

[0405] 5 g (21.99 mmol) Methyl-(4-oxo-cyclohexyl)-carbamic acid tert-butyl ester and 12.68 g (28.59 mmol) (4-Carboxy-butyl)-triphenyl-phosphonium bromide were dispensed in 50 ml DMF. In small portions 2.49 g (57.2 mmol, 55%) NaH were added and the slurry was diluted by adding 50 ml DMF. The mixture was stirred at RT over night, 10 ml AcOH were added and the solvent was evaporated under reduced pressure. The residue was dissolved in ether and water, and the inorganic layer was extracted with ether. The combined organic phases were dried over and the crude material was purified by column chromatography with EtOAc/hexane to give 5.86 g (83%) 5-[4-(tert-Butoxycarbonyl-methyl-amino)-cyclohexylidene]-pentanoic acid.

Example 50.3

[0406] 5.0 g (16.1 mmol) 5-[4-(tert-Butoxycarbonyl-methyl-amino)-cyclohexylidene]-pentanoic acid in 50 ml methanol were hydrogenated with 0.5 g 10%Pd/C in the presence of 0.94 ml (16.9 mmol, 1.05 eq) sodium methanolate for 1 h at RT. After filtration and evaporation of the solvent, the residue was dissolved in ether and acidified by adding 1M HCl. The organic phase was extracted with water, dried over MgSO₄ and evaporated to give 5.3 g (quant) trans-5-[4-(tert-Butoxycarbonyl-methyl-amino)-cyclohexyl]-pentanoic acid as light yellow oil, MS: (312 MH⁺).

Example 50.4

[0407] To 1 g (3.19 mmol) trans-5-[4-(tert-Butoxycarbonyl-methyl-amino)-cyclohexyl]-pentanoic acid in 37 ml CH_2Cl_2 was added 0.5 ml (4.8 mmol, 1.5 eq) diethylamine and 0.53 ml (4.79 mmol, 1.5 eq) NMM. The solution was cooled to 0°C and 795 mg (4.15 mmol, 1.3 eq) EDCI and 98 mg (6.4 mmol) HOBt were added. The mixture was stirred at RT over night, partitioned between CH_2Cl_2 and a saturated aqueous solution of NaHCO_3 . The organic phase was washed with KHSO_4 and brine, dried over Na_2SO_4 and evaporated. Column chromatography with EtOAc/hexane 1:1 gave 1.05 g (86%) trans-[4-(4-Diethylcarbamoyl-butyl)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid tert-butyl ester as colorless liquid MS: 369 (MH^+).

Example 50.5

[0408] To 0.99 g (2.7 mmol) trans-[4-(4-Diethylcarbamoyl-butyl)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid tert-butyl ester in 5 ml dioxane were added 7 ml 4M HCl in dioxane at 0°C . The solution was stirred at RT for 2h, diluted with ether, and the precipitated solid was isolated. 0.83 g (quant.) trans-5-(4-Methylamino-cyclohexyl)-pentanoic acid diethylamide-hydrochloride were isolated as white solid, mp. 122°C , MS: 269 (MH^+).

Example 50.6

[0409] 0.8 g (2.6 mmol) trans-5-(4-Methylamino-cyclohexyl)-pentanoic acid diethylamide-hydrochloride in 20 ml CH_2Cl_2 was treated with 1.1 ml (6.3 mmol, 2.4 eq) Huenig's base, 706 mg (2.9 mmol, 1.1 eq) 4-(Trifluoromethyl)benzenesulfonyl chloride in 10 ml CH_2Cl_2 and 32 mg (0.26 mmol, 0.1 eq) DMAP. The solution was stirred at RT over night. Additional 1.1 ml (6.3 mmol) Huenig's base, 706 mg (2.9 mmol) 4-(Trifluoromethyl)benzenesulfonyl chloride in 10 ml CH_2Cl_2 and 32 mg (0.26 mmol) DMAP were added and stirring was continued for 3h. The mixture was partitioned between CH_2Cl_2 and a saturated aqueous solution of NaHCO_3 . The organic phase was washed with water, 1M KHSO_4 and brine, dried over Na_2SO_4 and evaporated. Column chromatography with EtOAc/hexane 1:1 gave 1.06 g (84%) trans-5-[4-[Methyl-(4-

trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonyl)-amino]-cyclohexyl]-pentanoic acid diethylamide as colorless oil, MS: 477 (MH⁺).

Example 50.7

[0410] To a solution of 200 mg (0.4 mmol) trans-5-[4-[Methyl-(4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonyl)-amino]-cyclohexyl]-pentanoic acid diethylamide in THF was added 98 mg (4.2 mmol, 1 eq) zirconium(IV) chloride at -10°C and the reaction mixture was stirred for additional 30min. 0.8 ml 3M (25.2 mmol, 6eq) Methylmagnesium bromide in THF were added at -10°C and the mixture was slowly warmed to RT. After 2h the mixture was added to a mixture of 30% NaOH and CH₂Cl₂. The inorganic phase was extracted with CH₂Cl₂ and the combined organic phases were washed with brine and dried over Na₂SO₄ and evaporated. The residue was purified using ion exchange resin (Varian, SCX resin) to yield 133 mg (65%) trans-N-[4-(5-Diethylamino-5-methyl-hexyl)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide as colorless oil, MS: 491 (MH⁺).

Example 50.8

[0411] Analogously to the example 50.4 from trans-5-[4-[Methyl-(4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonyl)-amino]-cyclohexyl]-pentanoic acid diethylamide and ethylmagnesium bromide is prepared trans-N-[4-[4-(1-Diethylamino-cyclopropyl)-butyl]-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide as yellow oil, MS: 489 (MH⁺).

Example 50.9

[0412] Analogously to the example 50.4 from trans-(4-Dimethylcarbamoyl)ethyl-nyl-cyclohexyl)-methyl-carbamic acid tert-butyl ester and methyl magnesium bromide was prepared trans-[4-(3-Dimethylamino-3-methyl-but-1-ynyl)-cyclohexyl]-methyl-carbamic acid tert-butyl ester as yellow oil, MS: 323 (MH⁺).

Example 51

Example 51.1

[0413] To a solution of 0.62 g (5.9 mmol) Methyl beta-hydroxypropionate in 4.5 ml CH_2Cl_2 was added 1.4 ml (6.4 mmol, 2.4 eq) 2,6-Di-tert-butylpyridine, followed by 1.03 ml (6.2 mmol, 2.4 eq) trifluoromethane sulfonic acid anhydride at 0°C . The solution was stirred at that temperature for 2.5h, was concentrated and the residue dissolved in 5 ml nitromethane. To this solution 1 g (2.96 mmol) trans-N-(4-Hydroxy-cyclohexyl)-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide and 1.3 ml (5.9 mmol, 2.0 eq) 2,6-Di-tert-butylpyridine in 10 ml nitromethane were added. The solution was stirred at 60°C for 3h, diluted with EtOAc and 1M KHSO_4 . The inorganic phase was extracted with EtOAc, the combined organic phases were washed with a saturated aqueous solution of NaHCO_3 , brine and were dried over Na_2SO_4 and evaporated. Column chromatography on silica gel with EtOAc/hexane 1:3 gave 1.2 g (95%) trans-3-{4-[Methyl-(4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonyl)-amino]-cyclohexyloxy}-propionic acid methyl as light yellow oil, MS: 424 (MH^+).

Example 51.2

[0414] 1.14 g (2.7 mmol) trans-3-{4-[Methyl-(4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonyl)-amino]-cyclohexyloxy}-propionic acid methyl ester in 27 ml THF were treated with 27 ml 1M LiOH for 1h at RT. The was acidified by adding 1M KHSO_4 , and the mixture was extracted with EtOAc. The organic phase was washed with brine, dried over Na_2SO_4 and evaporated to give 1.1 g (quant.) trans-3-{4-[Methyl-(4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonyl)-amino]-cyclohexyloxy}-propionic acid as colorless oil, MS: 408 (M-H^+).

Example 51.3

[0415] g (2.7 mmol) trans-3-{4-[Methyl-(4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonyl)-amino]-cyclohexyloxy}-propionic acid in 30 ml CH_2Cl_2 were treated with 2 ml (4.0 mmol, 1.5 eq) 2M dimethylamine in THF and 0.44 ml (4.03 mmol, 1.5 eq) NMM. The solution was cooled to 0°C and 670 mg (3.5 mmol, 1.3 eq) EDCI and 82 mg (5.4 mmol, 0.2 eq) HOBt were added. The mixture was stirred at RT over night, partitioned between CH_2Cl_2 and a saturated aqueous solution of NaHCO_3 . The organic phase was washed with KHSO_4 and brine, dried over Na_2SO_4 and evaporated. Column chromatography with EtOAc gave

1.06 g (90%) trans-N,N-Dimethyl-3-[4-[methyl-(4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonyl)-amino]-cyclohexyloxy]-propionamide as white solid, mp 88°C, MS: 437 (MH⁺).

Example 51.4

[0416] Analogously to the example 50.4, from trans-N,N-Dimethyl-3-[4-[methyl-(4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonyl)-amino]-cyclohexyloxy]-propionamide and methylmagnesium bromide was prepared trans-N-[4-(3-Dimethylamino-3-methyl-butoxy)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide as colorless oil, MS: 451 (MH⁺).

Example 51.5

[0417] Analogously to the example 50.4, from trans-N,N-Dimethyl-3-[4-[methyl-(4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonyl)-amino]-cyclohexyloxy]-propionamide and ethylmagnesium bromide was prepared trans-N-[4-[2-(1-Dimethylamino-cyclopropyl)-ethoxy]-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide as light yellow oil, MS: 449 (MH⁺).

Example 52

Example 52.1

[0418] To 1.0 g (2.18 mmol) trans-N-[4-(3-Bromo-propoxy)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide in 10 ml acetonitrile was added 0.29 ml (3.1 mmol) acetocyanhydride in 5 ml acetonitrile and 0.37 ml (2.5 mmol) 1,8-Diazabicyclo-(5,4,0)-undec-7-ene in 5 ml acetonitrile. The solution was stirred at RT over night. An additional amount of acetocyanhydride and 1,8-Diazabicyclo-(5,4,0)-undec-7-ene were added and the solution stirred at 50°C for 6h. The mixture was concentrated and dissolved in water/ether. The organic phase was washed with brine, dried over Na₂SO₄ and was evaporated to give 366 mg (41%) trans-N-[4-(3-Cyano-propoxy)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide as light yellow oil, MS: 404 (M).

Example 52.2

[0419] 0.35 g (0.87 mmol) trans-N-[4-(3-Cyano-propoxy)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide in 6 ml ethanol were treated with HCl gas at low temperature for 20 min. The mixture was kept at -20°C for 48h, was concentrated under reduced pressure to yield 400 mg (quant.) trans-4-[4-[Methyl-(4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonyl)-amino]-cyclohexyloxy]-butyrimidic acid ethyl ester as light brown oil, MS: 451 (MH⁺).

Example 52.3

[0420] 400 mg (0.89 mmol) trans-4-[4-[Methyl-(4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonyl)-amino]-cyclohexyloxy]-butyrimidic acid ethyl ester were suspended in 10 ml water and heated to 100°C for 2.5h. EtOAc was added, and the inorganic phase was extracted with EtOAc. The combined organic phases were dried over Na₂SO₄ and evaporated to give 355 mg (89%) trans-4-[4-[Methyl-(4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonyl)-amino]-cyclohexyloxy]-butyric acid ethyl ester as yellow oil, MS: 452 (MH⁺).

Example 52.4

[0421] 350 mg (0.78 mmol) trans-4-[4-[Methyl-(4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonyl)-amino]-cyclohexyloxy]-butyric acid ethyl ester in 3.5 ml ethanol were treated with 3.5 ml 1M LiOH at 60°C for 2h. 2M HCl was added (pH 1-2), and the mixture was extracted with CH₂Cl₂, the combined organic phases were washed with brine and dried over Na₂SO₄ to yield after evaporation 250 mg (76%) trans-4-[4-[Methyl-(4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonyl)-amino]-cyclohexyloxy]-butyric acid as off-white solid, MS: 422 (M-H⁻).

Example 52.5

[0422] 250 mg (0.59 mmol) trans-4-[4-[Methyl-(4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonyl)-amino]-cyclohexyloxy]-butyric acid in 7 ml CH₂Cl₂ were treated with 0.33 ml (2.95 mmol) NMM, 18 mg (0.12 mmol, 0.2 eq) HOBt, 147 mg (0.77 mmol, 1.3 eq) EDCI-hydrochloride and 127 mg (1.3 mmol, 2.2 eq) N-Methoxymethylamine-hydrochloride. The mixture was stirred at RT for 3h, was acidified by adding 1M KHSO₄ and extracted with CH₂Cl₂. The combined organic phases were washed with brine, dried over Na₂SO₄ and evaporated to yield 260 mg (94%) trans-N-Methoxy-N-methyl-4-[4-

[methyl-(4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonyl)-amino]-cyclohexyloxy}-butyramide as light yellow oil, MS: 467 (MH⁺).

Example 52.6

[0423] To 260 mg (0.56 mmol) trans-N-Methoxy-N-methyl-4-[4-[methyl-(4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonyl)-amino]-cyclohexyloxy}-butyramide in 10 ml THF were added 0.56 ml 3M (1.67 mmol, 3 eq) methylmagnesiumbromide in THF at -78°C. The solution was slowly warmed to RT over night, a saturated aqueous solution of NH₄Cl was added and the mixture stirred for 30 min. The phases were separated and the inorganic phase was extracted with EtOAc. The combined organic ones were dried over Na₂SO₄ and evaporated. Column chromatography on silica gel with EtOAc/hexane 1:1 yielded 143 mg (61%) trans-N-Methyl-N-[4-(4-oxo-pentyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide as white solid, MS: 422 (MH⁺).

Example 52.7

[0424] 70 mg (0.17 mmol) trans-N-Methyl-N-[4-(4-oxo-pentyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide were treated with 31 μM (30% in ethanol, 0.17 mmol) dimethylamine and 61 μM (0.17 mmol) tetraisopropyl orthotitanate. The solution was stirred at RT for 18 h, additional 31 μM (30% in ethanol, 0.17 mmol) dimethylamine and 61 μM (0.17 mmol) tetraisopropyl orthotitanate were added and stirring was continued for 2h. The mixture was diluted with 1.7 ml ethanol and 7 mg (0.1 mmol) NaCNBH₃ were added, and stirring was continued over night. 0.35 ml water was added and the suspension filtered and evaporated. The residue was purified by column chromatography with CH₂Cl₂/MeOH 9:1 to give 13.2 mg (18%) trans-N-[4-(4-Dimethylamino-pentyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide as colorless oil, MS: 451 (MH⁺).

Example 52.8

[0425] Analogously to example 52.7, from trans-N-Methyl-N-[4-(4-oxo-pentyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide and pyrrolidine was prepared trans-

N-Methyl-N-[4-(4-piperidin-1-yl-pentyloxy)-cyclohexyl]-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide as colorless oil, MS: 491 (MH⁺).

Example A

[0426] Tablets containing the following ingredients can be manufactured in a conventional manner:

<u>Ingredients</u>	<u>Per tablet</u>
Compound of formula I	10.0 - 100.0 mg
Lactose	125.0 mg
Maize starch	75.0 mg
Talc	4.0 mg
Magnesium stearate	1.0 mg

Example B

[0427] Capsules containing the following ingredients can be manufactured in a conventional manner:

<u>Ingredients</u>	<u>Per capsule</u>
Compound of formula I	25.0 mg
Lactose	150.0 mg
Maize starch	20.0 mg
Talc	5.0 mg

Example C

[0428] Injection solutions can have the following composition:

Compound of formula I	3.0 mg
Gelatine	150.0 mg
Phenol	4.7 mg
Water for injection solutions	ad 1.0 ml